#### Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://www.peaceagreements.org/

**Country/entity** Colombia

**Region** Americas

**Agreement name** Acuerdo sobre el Reglamento de la Comisión Facilitadora Internacional, Comunicado No.

28, Mesa Nacional de Diálogos y Negociación

**Date** 5 Apr 2001

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

**Interim** Yes

arrangement

Agreement/conflict Intrastate/intrastate conflict

level

#### Colombian Conflict (1964 - )

The Colombian conflict is really a set of conflicts and the peace agreements reflect both different processes relating to different conflict groups and dyads, and processes taking place at different times in a complex peace process history. The Colombian civil war has its roots in the late 1940s and the violent infighting between liberal and the conservative factions. Emerging from the liberal tradition with a thorough grounding in nationalist communist ideology, the Revolutionary Armed Forces of Colombia—People's Army (FARC) began its armed insurrection against the Colombian government in 1964. Other left-wing guerrillas emerged as well, most notably the socialist/populist M-19, which would later be integrated into the formal political system in the peace process of 1990s; the National Liberation Army (ELN), which has strong roots in liberation theology, and the Maoist Ejército Popular de Liberación (EPL) (also part of the 1990 process, less successfully). Several stages of peace processes were undertaken by the various sides, which were further complicated by the emergence of right-wing paramilitary 'selfdefence' forces. The peace agreement between the Colombian government under President Uribe and the main alliance of the paramilitary groups, the United Self-Defence Forces of Colombia (AUC), concluded in 2005 and is still heavily disputed as several remnants are still active, but now subsumed under the heading 'Bacrim' (Bandas criminales). In addition, FARC and ELN maintain a military presence, but both demonstrate a strong interest in completing successful peace negotiations with the government, with the most recent agreements being between FARC and the Government.

Close

Colombian Conflict (1964 -

)

**Stage** Pre-negotiation/process

**Conflict nature** Government

Peace process Colombia III - Arango

**Parties** For the national government:

LUIS FERNANDO CRIALES JUAN GABRIEL URIBE JOSÉ GONZALO FORERO

MONSIGNOR ALBERTO GIRALDO

RAMÓN DE LA TORRE LUIS GUILLERMO GIRALDO

For FARC-EP: JOAQUÍN GÓMEZ SIMÓN TRINIDAD ANDRÉS PARÍS

CARLOS ANTONIO LOZADA

Third parties -

**Description** The agreement contains regulations for the operation of the international facilitation

commission.

Agreement document

CO\_010405\_ACUERDO SOBRE EL REGLAMENTO DE LA COMISI‡N FACILITADORA - tr.pdf

(opens in new tab) | Download PDF

Groups

**Children/youth** No specific mention.

**Disabled persons** No specific mention.

**Elderly/age** No specific mention.

**Migrant workers** No specific mention.

Racial/ethnic/ national group No specific mention.

**Religious groups** No specific mention.

**Indigenous people** No specific mention.

**Other groups** No specific mention.

**Refugees/displaced** No specific mention.

persons

**Social class** No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and

gender

No specific mention.

**Men and boys** No specific mention.

**LGBTI** No specific mention.

**Family** No specific mention.

**State definition** 

Nature of state

(general)

.

No specific mention.

**State configuration** No specific mention.

**Self determination** No specific mention.

**Referendum** No specific mention.

**State symbols** No specific mention.

Independence/

secession

No specific mention.

Accession/ unification No specific mention.

Border delimitation No specific mention.

Cross-border provision

No specific mention.

Governance

**Political** No specific mention.

institutions (new or

reformed)

**Elections** No specific mention.

Electoral

commission

No specific mention.

**Political parties** 

reform

No specific mention.

**Civil society** No specific mention.

Traditional/ religious leaders

No specific mention.

Public

No specific mention.

administration

**Constitution** No specific mention.

### **Power sharing**

**Political power** 

sharing

No specific mention.

**Territorial power** 

sharing

No specific mention.

**Economic power** 

sharing

No specific mention.

Military power

sharing

No specific mention.

## **Human rights and equality**

Human rights/RoL

Page 1,

general

The roundtable also presented a detailed report on the status of the process. The roundtable and the facilitation committee agreed to hold two events on international humanitarian law and the substitution of illegal crops with an international presence.

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

**Treaty** 

No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and political

No specific mention.

rights

**Socio-economic** 

rights

No specific mention.

### **Rights related issues**

**Citizenship** No specific mention.

**Democracy** No specific mention.

Detention procedures

No specific mention.

Media and

No specific mention.

communication

**Mobility/access** No specific mention.

**Protection** measures

No specific mention.

Other No specific mention.

**Rights institutions** 

No specific mention. **NHRI** 

**Regional or** international human rights

institutions

No specific mention.

**Justice sector reform** 

Criminal justice and No specific mention.

emergency law

**State of emergency** No specific mention.

provisions

**Judiciary and** 

No specific mention.

courts

**Prisons and** detention

No specific mention.

**Traditional Laws** 

No specific mention.

**Socio-economic reconstruction** 

**Development or** 

No specific mention.

socio-economic reconstruction

National economic No specific mention.

plan

Natural resources

No specific mention.

International funds No specific mention.

**Business** 

No specific mention.

**Taxation** No specific mention.

**Banks** No specific mention.

### Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/ nomadism rights No specific mention.

**Cultural heritage** No specific mention.

**Environment** No specific mention.

Water or riparian rights or access

No specific mention.

# **Security sector**

Security Guarantees No specific mention.

**Ceasefire** No specific mention.

**Police** No specific mention.

**Armed forces** No specific mention.

**DDR** No specific mention.

Intelligence services

No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces No specific mention.

Withdrawal of foreign forces

No specific mention.

**Corruption** No specific mention.

Crime/organised

crime

No specific mention.

**Drugs** 

Page 1,

The roundtable also presented a detailed report on the status of the process. The roundtable and the facilitation committee agreed to hold two events on international humanitarian law and the substitution of illegal crops with an international presence.

**Terrorism** 

No specific mention.

# **Transitional justice**

**Transitional justice** No specific mention.

general

Amnesty/pardon

No specific mention.

**Courts** 

No specific mention.

Mechanism

No specific mention.

**Prisoner release** 

No specific mention.

**Vetting** 

No specific mention.

**Victims** 

No specific mention.

**Missing persons** 

No specific mention.

Reparations

No specific mention.

Reconciliation

No specific mention.

### **Implementation**

**UN signatory** 

No specific mention.

Other international No specific mention.

signatory

**Referendum for** 

No specific mention.

agreement

International mission/force/

similar

No specific mention.

Enforcement mechanism

No specific mention.

**Related cases** 

No specific mention.

Source

Source: Diálogo, negociación y ruptura con las FARC-EP y con el ELN, Biblioteca de la Paz – 1998-2000, Fundación Cultura Democrática, Ed. Álvaro Villarraga Sarmiento, Bogotá

D.C., 2009 (book V) p. 239