Country/entity	Colombia
Region	Americas
Agreement name	Acta de Acuerdo: Reunión Preparatoria Para la Convención Nacional, Gobierno Nacional- ELN
Date	8 Oct 1998
Agreement status	Multiparty signed/agreed
Interim arrangement	Yes
•	Intrastate/intrastate conflict
level	Colombian Conflict (1964 -)

The Colombian conflict is really a set of conflicts and the peace agreements reflect both different processes relating to different conflict groups and dyads, and processes taking place at different times in a complex peace process history. The Colombian civil war has its roots in the late 1940s and the violent infighting between liberal and the conservative factions. Emerging from the liberal tradition with a thorough grounding in nationalist communist ideology, the Revolutionary Armed Forces of Colombia—People's Army (FARC) began its armed insurrection against the Colombian government in 1964. Other left-wing guerrillas emerged as well, most notably the socialist/populist M-19, which would later be integrated into the formal political system in the peace process of 1990s; the National Liberation Army (ELN), which has strong roots in liberation theology, and the Maoist Ejército Popular de Liberación (EPL) (also part of the 1990 process, less successfully). Several stages of peace processes were undertaken by the various sides, which were further complicated by the emergence of right-wing paramilitary 'selfdefence' forces. The peace agreement between the Colombian government under President Uribe and the main alliance of the paramilitary groups, the United Self-Defence Forces of Colombia (AUC), concluded in 2005 and is still heavily disputed as several remnants are still active, but now subsumed under the heading 'Bacrim' (Bandas criminales). In addition, FARC and ELN maintain a military presence, but both demonstrate a strong interest in completing successful peace negotiations with the government, with the most recent agreements being between FARC and the Government. Close Colombian Conflict (1964 -)

Stage	Pre-negotiation/process
Stage	Pre-negotiation/process

- Conflict nature Government
- Peace process Colombia III Arango

Parties	For the national government: • GONZALO DE FRANCISCO	
	For ELN: • FRANCISCO GALÁN • FELIPE TORRES	
Third parties	Witnesses: • FATHER JORGE MARTÍNEZ • ANTONIO PICÓN • MARIO GÓMEZ J. • JUAN DIEGO GRANADOS S. • PIERRE GASSMANN • JAIME JARAMILLO PANESSO • JORGE IGNACIO CASTAÑO	
Description	The document deals with the steering/control of the process; the security of the process (e.g. delimitation of geogr zone for prep meeting, access routes etc.); the actual delimitation of the zone incl. a ceasefire with days and exact times; the details of transport and its different forms; security norms and behaviour of public and ELN forces during the meeting; observing/observer mechanisms; logistics /provided by the CIRC; communication channels; permits for two spokesmen of the ELN and conditions of their movement to the meeting and guarantees for their return.	
Agreement document	CO_981008_ACTA DE ACUERDO REUNI‡N PREPARATORIA PARA LA CONVENCION NACIONAL GOB ELN - tr .pdf (opens in new tab) Download PDF	
Agreement document (original language)	CO_981008_ACTA DE ACUERDO REUNIÓN PREPARATORIA PARA LA CONVENCION I NACIONAL GOB ELN.pdf (opens in new tab)	
Groups		
Children/youth	No specific mention.	
Disabled persons	No specific mention.	
Elderly/age	No specific mention.	
Migrant workers	No specific mention.	
Racial/ethnic/ national group	No specific mention.	
Religious groups	No specific mention.	

Indigenous people	No specific mention.
Other groups	No specific mention.
Refugees/displaced persons	No specific mention.
Social class	No specific mention.
Gender	
Women, girls and gender	No specific mention.
Men and boys	No specific mention.
LGBTI	No specific mention.
Family	No specific mention.
State definition	
Nature of state (general)	No specific mention.
State configuration	
	No specific mention.
Self determination	No specific mention. No specific mention.
Self determination Referendum	
	No specific mention.
Referendum	No specific mention. No specific mention.
Referendum State symbols Independence/	No specific mention. No specific mention. No specific mention.
Referendum State symbols Independence/ secession Accession/ unification	No specific mention. No specific mention. No specific mention. No specific mention.

provision

Governance

Political institutions (new or reformed)	No specific mention.
Elections	No specific mention.
Electoral commission	No specific mention.
Political parties reform	No specific mention.

Civil society

Pages 2-3, Transport,

The parties shall agree the details of transport from the sites of origin to the agreed area and then the subsequent return. It is necessary to distinguish between the following types of transport, since each may require a different strategy:

• transport of the ELN spokespeople and their entourage (national and international)

 $\ensuremath{\cdot}$ transport of other members of the operating committee for the national convention

• transport of the media.

In all cases, it will be necessary to define the mode of transport to be used, the routes to be followed and the security measures to be put in place.

Air transport:

• Flight 1: Saturday 10 October, a logistic flight to transport the supplies required for the meeting.

• Flight 2: Saturday 10 October, to transport Felipe Torres and Francisco Galán, accompanied by two representatives of the International Red Cross Committee (Comité Internacional de la Cruz Roja, CICR), two representatives from the Spanish embassy, two representatives of the national government and a television camera technician that does not belong to any media organisation.

• Flight 3: Sunday 11 October, leaving from Olaya Herrera airport at 0700 with a group comprising members of the operating committee for the national convention and the supporting secretariat, totalling 19 people, accompanied by a representative of CICR. A representative of the national government will be on-board the flight.

• Flight 4 (double): Tuesday 13 October, 0800 from Rionegro airport, carrying 40 members of the media (20 per flight) that have previously been registered. These journalists will be accompanied by CICR, the Peace Facilitation Commission for Antioquia and a representative of the national government. Media will only have access to the established media area and will under no circumstances be allowed to travel via another mode of transport.

• Flight 5: Return trip for flight 2, Tuesday, 13 October 1998.

- Flight 6: Return trip for flight 3, Tuesday, 13 October 1998.
- Flight 7 (double): Return trip for flight 4, Tuesday, 13 October 1998.

Pages 3-4, Verification Mechanisms,

The Colombian Episcopal Conference will be in charge of the verification commission, with the support and facilitation of CICR and the ombudsperson. The aforementioned institutions will appoint figures for duties in line with their functions and the methodological guidelines explained below. The coordination centre for the commission will be located in the municipality of El Santuario, Antioquia, with the following critical control points: Monteloro, Calderas, La Granja, El Borojó, Pavas, Altavista, Naranjales, Aragonés, La Tebaida and El Silencio.

The verification commission will have the following functions:

• verifying compliance with the application of the security regulations in the delimited area;

• informing the sole authorities of any development they deem worthy of reporting;

• present reports of the situation to the sole authorities in line with the agreed frequency. To ensure compliance with its functions, the verification commission will be entitled to autonomy over its operational organisation, in line with the area to be verified and the access routes. It will appoint coordinators who will be in permanent contact with the working teams to ensure full compliance with their functions. Under all circumstances, the verification commission will consider the following minimum methodological guidelines:

• it will establish the working groups and appoint the coordinators required for the delimited area and access routes;

each group will be assigned ages to verify and one or more routes to follow;
each group will submit a periodic report of the situation to its appointed coordinator in line with the schedule that is defined;

Traditional/ religious leaders	Pages 3-4, Verification Mechanisms, The Colombian Episcopal Conference will be in charge of the verification commission, with the support and facilitation of CICR and the ombudsperson. The aforementioned institutions will appoint figures for duties in line with their functions and the methodological guidelines explained below. The coordination centre for the commission will be located in the municipality of El Santuario, Antioquia, with the following critical control points: Monteloro, Calderas, La Granja, El Borojó, Pavas, Altavista, Naranjales, Aragonés, La Tebaida and El Silencio
Public administration	No specific mention.
Constitution	No specific mention.
Power sharing	
Political power sharing	No specific mention.
Territorial power sharing	No specific mention.
Economic power sharing	No specific mention.
Military power sharing	No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL No specific mention. general

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty
incorporationNo specific mention.Civil and political
rightsNo specific mention.Socio-economic
rightsNo specific mention.

Rights related issues

Citizenship	No specific mention.
Democracy	No specific mention.
Detention procedures	No specific mention.
Media and communication	 Rights related issues-Media and communication-Media logistics Pages 2-3, Transport, The parties shall agree the details of transport from the sites of origin to the agreed area and then the subsequent return. It is necessary to distinguish between the following types of transport, since each may require a different strategy: transport of the ELN spokespeople and their entourage (national and international) transport of the tell spokespeople and their entourage (national and international) transport of the media. In all cases, it will be necessary to define the mode of transport to be used, the routes to be followed and the security measures to be put in place. Air transport: Flight 1: Saturday 10 October, a logistic flight to transport the supplies required for the meeting. Flight 2: Saturday 10 October, to transport Felipe Torres and Francisco Galán, accompanied by two representatives of the International Red Cross Committee (Comité Internacional de la Cruz Roja, CICR), two representatives from the Spanish embassy, two representatives of the national government and a television camera technician that does not belong to any media organisation. Flight 3: Sunday 11 October, leaving from Olaya Herrera airport at 0700 with a group comprising members of the operating committee for the national convention and the supporting secretariat, totalling 19 people, accompanied by a representative of CICR. A representative of the national government will be on-board the flight. Flight 4 (double): Tuesday 13 October, 0800 from Rionegro airport, carrying 40 members of the media area and will under no circumstances be allowed to travel via another mode of transport. Flight 5: Return trip for flight 2, Tuesday, 13 October 1998. Flight 7 (double): Return trip of flight 4, Tuesday, 13 October 1998. Flight 7 (double): Return trip of flight 4, Tuesday, 13 October 1998. <li< th=""></li<>

accrediting and handling the process for the transport of media.

Mobility/access	 Pages 2-3, Transport, The parties shall agree the details of transport from the sites of origin to the agreed area and then the subsequent return. It is necessary to distinguish between the following types of transport, since each may require a different strategy: transport of the ELN spokespeople and their entourage (national and international) transport of the members of the operating committee for the national convention transport of the media. In all cases, it will be necessary to define the mode of transport to be used, the routes to be followed and the security measures to be put in place. Air transport: Flight 1: Saturday 10 October, a logistic flight to transport the supplies required for the meeting. Flight 2: Saturday 10 October, to transport Felipe Torres and Francisco Galán, accompanied by two representatives of the International Red Cross Committee (Comité Internacional de la Cruz Roja, CICR), two representatives from the Spanish embassy, two representatives of the national government and a television camera technician that does not belong to any media organisation. Flight 3: Sunday 11 October, leaving from Olaya Herrera airport at 0700 with a group comprising members of the operating committee for the national convention and the supporting secretariat, totalling 19 people, accompanied by a representative of CICR. A representative of the national government will be on-board the flight. Flight 4 (double): Tuesday 13 October, 0800 from Rionegro airport, carrying 40 members of the enational government. Media will only have access to the established media area and will under no circumstances be allowed to travel via another mode of transport. Flight 5: Return trip for flight 2, Tuesday, 13 October 1998. Flight 6: Return trip for flight 4, Tuesday, 13 October 1998.
Protection measures	No specific mention.
Other	No specific mention.
Rights institutions	
NHRI	No specific mention.
Regional or international human rights institutions	No specific mention.

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention. emergency law

State of emergency No specific mention. **provisions**

Judiciary and No specific mention. courts

Prisons andNo specific mention.detention

Traditional Laws No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or socio-economic reconstruction	No specific mention.
National economic plan	No specific mention.
Natural resources	No specific mention.
International funds	No specific mention.
Business	No specific mention.
Taxation	No specific mention.
Banks	No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/No specific mention.nomadism rights

Cultural heritage No specific mention.

Environment No specific mention.

Water or riparian	No specific mention.
rights or access	

Security sector	
Security Guarantees	 Page 1, Security, The national government will be responsible for security before, during and after the preparatory meeting for the agreed period of time. Security is based on four aspects: determining a geographic area and routes for access transport security regulations verification mechanisms.
Ceasefire	 Security sector→Ceasefire→Ceasefire provision Pages 1-2, Determining a geographic area, The geographic area coinciding with the boundaries of the municipalities of San Luis, San Francisco and Cocorná in the department of Antioquia is agreed in line with the attached map. This geographic area, in line with legal regulations, will be understood as a demilitarised zone with the cessation of offensive operations from 0000 on Saturday, 10 October 1998 until 2400 on 14 October 1998. Page 3, Security Regulations, To guarantee the success of the meeting, the following minimum standards of behaviour for the defined period of time must be agreed: public forces will be stationed at their bases and/or the agreed sites and will cease all offensive operations from and until the dates and times that are agreed;
	 ELN forces present in the area will cease all types of offensive operations, also from and until the dates and times that are agreed; the national government and ELN forces present in the area will put in place all the security procedures to allow the transport of participants to the site of the meeting and their return to their place of origin. [Summary: Temporary ceasefire, beginning on 0000 on Saturday, 10 October 1998.]
Police	No specific mention.
Armed forces	No specific mention.
DDR	Security sector→DDR→Demilitarisation provisions Pages 1-2, Determining a geographic area, The geographic area coinciding with the boundaries of the municipalities of San Luis, San Francisco and Cocorná in the department of Antioquia is agreed in line with the attached map. This geographic area, in line with legal regulations, will be understood as a demilitarised zone with the cessation of offensive operations from 0000 on Saturday, 10 October 1998 until 2400 on 14 October 1998.

Intelligence No specific mention. services

Page 1, Procedural,

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces

The parties (the national government and the National Liberation Army [Ejército de Liberación Nacional, ELN]), appoint Gonzalo de Francisco and Francisco Galán as the sole decision-making authorities for the process. These authorities will be responsible to the country for the smooth running of the process and all participants and other people involved in the event will be under the authorities' command and leadership in line with their specific responsibilities. The parties will maintain appropriate contact with the verification institutions and other parties involved in the implementation of the agreement so as to respond to any specific requirements with due speed and accuracy.

Pages 2-3, Transport,

The parties shall agree the details of transport from the sites of origin to the agreed area and then the subsequent return. It is necessary to distinguish between the following types of transport, since each may require a different strategy:

• transport of the ELN spokespeople and their entourage (national and international)

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Page 3, Security Regulations,

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• public forces will be stationed at their bases and/or the agreed sites and will cease all offensive operations from and until the dates and times that are agreed;

• ELN forces present in the area will cease all types of offensive operations, also from and until the dates and times that are agreed;

• the national government and ELN forces present in the area will put in place all the security procedures to allow the transport of participants to the site of the meeting and their return to their place of origin.

Page 5, ELN Spokespeople, Page 12 of 14

The national government will authorise the provision of safe-conducts to the ELN spekespeeple Francisco Calán and Folipe Terros, together with the conditions for their

Withdrawal of foreign forces	No specific mention.
Corruption	No specific mention.
Crime/organised crime	No specific mention.
Drugs	No specific mention.
Terrorism	No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional justice general	No specific mention.
Amnesty/pardon	No specific mention.
Courts	No specific mention.
Mechanism	No specific mention.
Prisoner release	No specific mention.
Vetting Victims	No specific mention. No specific mention.
Missing persons	No specific mention.
Reparations	No specific mention.
Reconciliation	No specific mention.

Implementation

UN signatory No specific mention.

Other international No specific mention. signatory

Referendum for agreement	No specific mention.
International mission/force/ similar	No specific mention.
Enforcement mechanism	 Pages 3-4, Verification Mechanisms, The Colombian Episcopal Conference will be in charge of the verification commission, with the support and facilitation of CICR and the ombudsperson. The aforementioned institutions will appoint figures for duties in line with their functions and the methodological guidelines explained below. The coordination centre for the commission will be located in the municipality of El Santuario, Antioquia, with the following critical control points: Monteloro, Calderas, La Granja, El Borojó, Pavas, Altavista, Naranjales, Aragonés, La Tebaida and El Silencio. The verification commission will have the following functions: verifying compliance with the application of the security regulations in the delimited area; informing the sole authorities of any development they deem worthy of reporting; present reports of the situation to the sole authorities in line with the agreed frequency. To ensure compliance with its functions, the verification commission will be entitled to autonomy over its operational organisation, in line with the area to be verified and the access routes. It will appoint coordinators who will be in permanent contact with the working teams to ensure full compliance with their functions. Under all circumstances, the verification commission will consider the following minimum methodological guidelines: it will establish the working groups and appoint the coordinators required for the delimited area and access routes; each group will be assigned an area to verify and one or more routes to follow; each group will submit a periodic report of the situation to its appointed coordinator in line with the schedule that is defined; each coordinator will inform the head of the verification commission of relevant information, who will inform the sole authorities; for the final reports, the sole authorities will take the necessary measures to guarantee full compliance with the agreed secu
Related cases	No specific mention.
Source	Diálogo, negociación y ruptura con las FARC-EP y con el ELN, Biblioteca de la Paz – 1998-2000, Fundación Cultura Democrática, Ed. Álvaro Villarraga Sarmiento, Bogotá D.C., 2009 (book V) p. 286