Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://www.peaceagreements.org/

Country/entity North Korea

South Korea

Region Asia and Pacific

Agreement name Agreement on Reconciliation, Non-Aggression, and Exchanges and Cooperation between

South and North Korea

Date 13 Dec 1991

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

Interim Yes

arrangement

Agreement/conflict Interstate/interstate conflict

level

Korean Conflict (1950 -)

Before WWII, the Korean peninsula was part of the Japanese empire. It was when the USSR declared war on Japan in August 1945, following an agreement between Stalin and Churchill at the Tehran Conference in 1943, that the Korean peninsula was liberated down to the 38th parallel as per the agreement. However, following the post-WWII breakdown in the Allied relations and the start of the Cold War, the peninsula was not unified as agreed. Instead rival regimes were set up by the USSR and the Americans, both of which claimed power over all of the peninsula. North Korea invaded the South with the backing of China and the USSR, causing the United Nations - spearheaded by the Americans - to come to the aid of the South. Eventually, Northern troops were pushed back to the 38th parallel and in July 1953 an armistice was signed creating a demilitarised zone between the North and South. In lieu of a peace treaty, the two countries are still technically at war. In 2013 the North Korean regime stated that the 1953 armistice was no longer in effect. After serious stand-offs due due to the unwillingness of the North to undergo nuclear disarmament the first inter-Korean summit took place in April 2018 and a joint Declaration for Peace regarding cooperation and peace was issued. This was then followed by the 2018 Summit between the US-North Korea where they committed to work for complete nuclear disarmament of the Korean Peninsula. The second summit ended without a deal in early January 2019. Close

Korean Conflict (1950 -

)

Stage Pre-negotiation/process

Conflict nature Territory

Peace process North Korea - South Korea interstate process

Parties Chung Won-shik, Prime Minister, Republic of Korea, Chief delegate of the South

delegation to the South-North High-Level Talks;

Yon Hyong-muk, Premier, Administration Council, Democratic People's Republic of

Korea, Head of the North delegation to the South-North High-Level Talks;

Third parties -

Description A short agreement focusing on several issues, most prominently economic and security

co-operation. Agreement establishes several committee's for overseeing future co-

operation

Agreement document

KR KP_911213_Agreement on reconciliation non aggression and exchanges.pdf (opens in

new tab) | Download PDF

Groups

Children/youth No specific mention.

Disabled persons No specific mention.

Elderly/age No specific mention.

Migrant workers No specific mention.

Racial/ethnic/ national group No specific mention.

Religious groups No specific mention.

Indigenous people No specific mention.

Other groups No specific mention.

Refugees/displaced No specific mention.

persons

Social class No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and

gender

No specific mention.

Men and boys No

No specific mention.

LGBTI

No specific mention.

Family

Page 2, CHAPTER III: SOUTH-NORTH EXCHANGES AND COOPERATION

Article 18: The two sides shall permit free correspondence, reunions and visits between dispersed family members and other relatives and shall promote the voluntary reunion of divided families and shall take measures to resolve other humanitarian issues.

State definition

Nature of state

Page 1, Untitled Preamble

(general)

In keeping with the yearning of the entire Korean people for the peaceful unification of

the divided land;

Reaffirming the three principles of unification set forth in the July 4 (1972) South-North

Joint Communique;

... Recognizing that their relations, not being a relationship between states, constitute a

special interim relationship stemming from the process towards reunification;

... Pledging to exert joint efforts to achieve peaceful unification;

State configuration No specific mention.

Self determination No specific mention.

Referendum No specific mention.

State symbols No specific mention.

Independence/

secession

No specific mention.

Accession/

No specific mention.

unification

Border delimitation No specific mention.

Cross-border provision

Page 1, CHAPTER I: SOUTH-NORTH RECONCILIATION

Article 7: To ensure close consultations and liaison between the two sides, South-North Liaison Offices shall be established at Panmunjon within three (3) months after the

coming into force of this Agreement.

Page 1, CHAPTER I: SOUTH-NORTH RECONCILIATION

Article 8: A South-North Political Committee shall be established within the framework of the South-North High-Level Talks within one (1) month of the coming into force of this Agreement with a view to discussing concrete measures to ensure the implementation

and observance of the accords on South-North reconciliation.

Governance

Political No specific mention.

institutions (new or

reformed)

Elections No specific mention. **Electoral**

No specific mention.

commission

Political parties

reform

No specific mention.

Civil society

No specific mention.

Traditional/

religious leaders

No specific mention.

Public

administration

No specific mention.

Constitution

No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political power

sharing

No specific mention.

Territorial power

sharing

No specific mention.

Economic power

sharing

No specific mention.

Military power

sharing

No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL No specific mention.

general

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty

No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and political

No specific mention.

rights

Socio-economic

No specific mention.

rights

Rights related issues

Citizenship No specific mention.

Democracy No specific mention.

Detention procedures

No specific mention.

Media and communication

Rights related issues→Media and communication→Media roles

Page 1, CHAPTER I: SOUTH-NORTH RECONCILIATION

Article 3: The two sides shall not slander or vilify each other.

Page 2, CHAPTER III: SOUTH-NORTH EXCHANGES AND COOPERATION

Article 16: The two sides shall carry out exchanges and cooperation in various fields such

as science and technology, education, literature and the arts, health, sports,

environment, and publishing and journalism including newspapers, radio and television

broadcasts and publications.

Rights related issues→Media and communication→Media logistics

Page 2, CHAPTER III: SOUTH-NORTH EXCHANGES AND COOPERATION

Article 18: The two sides shall permit free correspondence, reunions and visits between dispersed family members and other relatives and shall promote the voluntary reunion of divided families and shall take measures to resolve other humanitarian issues.

Page 3, CHAPTER III: SOUTH-NORTH EXCHANGES AND COOPERATION

Article 20: The two sides shall establish and link facilities needed for South-North postal and telecommunications services and shall guarantee the confidentiality of intra-Korean

mail and telecommunications.

Mobility/access No specific mention.

Protection measures

No specific mention.

Other No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or international human rights institutions

No specific mention.

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention. **emergency law**

State of emergency No specific mention. **provisions**

Judiciary and

No specific mention.

courts

Prisons and

No specific mention.

detention

Traditional Laws No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or socio-economic reconstruction

Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Socioeconomic development

Page 2, CHAPTER III: SOUTH-NORTH EXCHANGES AND COOPERATION

Article 15: To promote an integrated and balanced development of the national economy and the welfare of the entire people, the two sides shall engage in economic exchanges and cooperation, including the joint development of resources, the trade of goods as domestic commerce and joint ventures.

Page 2, CHAPTER III: SOUTH-NORTH EXCHANGES AND COOPERATION Article 16: The two sides shall carry out exchanges and cooperation in various fields such as science and technology, education, literature and the arts, health, sports, environment, and publishing and journalism including newspapers, radio and television broadcasts and publications.

Page 2, CHAPTER III: SOUTH-NORTH EXCHANGES AND COOPERATION Article 17: The two sides shall promote free intra-Korean travel and contacts for the residents of their respective areas.

Page 2, CHAPTER III: SOUTH-NORTH EXCHANGES AND COOPERATION Article 19: The two sides shall reconnect railroads and roads that have been cut off and shall open South-North sea and air transport routes.

Page 3, CHAPTER III: SOUTH-NORTH EXCHANGES AND COOPERATION Article 21: The two sides shall cooperate in the international arena in the economic, cultural and various other fields and carry out joint undertakings abroad.

Page 3, CHAPTER III: SOUTH-NORTH EXCHANGES AND COOPERATION Article 22: To implement accords on exchanges and cooperation in the economic, cultural and various other fields, the two sides shall establish joint commissions for specific sectors, including a Joint South-North Economic Exchanges and Cooperation Commission, within three (3) months of the coming into force of this Agreement.

Page 3, CHAPTER III: SOUTH-NORTH EXCHANGES AND COOPERATION Article 23: A South-North Exchanges and Cooperation Commission shall be established within the framework of the South-North High-Level Talks within one (1) month of the coming into force of this Agreement with a view to discussing concrete measures to ensure the implementation and observance of the accords on South-North exchanges and cooperation.

National economic No specific mention. plan

Natural resources

Page 2, CHAPTER III: SOUTH-NORTH EXCHANGES AND COOPERATION Article 15: To promote an integrated and balanced development of the national economy and the welfare of the entire people, the two sides shall engage in economic exchanges and cooperation, including the joint development of resources, the trade of goods as domestic commerce and joint ventures.

International funds No specific mention.

Business Page 2, CHAPTER III: SOUTH-NORTH EXCHANGES AND COOPERATION

Article 15: To promote an integrated and balanced development of the national economy and the welfare of the entire people, the two sides shall engage in economic exchanges and cooperation, including the joint development of resources, the trade of goods as

domestic commerce and joint ventures.

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/

No specific mention.

 $nomadism\ rights$

Cultural heritage

No specific mention.

Environment Page 2, CHAPTER III: SOUTH-NORTH EXCHANGES AND COOPERATION

Article 16: The two sides shall carry out exchanges and cooperation in various fields such

as science and technology, education, literature and the arts, health, sports,

environment, and publishing and journalism including newspapers, radio and television

broadcasts and publications.

Water or riparian

Page 2, CHAPTER III: SOUTH-NORTH EXCHANGES AND COOPERATION

rights or access Article 19: The two sides shall reconnect railroads and roads that have been cut off and

shall open South-North sea and air transport routes.

Security sector

Security Guarantees

Page 1, Untitled Preamble

... Determined to remove the state of political and military confrontation and achieve national reconciliation;

Also determined to avoid armed aggression and hostilities, reduce tension and ensure peace;

Page 1, CHAPTER I: SOUTH-NORTH RECONCILIATION

Article 4: The two sides shall not attempt any actions of sabotage or subversion against each other.

Page 2, CHAPTER I: SOUTH-NORTH RECONCILIATION

Article 9: The two sides shall not use force against, each other and shall not undertake armed aggression against each other.

Page 2, CHAPTER I: SOUTH-NORTH RECONCILIATION

Article 10: Differences of views and disputes arising between the two sides shall be resolved peacefully through dialogue and negotiation.

Page 2, CHAPTER I: SOUTH-NORTH RECONCILIATION

Article 11: The South-North demarcation line and areas for non-aggression shall be identical with the Military Demarcation Line specified in the Military Armistice Agreement of July 27 1953 and the areas that have been under the jurisdiction of each side until the present time.

Page 2, CHAPTER I: SOUTH-NORTH RECONCILIATION

Article 12: To implement and guarantee non-aggression, the two sides shall set up a South-North Joint Military Commission within three (3) months of the coming into force of this Agreement. In the said Commission, the two sides shall discuss and carry out steps to build military confidence and realize arms reduction, including the mutual notification and control of major movements of military units and major military exercises, the peaceful utilization of the Demilitarized Zone, exchanges of military personnel and information, phased reductions in armaments including the elimination of weapons of mass destruction and attack capabilities, and verifications thereof.

Page 2, CHAPTER I: SOUTH-NORTH RECONCILIATION

Article 13: A telephone hotline shall be installed between the military authorities of the two sides to prevent accidental armed clashes and their escalation.

Page 2, CHAPTER I: SOUTH-NORTH RECONCILIATION

Article 14: A South-North Military committee shall be established within the framework of 'the South-North High-Level Talks within one (1) month of the coming into force of this Agreement in order to discuss concrete measures to ensure the implementation and observance of the accords on non-aggression and to remove military confrontation.

Ceasefire

Security sector→Ceasefire→General commitments

Page 1, CHAPTER I: SOUTH-NORTH RECONCILIATION

Article 5: The two sides shall endeavor together to transform the present state of armistice into a solid state of peace between the South and the North and shall abide by the present Military Armistice Agreement (of July 27, 1953) until such a state of peace has been realized.

Police No specific mention.

Armed forces No specific mention.

DDR Security sector→DDR→Demilitarisation provisions

Page 2, CHAPTER I: SOUTH-NORTH RECONCILIATION

Article 12: To implement and guarantee non-aggression, the two sides shall set up a South-North Joint Military Commission within three (3) months of the coming into force of this Agreement. In the said Commission, the two sides shall discuss and carry out steps to build military confidence and realize arms reduction, including the mutual notification and control of major movements of military units and major military exercises, the peaceful utilization of the Demilitarized Zone, exchanges of military personnel and information, phased reductions in armaments including the elimination of weapons of mass destruction and attack capabilities, and verifications thereof.

Intelligence services

No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces

No specific mention.

Withdrawal of foreign forces

No specific mention.

Corruption No specific mention.

Crime/organised

crime

No specific mention.

Drugs No specific mention.

Terrorism No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional justice No specific mention.

general

Amnesty/pardon No specific mention.

Courts No specific mention.

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner release No specific mention.

Vetting No specific mention.

Victims No specific mention.

Missing persons No specific mention.

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation Page 1, Untitled Preamble

... Determined to remove the state of political and military confrontation and achieve

national reconciliation;

Page 1, CHAPTER I: SOUTH-NORTH RECONCILIATION

Article 8: A South-North Political Committee shall be established within the framework of the South-North High-Level Talks within one (1) month of the coming into force of this Agreement with a view to discussing concrete measures to ensure the implementation

and observance of the accords on South-North reconciliation.

Implementation

UN signatory No specific mention.

Other international No specific mention.

signatory

Referendum for agreement

No specific mention.

International

mission/force/

similar

No specific mention.

Enforcement

Page 1, CHAPTER I: SOUTH-NORTH RECONCILIATION

mechanism Article 8: A South-North Political Committee shall be established within the framework of

the South-North High-Level Talks within one (1) month of the coming into force of this Agreement with a view to discussing concrete measures to ensure the implementation

and observance of the accords on South-North reconciliation.

Related cases No specific mention.

Source Colombia Law School, North Korea course materials.

http://www2.law.columbia.edu/course_00S_L9436_001/North%20Korea%20materials/

coree91.html