

Country/entity	Nepal
Region	Asia and Pacific
Agreement name	Dissolution of NMCC
Date	30 Nov 2006
Agreement status	Multiparty signed/agreed
Interim arrangement	Yes
Agreement/conflict level	Intrastate/intrastate conflict

Nepalese Insurgency (1996 - 2006)

Inspired by the Maoist insurgency in Peru in the early 1990s, the Communist Party of Nepal (Maoist) – CPN(M) – declared war on the Nepalese government in February 1996. A key demand was the transformation of Nepal from a monarchy into a ‘People’s Republic’. Following a pronounced Maoist military strategy, the CPN(M) focused their insurgency on the rural areas. They gained significantly in strength and it took heavy international military support to stabilize the Nepalese government in 2002. After public protests escalated in Kathmandu in 2004, the Nepalese King Gyanendra took authoritarian control over the government. In the cities, a strong popular movement for democracy emerged, forcing the government into fast progressing peace negotiations in 2006 that concluded with the signing of a Comprehensive Peace Accord on 21 November 2006.

Close
Nepalese Insurgency (1996 - 2006)

Stage	Ceasefire/related
Conflict nature	Government
Peace process	Nepal peace process
Parties	<p>Nepal Communist Party Maoist Negotiating Team: Sd 1. Mr. Krishna Bahadur Mahara, Coordinator Sd. 2. Mr. Dinanath Sharma, Member Sd. 3. Mr. Dev Gurung, Member</p> <p>Government of Nepal Negotiating Team: Sd. 1. Mr. Krishna Prasad Sitaula, Coordinator Sd. 2. Mr. Pradip Gyawali, Member Sd. 3. Mr. Ramesh Lekhak, Member</p>

Third parties -

Description A short agreement dissolving the National Monitoring Committee on Code of Conduct for Ceasefire.

Agreement document

[NP_061130_Dissolution of NMCC.pdf \(opens in new tab\)](#) | [Download PDF](#)

Groups

Children/youth No specific mention.

Disabled persons No specific mention.

Elderly/age No specific mention.

Migrant workers No specific mention.

**Racial/ethnic/
national group** No specific mention.

Religious groups No specific mention.

Indigenous people No specific mention.

Other groups No specific mention.

Refugees/displaced persons No specific mention.

Social class No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and gender No specific mention.

Men and boys No specific mention.

LGBTI No specific mention.

Family No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state (general) No specific mention.

State configuration No specific mention.

Self determination No specific mention.

Referendum No specific mention.

State symbols No specific mention.

Independence/ secession No specific mention.

Accession/ unification No specific mention.

Border delimitation No specific mention.

Cross-border provision No specific mention.



Governance

Political institutions (new or reformed) No specific mention.

Elections No specific mention.

Electoral commission No specific mention.

Political parties reform No specific mention.

Civil society No specific mention.

Traditional/religious leaders No specific mention.

Public administration No specific mention.

Constitution No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political power sharing No specific mention.

Territorial power sharing No specific mention.

Economic power sharing No specific mention.

Military power sharing No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL general No specific mention.

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty incorporation No specific mention.

Civil and political rights No specific mention.

Socio-economic rights No specific mention.

Rights related issues

Citizenship No specific mention.

Democracy Page 1, decision:...With a joint effort of all, the country has now entered into a new phase of peaceful democratic collaboration and the end of armed conflict...

Detention procedures No specific mention.

Media and communication No specific mention.

Mobility/access No specific mention.

Protection measures No specific mention.

Other No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or international human rights institutions No specific mention.

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and emergency law No specific mention.

State of emergency provisions No specific mention.

Judiciary and courts No specific mention.

Prisons and detention No specific mention.

Traditional Laws No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or socio-economic reconstruction No specific mention.

National economic plan No specific mention.

Natural resources No specific mention.

International funds No specific mention.

Business No specific mention.

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/nomadism rights No specific mention.

Cultural heritage No specific mention.

Environment No specific mention.

Water or riparian rights or access No specific mention.

Security sector

Security Guarantees	No specific mention.
Ceasefire	<p>Security sector→Ceasefire→Ceasefire provision</p> <p>Page 1, Decision: We highly appreciate the key role played by the 'National Monitoring Committee on Code of Conduct for Ceasefire' constituted to monitor the ceasefire code of conduct signed between the Government of Nepal and the Nepal Communist Party (Maoist) on 2063/02/12 [May 26, 2006] through its tasks in course of managing conflict and establishing sustainable peace in the country. With a joint effort of all, the country has now entered into a new phase of peaceful democratic collaboration and the end of armed conflict. In order to ensure, in a changed context, a full compliance of consensus relating to peace agreement and management of arms and armies, it is necessary to expedite the monitoring activities with novel process and height. Thanking all the officials and members of the Committee with a belief that a continuous support, both in institutional and personal capacities, will be achieved in future from all the honourable persons involved in such a campaign of monitoring and establishing sustainable peace in the country through the ceasefire code of conduct monitoring process, the decision of dissolving the 'National Monitoring Committee on Code of Conduct for Ceasefire' with effect from this day is hereby made.</p>
Police	No specific mention.
Armed forces	Page 1, Decision:...With a joint effort of all, the country has now entered into a new phase of peaceful democratic collaboration and the end of armed conflict. In order to ensure, in a changed context, a full compliance of consensus relating to peace agreement and management of arms and armies, it is necessary to expedite the monitoring activities with novel process and height...
DDR	No specific mention.
Intelligence services	No specific mention.
Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces	No specific mention.
Withdrawal of foreign forces	No specific mention.
Corruption	No specific mention.
Crime/organised crime	No specific mention.
Drugs	No specific mention.
Terrorism	No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional justice general No specific mention.

Amnesty/pardon No specific mention.

Courts No specific mention.

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner release No specific mention.

Vetting No specific mention.

Victims No specific mention.

Missing persons No specific mention.

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation No specific mention.

Implementation

UN signatory No specific mention.

Other international signatory No specific mention.

Referendum for agreement No specific mention.

International mission/force/similar No specific mention.

Enforcement mechanism No specific mention.

Related cases No specific mention.

Source Government of Nepal Peace Secretariat: http://www.ncf.org.np/upload/files/775_en_cover%20and%20con.pdf
