Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://www.peaceagreements.org/

Country/entity	Myanmar
Region	Asia and Pacific
Agreement name	New Mon State Party (NMSP), Government 4-Point Union-Level Peace Agreement
Date	25 Feb 2012
Agreement status	Multiparty signed/agreed
Interim arrangement	Yes
•	Intrastate/intrastate conflict
level	Myanmar Conflict (1948 -)
	Internal conflict, mostly along ethno-political fault lines, has been a constant feature of Myanmar since its independence in 1948. The conflict has two distinct dynamics. First a struggle between an authoritarian government and a pro-democracy opposition which

has the characteristics of authoritarian conflicts; and second a stuggle between the government and ethnic armed groups which has the characteristics of an identity conflict. The two oldest and strongest militias fighting the government are the Karen National Union (KNU), which has remained active since the late 1940s, and the Kachin Independence Organisation, which was formed in the early 1960s. In total, here are more

than a dozen mostly ethnic-based guerrilla groups active throughout the country. Especially in the period of junta dictatorship that lasted until 2011 the government attempted to crush the rebellions, which led to numerous human rights violations. With the start of democratic reforms in the aftermath of the 2010 elections, peace negotiations have taken place and resulted in the signing of various agreements, although conflicts

Union-level Peacemaking Group comprised of Union Minister U Aung Min, Union Minister

Minister U Win Tun and State Chief Minister U Ohn Myint, Commander of South-East Command Maj-Gen Tin Maung Win, Deputy Minister for Border Affairs Maj-Gen Zaw Win, Mon State Security and Border Affairs Minister Col Htay Myint Aung, the general staff officer (Grade I) from Commander-in-Chief (Army) Office, the general staff officer (Grade I) (militia) of South-East Command, Mon State advocate-general and officials, NMSP peacemaking group led by Vice-Chairman U Nai Rawsa and peace negotiators of both sides.

remain active.

Ceasefire/related

Government/territory

Myanmar Conflict (1948 -)

Close

Stage

Parties

Conflict nature

Peace process

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Myanmar ceasefires process with ethnic armed groups

U Soe Thein, Union Minister U Zaw Min, Union

Third parties	-
Description	Short ceasefire agreement with clauses aimed at continuing the peace process.
Agreement document	MM_120225_NMSP-Government.pdf (opens in new tab) Download PDF
Groups	
Children/youth	No specific mention.
Disabled persons	No specific mention.
Elderly/age	No specific mention.
Migrant workers	No specific mention.
Racial/ethnic/ national group	No specific mention.
Religious groups	No specific mention.
Indigenous people	No specific mention.
Other groups	No specific mention.
Refugees/displaced persons	No specific mention.
Social class	No specific mention.
Gender	
Women, girls and gender	No specific mention.
Men and boys	No specific mention.
LGBTI	No specific mention.
Family	No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state (general)	No specific mention.
State configuration	No specific mention.
Self determination	No specific mention.
Referendum	No specific mention.
State symbols	No specific mention.
Independence/ secession	No specific mention.
Accession/ unification	No specific mention.
Border delimitation	No specific mention.
Cross-border provision	No specific mention.

Governance

Political institutions (new or reformed)	No specific mention.
Elections	No specific mention.
Electoral commission	No specific mention.
Political parties reform	No specific mention.
Civil society	No specific mention.
Traditional/ religious leaders	No specific mention.
Public administration	No specific mention.
Constitution	No specific mention.

Power sharing	

Political power sharing	No specific mention.
Territorial power sharing	No specific mention.
Economic power sharing	No specific mention.
Military power sharing	No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL No specific mention. general

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

TreatyNo specific mention.incorporation

Civil and political rights	Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Slavery Page 2, (d) (7) To avoid forced labour by both sides, apart from volunteers. To seek solution for cases of people's lands through coordination.
Socio-economic rights	No specific mention.

Rights	related	issues
Manua	i ciuicu	133463

Citizenship	No specific mention.
Democracy	Page 1, (b) To start political dialogue within at most 45 days of ceasefire. Allowing participation of contributors as observers, (2) To continue talks on national reconciliation, based on political compromises with participation of representatives of domestic national political parties and democratic forces.
Detention procedures	No specific mention.
Media and communication	Rights related issues→Media and communication→Media roles Page 2, (d) General clauses: In periods of ceasefire and political dialogue, (1) To have the right to communicate with the public and help each others. (3) To have the right to communicate with news agencies and media. To inform the public of outcomes of political dialogue as required. (4) To conduct negotiation in advance in communicating with the foreign diplomats
Mobility/access	No specific mention.
Protection measures	No specific mention.
Other	No specific mention.
Rights institutions	
NHRI	No specific mention.
Regional or international	No specific mention.

international human rights institutions

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention. emergency law

State of emergency No specific mention. provisions

Judiciary and courts	No specific mention.
Prisons and detention	No specific mention.

Traditional Laws No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or socio-economic reconstruction	Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Socio- economic development Page 2, (c) To work for stability and development of education, health and social sectors of the region in coordination with respective national races armed organizations and the government as the ceasefire comes into effect
National economic plan	No specific mention.
Natural resources	No specific mention.
International funds	No specific mention.
Business	No specific mention.
Taxation	No specific mention.
Banks	No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/rightsLand, property and environment→Land reform/rights→Land reform and management
Page 2, (d) ... (7) To avoid forced labour by both sides, apart from volunteers. To seek
solution for cases of people's lands through coordination.Pastoralist/
nomadism rightsNo specific mention.

Cultural heritage	No specific mention.
Environment	No specific mention.
Water or riparian rights or access	No specific mention.
Security sector	
Security Guarantees	No specific mention.
Ceasefire	Security sector→Ceasefire→Ceasefire provision Page 1, The Union-level peace-making group and NMSP peacemaking group signed four- fact Union-level peace agreement. The agreement is as follow:— (a) To observe ceasefire far and wide the nation, especially to end up armed conflicts causing in areas of national races.
	Page 2, (d) (5) To not extend military strength in Mon State and related areas in period of ceasefire.
Police	No specific mention.
Armed forces	Page 2, (d) (5) To not extend military strength in Mon State and related areas in period of ceasefire.
DDR	No specific mention.
Intelligence services	No specific mention.
Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces	Page 2, (d) (5) To not extend military strength in Mon State and related areas in period of ceasefire.
Withdrawal of foreign forces	No specific mention.
Corruption	No specific mention.
Crime/organised crime	No specific mention.
Drugs	No specific mention.
Terrorism	No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional justice general	No specific mention.
Amnesty/pardon	No specific mention.
Courts	No specific mention.
Mechanism	No specific mention.
Prisoner release	Page 2, (d)(6) To release all political prisoners remaining in the prisons and to free comrades of New Mon State Party in prisons with sympathy as well.
Vetting	No specific mention.
Victims	No specific mention.
Missing persons	No specific mention.
Reparations	No specific mention.
Reconciliation	 Page 1, (b) To start political dialogue within at most 45 days of ceasefire. Allowing participation of contributors as observers, (1) To start political dialogue between representatives of armed national races organizations and representatives of the government after ceasefire of all armed national races organizations. In case ceasefire is not secured with all the organizations till December 2012, to start the political dialogue between representatives of the ceasefire organizations and representatives of the government. (2) To continue talks on national reconciliation, based on political compromises with participation of representatives of domestic national political parties and democratic forces. (3) To initiate procedures for prompt implementation of agreement reached in the above-mentioned dialogue.
Implementation	

UN signatory No specific mention.

Other international No specific mention. signatory

Referendum forNo specific mention.agreement

International mission/force/ similar	No specific mention.
Enforcement mechanism	No specific mention.
Related cases	No specific mention.
Source	Available under NMSP section at: https://www.mmpeacemonitor.org/1499