## Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://www.peaceagreements.org/

**Country/entity** Georgia

Russia Ossetia

**Region** Europe and Eurasia

**Agreement name** Agreement on Principles of Settlement of the Georgian-Ossetian Conflict (Sochi

Agreement)

**Date** 24 Jun 1992

**Agreement status** Multiparty signed/agreed

**Interim** Yes

arrangement

#### Georgian Separatist Conflicts (1989 - )

The Abkhazia-Georgia Conflict (1992 - )

Much like other conflicts that sprung up in the wake of the collapse of the Soviet Union, the Abkhazia conflict emerged as an ethnic conflict following heighten nationalist awareness among Abkhaz and other minorities residing in the region. In 1978, protests against the Georgianization of Abkhazia emerged from Abkhaz intellectuals. Towards the end of the 1980s, both Georgian and Abkhaz nationalists demanded independence from the Soviet Union. Tensions began following clashes at Sukhumi University between pro-Unity protestors and Abkhaz nationalists in April-July 1989. However, the conflict remained a legal conflict up until August 1992 following the 1991 elections, wherein Abkhazians felt they were under-represented. War broke out between Abkhaz separatists, supported by Russian forces and hired fighters from the North Caucus. Within Abkhazia, Abkhaz separatists were generally supported by ethnically Armenian and Russian residents. Within Georgia the conflict was exacerbated following conflict in South Ossetia from 1989 onwards in addition to political strife between the supporters of the ousted president, Zviad Gamsakurdia, and the post-coup government led by Eduard Shevardnadze.

Significant human rights abuses occurred, particularly after the capture of Sukhumi in September 1993, after which Georgian residents, which consisted of 45 per cent of the population in 1989, were faced with mass expulsion and ethnic cleansing. Russian Peacekeepers acting under the umbrella of the Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS), were deployed on the Abkhazia-Georgia line following a ceasefire in 1994. Atrocities towards ethnic Georgian's continued with over 1,500 deaths post-conflict. In 1998 fighting re-erupted following a flare up of fighting in South Ossetia. Again it was resolved with a ceasefire agreement. However, as of 2016 the conflict remains unresolved.

#### The Russio-Georgian War (South Ossetia) (1989 - )

Following heightened nationalist awareness among Ossetians and policies undertaken at the expense of ethnic minorities by the Georgian government led by President Gamsakurdia, calls for Ossetian Independence increased. After clashes broke out in Tskhinvali during a pro-Georgia protest, the conflict began to militarize. When President Gamsakurdia maintained his position after elections in 1990, which were boycotted by South Ossetia, Ossetians organised elections for their own parliament. The central Georgian government reacted by abolishing the autonomous status previously held by South Ossetia. The formation of ethnic militias and increased attacks on civilians escalated on both sides and in December 1990 a state of emergency and an economic blockade were declared. Fighting was haphazard as fighters on both sides were poorly equipped and disciplined. The Georgian National Guard was primarily formed of volunteers due to a lack of resources and as a result fighters often acted out of self-interest. Assaults on Tskhinvali by Georgian forces were repulsed on several occasions, and Georgian forces were also noted to expel Ossetian residents and destroy villages out of revenge and as a means to re-claim territory.

The Sochi agreement (1992) established a ceasefire and security corridor, as well as divided the territory between Georgian and Ossetian administration. Relations deteriorated drastically in April 2008, and following shelling of Georgian villages on August 1, the Georgian military geopanded in force retaking most of Tskhinvali by August 7. Russian forces intervened on behalf of Ossetian separatists and after retaking

**Stage** Ceasefire/related

**Conflict nature** Government/territory

**Peace process** South Ossetia peace process

**Parties** On behalf of the Republic of Georgia E. A. Shevardnadze

On behalf of the Russian Federation B. N. Yeltsin

Third parties -

**Description** Agreement outlines a ceasefire between conflicting parties and the withdrawal of armed

formations. Russian Armed Forces will withdraw within 20 days after the other armed formations withdraw. A Mixed Control Commission will be created to monitor the ceasefire consisting of members of the two sides, nominated by the two sides. The return of refugess will be facilitated, as will economic development. Other aspects include a joint Press-Centre under the control commission to ensure that media reporting remains

non-bias.

**Agreement** GE\_RU\_920624\_Agreement on Principles of Settlement.pdf (opens in new tab)

**document** Download PDF

Groups

**Children/youth** No specific mention.

**Disabled persons** No specific mention.

**Elderly/age** No specific mention.

**Migrant workers** No specific mention.

**Racial/ethnic/** Groups→Racial/ethnic/national group→Rhetorical

**national group** Page 1, Untitled Preamble,

The Republic of Georgia and the Russian Federation,

... Acting in the spirit of respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms, as well as

rights of ethnic minorities,

**Religious groups** No specific mention.

**Indigenous people** No specific mention.

**Other groups** No specific mention.

**Refugees/displaced** Groups→Refugees/displaced persons→Substantive

**persons** Page 2, Have agreed upon the following:

... Article 4

The Parties shall start immediately negotiations on economic restoration of the regions located in the conflict zone and creation of proper conditions for return of refugees.

**Social class** No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and

No specific mention.

gender

Men and boys No specific mention.

**LGBTI** No specific mention.

**Family** No specific mention.

**State definition** 

Nature of state

No specific mention.

(general)

**State configuration** No specific mention.

**Self determination** No specific mention.

**Referendum** No specific mention.

**State symbols** No specific mention.

Independence/

secession

No specific mention.

Accession/

No specific mention.

unification

**Border delimitation** No specific mention.

Cross-border provision

No specific mention.

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#### Governance

**Political** No specific mention.

institutions (new or

reformed)

**Elections** No specific mention.

**Electoral** 

commission

No specific mention.

**Political parties** 

reform

No specific mention.

**Civil society** 

No specific mention.

Traditional/

religious leaders

No specific mention.

**Public** 

administration

No specific mention.

Constitution

No specific mention.

## **Power sharing**

**Political power** 

sharing

No specific mention.

**Territorial power** 

sharing

No specific mention.

**Economic power** 

sharing

No specific mention.

**Military power** 

sharing

No specific mention.

## **Human rights and equality**

**Human rights/RoL** Page 1, Untitled Preamble,

general

The Republic of Georgia and the Russian Federation,

... Acting in the spirit of respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms, as well as

rights of ethnic minorities,

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

**Treaty** Page 1, Untitled Preamble,

**incorporation** The Republic of Georgia and the Russian Federation,

... Reaffirming commitment to the principles of the UN Charter and the Helsinki Final Act,

Civil and political

rights

No specific mention.

**Socio-economic** 

rights

No specific mention.

#### **Rights related issues**

**Citizenship** No specific mention.

**Democracy** No specific mention.

Detention procedures

No specific mention.

Media and communication

Rights related issues→Media and communication→Media roles

ation Page 2, Have agreed upon the following:

... Article 5

The Parties shall seek objective and balanced mass media coverage of the settlement process. To this end, a multilateral press-center shall be established within the Control

Commission.

**Mobility/access** 

Page 2, Have agreed upon the following:

... Article 4

... The Parties deem it inadmissible to apply economic sanctions and blockade, and any other impediments to free movement of commodities, services and people and commit

themselves to provide humanitarian assistance to the affected population. ...

Protection measures

No specific mention.

**Other** No specific mention.

## **Rights institutions**

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or international human rights institutions

#### **Justice sector reform**

Criminal justice and No specific mention. emergency law

**State of emergency** No specific mention.

provisions

**Judiciary and** 

No specific mention.

courts

**Prisons and** 

No specific mention.

detention

**Traditional Laws** No specific mention.

#### **Socio-economic reconstruction**

**Development or** socio-economic

Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Socio-

economic development

reconstruction Page 2, Have agreed upon the following:

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Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic

reconstruction→Humanitarian assistance Page 2, Have agreed upon the following:

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**National economic** No specific mention.

plan

**Natural resources** No specific mention.

International funds No specific mention.

**Business** No specific mention.

**Taxation** No specific mention.

**Banks** No specific mention.

# Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/

No specific mention.

nomadism rights

**Cultural heritage** No specific mention.

**Environment** No specific mention.

Water or riparian

rights or access

# **Security sector**

Security Guarantees

#### Ceasefire

Security sector→Ceasefire→Ceasefire provision

[Summary] The entire agreement contains ceasefire provisions.

### Page 1, Have agreed upon the following:

#### Article 1

- 1. From the very moment of signing this agreement, the opposing parties commit themselves to undertake all necessary measures aimed at termination of hostilities and achievement of comprehensive cease-fire by 28 June 1992.
- 2. From the moment of termination of hostilities, on 28 June 1992 the opposing parties shall withdraw their armed formation with a view of creation of corridor adjacent to the line of juxtaposition. The withdrawal of armed formations shall be completed within three days. Passage through the line of juxtaposition, corridor and its width shall be determined by the joint group of observers.

#### Page 1, Have agreed upon the following:

- ... Article 3
- 1. In. order to exercise control over the implementation of cease-fire, withdrawal of armed formations, disband of forces of self-defense and to maintain the regime of security in the region, a mixed Control Commission composed of representatives of opposing parties shall be set up and this Commission shall carry out its functions in close cooperation with the joint group of military observers created in accordance with the agreements reached in Kazbegi.

## Page 1, Have agreed upon the following:

- ... Article 3
- ... 2. Every Party participating in the work of Commission shall appoint its own representatives. Headquarters of the Control Commission shall be located in the town of Tskhinvali.

#### Page 2, Have agreed upon the following:

- ... Article 3
- ... 3. Until the aforementioned tasks are implemented, joint forces on coordination of activities aimed at establishment of peace and maintenance of order shall be created within the Control Commission. In addition, special mixed groups of observers, attached to the Control Commission, shall be deployed along the security perimeter.

#### Page 2, Have agreed upon the following:

- ... Article 3
- ... 4. The Control Commission and attached to it forces shall start immediate implementation of those tasks assigned by the present agreement.

## Page 2, Have agreed upon the following:

- ... Article 3.
- ... 5. In case of violation of provisions of this Agreement, the Control Commission shall carry out investigation of relevant circumstances and undertake urgent measures aimed at restoration of peace and order and non-admission of similar violations in the future.

## Page 2, Have agreed upon the following:

- ... Article 3
- ... 6. Financial provision for activities of the Control Commission and forces attached to it shall be provided by the Parties on equal footing.

**Police** 

No specific mention.

#### **Armed forces**

Page 1, Have agreed upon the following:

Article 1

... 2. From the moment of termination of hostilities, on 28 June 1992 the opposing parties shall withdraw their armed formation with a view of creation of corridor adjacent to the line of juxtaposition. The withdrawal of armed formations shall be completed within three days.

Passage through the line of juxtaposition, corridor and its width shall be determined by the joint group of observers.

Page 1, Have agreed upon the following:

... Article 2

In order to secure demilitarization of the conflict region and to rule out the possibility of involvement of the Armed Forces of the Russian Federation in conflict, the Russian Federation shall withdraw the Tskhinvali-district deployed 37th engineer-sapper Regiment and 292 separate fighting helicopter regiment within 20 days from the moment of cease-fire and separation of opposing parties.

**DDR** 

Security sector→DDR→Demilitarisation provisions

Page 1, Have agreed upon the following:

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Intelligence services

No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces

# Withdrawal of foreign forces

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**Corruption** No specific mention.

Crime/organised crime

No specific mention.

Drugs

No specific mention.

**Terrorism** No specific mention.

#### **Transitional justice**

**Transitional justice** No specific mention.

general

**Amnesty/pardon** No specific mention.

**Courts** No specific mention.

**Mechanism** No specific mention.

**Prisoner release** No specific mention.

**Vetting** No specific mention.

**Victims** No specific mention.

**Missing persons** No specific mention.

**Reparations** No specific mention.

**Reconciliation** No specific mention.

**Implementation** 

**UN signatory** No specific mention.

Other international No specific mention.

signatory

Referendum for

agreement

No specific mention.

International

mission/force/

similar

No specific mention.

**Enforcement** 

Page 2, Have agreed upon the following:

mechanism

... Article 3

... 5. In case of violation of provisions of this Agreement, the Control Commission shall carry out investigation of relevant circumstances and undertake urgent measures aimed at restoration of peace and order and non-admission of similar violations in the future.

**Related cases** No specific mention.

**Source** Archives of the Georgian Ministry of Foreign Affairs; http://www.rrc.ge/law/

xels\_1992\_06\_24\_e.htm

Originally from the newspaper "Svobodnaya Gruzia", #82, 27 June 1992