Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://www.peaceagreements.org/

Country/entity Bosnia and Herzegovina

Yugoslavia (former)

Region Europe and Eurasia

Agreement name Prisoner exchange agreement

Date 8 Feb 1994

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

Interim Yes

arrangement

Balkan Conflicts (1991 - 1995) (1998 - 2001)

Former Yugoslavia

The disintegration of former Yugoslavia post cold war saw conflicts which became mediated and produced peace agreements in Slovenia (where the brief independence conflict was mediated by the EC Troika in 1991), Croatia (between Croatian and Serb populations 1991-1995), in Bosnia (between Croatian, Serb and Bosniak populations 1992-1995), in Macedonia (where mediation played a key pre-emptive role in preventing large scale conflict in 2001), in Kosovo (between Kosovar Albanians and Serbian population and the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (FRY), but also between FRY and NATO, 1998-1999), and a conflict in the Presevo Valley (between Albanians in South Serbia and FRY, 2000-2001). The continued fall-out of the disintegration of former Yugoslavia also saw mediated agreement and ultimate dissolution of the Union between Serbia and Montenegro.

Bosnia-Herzegovina

In 1991, after nationalist parties won the first multi-party elections in the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, a violent process of disintegration commenced. With its mixed population, Bosnia-Herzegovina became the centre of the following civil war that began in 1992 between the newly formed army of the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina (mostly Muslim Bosniacs), and the parastatal forces of self-declared Bosnian Croat (Herzeg-Bosnia) and Bosnian Serb (Republika Srpska) entities within Bosnia-Herzegovina, supported by Croatia and Serbia, with various, often short-lived, coalitions. The General Framework Agreement (Dayton Peace Agreement), signed in 1995, split the country into two ethno-federal entities, the Bosniak-Croat Federation and the Republika Srpska, and included continued peacekeeping and institutional administration by international actors.

Kosovo

The conflict between Serbs and Kosovar Albanians has a long history and always involved territorial disputes as well as ethno-political, cultural and linguistic factors. The most recent phase of the conflict began in November 1997 when the Albanian Kosovo Liberation Army (KLA or UCK) began their campaign for the independence of Kosovo from the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (FRY – then Serbia and Montenegro). The subsequent war lasted until the NATO intervention, which undertook bombing campaigns of Belgrade and other places in Serbia during spring 1999. The main agreements solving the conflict were internationally driven and, finally, a UNSC resolution imposed a post-conflict arrangement in the wake of what was essentially a NATO military victory. In February 2008, Kosovo's parliament declared independence, but independence is still internationally disputed.

Close

Balkan Conflicts (1991 - 1995) (1998 - 2001)

Stage Pre-negotiation/process

Conflict nature Government/territory

Peace process Bosnia peace process

Parties MR DAMIR BARBARIĆ HVO

DR IVO SANDRK HVO
MR BERISLAV PUŚIĆ HVO
MR ŽELJKO BARBARIĆ HVO
MR SELMAN PODŽIĆ BIH
MR ALIJA ALIKADIĆ BIH
MR ZIJO ORUČEVIĆ BIH

Third parties MAJOR FERRER SPABAT

MRS IRIS WITTWER ICRC [listed as present but copy unsigned]

MR JAVIER ECMM

MRS CHRISTINE MACCALLUM CIVAFF [listed as present but copy unsigned]

MR KOSTAS KUOFAKIS ECMM

Description Short agreement which provides for a mutual prisoer exchange within the 4th BiH Corps

zone, facilitated by the ICRC with support from UNPROFOR.

Agreement BA_940208_Sporazum o razmjeni zatvorenika - zatocenika_tr.pdf (opens in new tab) |

document Download PDF

Agreement BA_940208_Sporazum o razmjeni zatvorenika - zatocenika_CR.pdf (opens in new tab)

document (original

language)

Groups

Children/youth No specific mention.

Disabled persons No specific mention.

Elderly/age No specific mention.

Migrant workers No specific mention.

Racial/ethnic/ national group No specific mention.

Religious groups No specific mention.

Indigenous people No specific mention.

Other groups No specific mention.

Refugees/displaced No specific mention.

persons

Social class No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and

gender

No specific mention.

Men and boys No specific mention.

LGBTI No specific mention.

Family No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state

No specific mention.

(general)

State configuration No specific mention.

Self determination No specific mention.

Referendum No specific mention.

State symbols No specific mention.

Independence/ secession No specific mention.

Accession/

No specific mention.

unification

Border delimitation No specific mention.

Cross-border

No specific mention.

provision

Governance

Political No specific mention.

institutions (new or

reformed)

Elections No specific mention.

Electoral

commission

No specific mention.

Political parties reform

No specific mention.

Civil society

Page 1, 3.

FROM TODAY, AND NO LATER THAN 10 DAYS FROM TODAY, LISTS WITH PRISONERS'

NAMES WILL BE EXCHANGED, WITH ONE COPY GIVEN TO THE ICRC.

Page 1, 4.

ONCE BOTH LISTS HAVE BEEN AMENDED, THE EXCHANGE PROCESS WILL BE AGREED

WITH ICRC, WITH THE SUPPORT FROM UNPROFOR.

Traditional/ religious leaders

No specific mention.

Public

No specific mention.

administ ration

Constitution No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political power

sharing

No specific mention.

Territorial power

sharing

No specific mention.

Economic power

sharing

No specific mention.

Military power

sharing

No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL No specific mention.

general

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty

No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and political

No specific mention.

rights

Socio-economic

No specific mention.

rights

Rights related issues

Citizenship No specific mention.

Democracy No specific mention.

Detention procedures

No specific mention.

Media and

No specific mention.

communication

Mobility/access No specific mention.

Protection

No specific mention.

measures

Other

No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or international No specific mention.

human rights institutions

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention. **emergency law**

State of emergency No specific mention. **provisions**

Judiciary and

No specific mention.

courts

Prisons and detention

No specific mention.

Traditional Laws

No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or

No specific mention.

socio-economic reconstruction

National economic No specific mention.

plan

Natural resources No specific mention.

International funds No specific mention.

Business No specific mention.

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/ No specific mention.

 $nomadism\ rights$

Cultural heritage No specific mention.

Environment No specific mention.

Water or riparian

rights or access

No specific mention.

Security sector

Security
Guarantees

No specific mention.

Ceasefire

No specific mention.

Police No specific mention.

Armed forces No specific mention.

DDR No specific mention.

Intelligence services

No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces No specific mention.

Withdrawal of foreign forces

No specific mention.

Corruption No specific mention.

Crime/organised

crime

No specific mention.

Drugs No specific mention.

Terrorism No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional justice No specific mention.

general

Amnesty/pardon No specific mention.

Courts No specific mention.

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner release Page 1, 1.

THE EXCHANGE WILL FOLLOW THE PRINCIPLE "EVERYONE FOR ALL" WITHIN THE ZONE

AGREED IN POINT 2.

Page 1, 2.

THE PRISONERS WILL BE EXCHANGED FOLLOWING THE ABOVE PRINCIPLE WITHIN THE

4TH BIH CORPS ZONE, INCLUDING BUGOJNO.

Page 1, 3.

FROM TODAY, AND NO LATER THAN 10 DAYS FROM TODAY, LISTS WITH PRISONERS'

NAMES WILL BE EXCHANGED, WITH ONE COPY GIVEN TO THE ICRC.

Page 1, 4.

ONCE BOTH LISTS HAVE BEEN AMENDED, THE EXCHANGE PROCESS WILL BE AGREED

WITH ICRC, WITH THE SUPPORT FROM UNPROFOR.

Vetting No specific mention.

Victims No specific mention.

Missing persons No specific mention.

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation No specific mention.

Implementation

UN signatory MAJOR FERRER SPABAT [UNPROFOR Battalion]

Other international MRS IRIS WITTWER ICRC [listed as present but copy unsigned]

signatory MR JAVIER ECMM

MRS CHRISTINE MACCALLUM CIVAFF [listed as present but copy unsigned]

MR KOSTAS KUOFAKIS ECMM

Referendum for agreement

No specific mention.

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International Page 1, 4.

mission/force/

ONCE BOTH LISTS HAVE BEEN AMENDED, THE EXCHANGE PROCESS WILL BE AGREED

similar WITH ICRC, WITH THE SUPPORT FROM UNPROFOR.

Enforcement mechanism

No specific mention.

Related cases

No specific mention.

Source

Slobodan Praljak

http://www.slobodanpraljak.com/