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Country/entity Burundi

Region Africa (excl MENA)

Agreement name Magaliesburg Declaration on the Burundi Peace Process

Date 10 Jun 2008

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

Interim Yes

arrangement

Agreement/conflict Intrastate/intrastate conflict

level

Burundian Civil War (1993-2005)

The conflict had an ethnic base between Hutu and Tutsi populations, and is one of a set of regionally connected conflicts also addressed n the Great Lakes process. Since independence in 1972, the Burundian political landscape has been polarised and marked by ethnic-based tensions, political assassinations and large-scale violence. For the following two decades, three Tutsi military regimes associated with the Union for National Progress (UPRONA) ruled the country. During these military dictatorships, numerous waves of mass violence resulted from the attempts of various opposition rebels groups to destabilise the three regimes, and the regimes' use of violence to repress these attempts. Despite a wave of hope in the early 1990's, Burundi entered a decade-long civil war in 1993 following the assassination of Burundi's first democratically elected president, Melchior Ndadaye, from the ethnically-Hutu Front for Democracy in Burundi (FRODEBU) by Tutsi opposition in the military. In 1998 the Arusha Peace Talks commenced and in August 2000, international pressure resulted in the signing of the Arusha Peace and Reconciliation Agreement for Burundi. However, the National Council for the Defense of Democracy (CNND) did not sign. Additionally, and Party for the Liberation of Hutu People (Palipehutu) did not participate in negotiations. These outsiders continued sporadic violence until 2008. In 2015, a new wave of political violence is taking place after President Nkurunziza, from the CNDD-FDD which has been in power since 2005, won a contested third-mandate.

Close

Burundian Civil War (1993-2005)

Stage Implementation/renegotiation

Conflict nature Government

Peace process Burundi: Arusha and related peace process

Parties Delegations of the Government of Burundi and the PALIPEHUTU-FNL participated in the

meeting. Chairman Agathon Rwasa headed the PALIPEHUTU-FNL delegation. The delegation of the Government of Burundi was headed by Major-General Evariste

Ndayishimiye.

Third parties

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Description

This agreements includes commitments from both the Government of Burundi and the PALIPEHUTU-FNL to respect the timelines outlined in the Revised Programme of Action to Take Further the Burundi Peace Process and to conclude all aspects of the peace process.

Agreement document

BI_080610_Magaliesburg Declaration.pdf (opens in new tab) | Download PDF

Groups

Children/youth Groups→Children/youth→Substantive

Page 2, I. Mutual commitments of the Government of Burundi and PALIPEHUTU-FNL: The Government of Burundi and PALIPEHUTU-FNL have mutually undertaken to:

...

Abstain from all actions that might be perceived as fresh recruitment drives, particularly

among children.

Disabled persons No specific mention.

Elderly/age No specific mention.

Migrant workers No specific mention.

Racial/ethnic/ national group No specific mention.

Religious groups No specific mention.

Indigenous people No specific mention.

Other groups No specific mention.

Refugees/displaced No specific mention.

persons

Social class No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and

gender

No specific mention.

Men and boys

No specific mention.

LGBTI

No specific mention.

Family

No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state

No specific mention.

(general)

State configuration No specific mention.

Self determination No specific mention.

Referendum No specific mention.

State symbols No specific mention.

Independence/

secession

No specific mention.

Accession/

unification

No specific mention.

Border delimitation No specific mention.

Cross-border

provision

No specific mention.

Governance

Political No specific mention.

institutions (new or

reformed)

Elections No specific mention.

Electoral commission

No specific mention.

Political parties reform

Governance→Political parties reform→Rebels transitioning to political parties
Page 2, I. Mutual commitments of the Government of Burundi and PALIPEHUTU-FNL:
The Government of Burundi and PALIPEHUTU-FNL have mutually undertaken to:

...

Endeavour to find as soon as possible a mutually acceptable solution to the question of the registration and the name of the PALIPEHUTU-FNL as a political party

Page 3, IV. Commitments of members of the GSEB:

...

The GSEB will support the transformation of the PALIPEHUTU-FNL into a political party, including the provision of training of its cadres.

Civil society

No specific mention.

Traditional/ religious leaders No specific mention.

Public administration

No specific mention.

Constitution

Governance→Constitution→Constitution affirmation/renewal

Page 2, I. Commitments of the Government of Burundi:

The Government of Burundi undertakes within the framework of the Constitution of the Republic of Burundi to demonstrate the necessary flexibility to address all issues that could hamper the full implementation of agreements reached.

Power sharing

Political power sharing

Power sharing→Political power sharing→General

State level

Page 2, I. Commitments of the Government of Burundi:

...

Once the combatants are assembled, the Government commits to accommodate and integrate Palipehutu-FNL members in the national institutions in accordance with agreements reached between the parties.

Territorial power sharing

No specific mention.

Economic power sharing

No specific mention.

Military power sharing

No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL No specific mention.

general

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty

No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and political

No specific mention.

rights

Socio-economic

No specific mention.

rights

Rights related issues

Citizenship No specific mention.

Democracy No specific mention.

Detention procedures No specific mention.

Media and communication Rights related issues→Media and communication→Media roles

Media/Communication

Page 2, I. Mutual commitments of the Government of Burundi and PALIPEHUTU-FNL: The Government of Burundi and PALIPEHUTU-FNL have mutually undertaken to:

Refrain from any inflammatory action or declaration

Mobility/access

No specific mention.

Protection measures

No specific mention.

Other

No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or

No specific mention.

international human rights institutions

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention. emergency law

State of emergency No specific mention. provisions

Judiciary and

No specific mention.

courts

Prisons and detention

No specific mention.

Traditional Laws

No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or

No specific mention.

socio-economic reconstruction

National economic No specific mention.

plan

Natural resources No specific mention.

International funds Page 1, Preamble

Particularly acknowledged the financial and military support provided by the Government of South Africa as well as the financial support by the Government of Switzerland, the European Commission and the International Committee of the Red Cross to PALIPEHUTU-FNL combatants at pre-assembly process;

Pages 2-3, IV. Commitments of members of the GSEB:

In this context, the GSEB will continue to mobilise the international community to

provide financial support to the Facilitation and the peace process.

As the PALIPEHUTU-FNL combatants proceed to the assembly areas, the GESB will intercede with the potential donors to continue to provide humanitarian assistance until

the start of the DDR process.

Business No specific mention.

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/

No specific mention.

nomadism rights
Cultural heritage

No specific mention.

Environment

No specific mention.

Water or riparian

rights or access

No specific mention.

Security sector

Security

Page 3, IV. Commitments of members of the GSEB:

Guarantees

...

The GSEB will continue to promote efforts in the field of security sector reform, including efforts to integrate the Palipehutu-FNL in the National Defence and Security Forces.

Ceasefire

Security sector→Ceasefire→General commitments

Page 1, Preamble,

The GSEB: Congratulated the Government of Burundi and PALIPEHUTU-FNL on the major steps forward in the peace process in the past month and welcomed the political will shown by both sides to achieve this progress;

. . . .

the conclusion of the joint declaration on the cessation of hostilities on 26 May; and the adoption on 2 June of the Joint Operational Plan on the disarmament, demobilization, and the reintegration of PALIPEHUTU-FNL combatants;

Page 3, III. Commitments of the PALIPEHUTU-FNL:

Engage in good faith in the immediate implementation of the Comprehensive Ceasefire

Agreement.

Police

No specific mention.

Armed forces

Page 3, IV. Commitments of members of the GSEB:

. . .

The GSEB will continue to promote efforts in the field of security sector reform, including efforts to integrate the Palipehutu-FNL in the National Defence and Security Forces.

DDR

Security sector→DDR→DDR programmes

Pages 2-3, IV. Commitments of members of the GSEB:

The GSEB undertakes to continue to accompany the efforts of the Facilitation and to the Political Directorate in support of the peace process.

In this context, the GSEB will continue to mobilise the international community to provide financial support to the Facilitation and the peace process.

As the PALIPEHUTU-FNL combatants proceed to the assembly areas, the GESB will intercede with the potential donors to continue to provide humanitarian assistance until the start of the DDR process.

The GSEB will pay special attention to the DDR process, in particular regarding its reintegration aspects.

Intelligence services

No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces Page 3, IV. Commitments of members of the GSEB:

...

The GSEB will continue to promote efforts in the field of security sector reform, including efforts to integrate the Palipehutu-FNL in the National Defence and Security Forces.

Withdrawal of foreign forces

No specific mention.

Corruption

No specific mention.

Crime/organised

crime

No specific mention.

Drugs No specific mention.

Terrorism No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional justice No specific mention.

general

Amnesty/pardon No specific mention.

Courts No specific mention.

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner release No specific mention.

Vetting No specific mention.

Victims No specific mention.

Missing persons No specific mention.

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation No specific mention.

Implementation

UN signatory No specific mention.

 $\label{thm:continuous} \textbf{Other international} \ \ \text{No specific mention}.$

signatory

Referendum for agreement

No specific mention.

International mission/force/

No specific mention.

similar

Enforcement mechanism

No specific mention.

Related cases No specific mention.

Source UCDP

https://ucdpged.uu.se/peaceagreements/fulltext/BUI%2020080610.pdf