Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://www.peaceagreements.org/

Country/entity Afghanistan

Region Europe and Eurasia

Agreement name Agreement between the two campaign teams regarding the structure of the national

unity government

Date 21 Sep 2014

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

Interim Yes

arrangement

Agreement/conflict Intrastate/intrastate conflict

level

Afghan Wars (1979 -)

The agreements are drawn from two distinct conflict periods. Post Soviet-intervention period. First, after an uprising against the communist government, the Soviet Union invaded Afghanistan in December 1979 and set up a puppet government. Fierce resistance came in on the form of domestic and foreign Mujahidin fighters who, by 1988, forced the Soviet Union to withdraw. The Communist government that remained was defeated in 1992 against a background of violence, which spiralled into a tumultuous multi-party civil war with a strong tribal basis. In 1993 a peace accord was signed, but by 1994 the conflict realigned itself as the Islamic-based Taliban emerged from the refugee camps, eventually occupying the capital city of Kabul in September 1996 spurring groups that had militantly opposed the communist government to unite in opposition to the Taliban.

Post US-intervention period. After the terror attacks on September 11, 2001, the United States invaded Afghanistan and removed the Taliban from power. In December 2001, the UNSC mandated the International Security Assistance Force (ISAF) to assist Afghanistan's interim authorities. In 2003 ISAF command was placed under NATO's responsibility. Within three years, however, the Taliban managed to re-group and re-structure and launched intense resistance to the internationally-recognized Afghanistan government and NATO support troops. Despite this resurgence of the Taliban, NATO leaders lacked the necessary support for the mission abroad, and NATO troops were withdrawn by the end of 2014.

Close

Afghan Wars (1979 -

Stage Implementation/renegotiation

Conflict nature Government

Peace process Afghanistan: 2000s Post-intervention process

Parties Dr. Mohammad Ashraf Ghani Ahmadzai

Dr. Abdullah Abdullah

Third parties The foregoing signatures were witnessed by:

H.E. Jan Kubis, Special Representative of the Secretary General of the United Nations

H.E. James B. Cunningham, Ambassador of the United States of America

Description The Agreement between the Two Campaign Teams Regarding the Structure of the

National Unity Government in Afghanistan was signed by Dr. Mohammad Ashraf Ghani Ahmadzai and Dr. Abdullah Abdullah following the contested 2014 presidential election. It established a power-sharing arrangement between the President and the newly created position of Chief Executive Officer (CEO) to ensure political stability, reform implementation, and inclusivity in governance. The agreement aimed to address the country's governance challenges, particularly by fostering political cooperation and

electoral reforms, and it was witnessed by representatives of the United Nations and the

United States.

Agreement document

AF_140921_Agreement regarding the structure of the national unity government.pdf

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Groups

Children/youth

Groups→Children/youth→Rhetorical

Page 1, Untitled preamble

...Dedicated to political consensus, commitment to reforms, and cooperative decision-making, the national unity government will fulfill the aspirations of the Afghan public for peace, stability, security, rule of law, justice, economic growth, and delivery of services, with particular attention to women, youth, Ulema, and vulnerable persons...

Groups→Children/youth→Substantive

Page 3, C. Appointment of senior officials

On the basis of the principles of national participation, fair representation, merit, honesty, and commitment to the reform programs of the national unity government, the parties are committed to the following:...

• The President and the CEO will agree upon a specific merit-based mechanism for the appointment of senior officials. The mechanism will provide for the full participation of the CEO in proposing nominees for all applicable positions and for full consideration of all nominations. In conformity with the intent of the Joint Declaration and its annex (Article 5), the President and the CEO will consult intensively on the selection of senior appointees not covered by the Civil Service Commission through the above mechanism, which can lead to equitable (Barabarguna) representation from both parties, and with attention to inclusivity and the political and societal composition of the country, with particular attention to women and youth, and persons with disabilities, for state institutions and agencies, including key judiciary and local administrative posts. The two parties are committed to early reform of the Civil Service Commission.

Disabled persons

Groups→Disabled persons→Substantive

Page 3, C. Appointment of senior officials

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Elderly/age

No specific mention.

Migrant workers

No specific mention.

Racial/ethnic/ national group

Religious groups No specific mention.

Indigenous people No specific mention.

Other groups No specific mention.

 $\textbf{Refugees/displaced} \ \ \text{No specific mention}.$

persons

Social class No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and gender

Page 1, Untitled preamble

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Men and boys No specific mention.

LGBTI No specific mention.

Family No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state

No specific mention.

(general)

State configuration No specific mention.

Self determination No specific mention.

Referendum No specific mention.

State symbols No specific mention.

Independence/
secession

No specific mention.

Accession/

No specific mention.

unification

Border delimitation No specific mention.

Cross-border

No specific mention.

provision

Governance

Political

Governance→Political institutions (new or reformed)→Temporary new institutions

institutions (new or Page 1, A.

reformed)

Convening of a Loya Jirga to amend the Constitution and considering the proposal to create the post of executive prime minister

• On the basis of Article 2 of the Joint Statement of 17 Asad 1393 (August 8, 2014) and its attachment ("...convening of a Loya Jirga in two years to consider the post of an executive prime minister"), the President is committed to convoking a Loya Jirga for the purpose of debate on amending the Constitution and creating a post of executive prime minister.

Elections

Page 1, A. Convening of a Loya Jirga to amend the Constitution and considering the proposal to create the post of executive prime minister

• On the basis of Article 140 of the Constitution, the national unity government is committed to holding district council elections as early as possible on the basis of a law in order to create a quorum for the Loya Jirga in accordance with Section 2 of Article 110 of the Constitution.

Page 4, E. Electoral reform

To ensure that future elections are fully credible, the electoral system (laws and institutions) requires fundamental changes. Immediately after the establishment of the government of national unity, the President will issue a decree to form a special commission for the reform of the electoral system in accordance with Article 7 of the Political Framework. Members of the special commission will be agreed between the President and the CEO. The special commission will report to the CEO on its progress and the Cabinet will review its recommendations and take the necessary steps for their implementation. The objective is to implement electoral reform before the 2015 parliamentary elections.

Electoral commission No specific mention.

Political parties reform

No specific mention.

Civil society

No specific mention.

Traditional/ religious leaders

Public administration

Page 2, B. The position of the Chief Executive Officer

• The President will delegate by a presidential decree specific executive authorities to the CEO with a view to Articles 60, 64, 71, and 77 of the Constitution. Key elements of authorities will include the following:...

7. Implementing, monitoring, and supporting the policies, programs, and budgetary and financial affairs of the government.

Page 3, C. Appointment of senior officials

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- Enabling broad participation of meritorious personalities and personnel of the country at various levels of the system, using these opportunities for securing enduring peace and stability and building a healthy administration.

Constitution

Governance→Constitution→Constitutional reform/making Page 1, A.

A. Convening of a Loya Jirga to amend the Constitution and considering the proposal to create the post of executive prime minister

- On the basis of Article 2 of the Joint Statement of 17 Asad 1393 (August 8, 2014) and its attachment ("...convening of a Loya Jirga in two years to consider the post of an executive prime minister"), the President is committed to convoking a Loya Jirga for the purpose of debate on amending the Constitution and creating a post of executive prime minister.
- After the inauguration ceremony, the President will appoint in consultation with the CEO by executive order a commission to draft an amendment to the Constitution.

Power sharing

Political power sharing

Power sharing→Political power sharing→Executive coalition State level

Page 1, A. Convening of a Loya Jirga to amend the Constitution and considering the proposal to create the post of executive prime minister

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- After the inauguration ceremony, the President will appoint in consultation with the CEO by executive order a commission to draft an amendment to the Constitution.
- On the basis of Article 140 of the Constitution, the national unity government is committed to holding district council elections as early as possible on the basis of a law in order to create a quorum for the Loya Jirga in accordance with Section 2 of Article 110 of the Constitution.

Page 1-2, B. The position of the Chief Executive Officer

• Until such time as the Constitution is amended and the position of executive prime minister is created, the position of Chief Executive Officer (CEO) will be created by presidential decree on the basis of Article 50 of the Constitution and Article 2 of the attached Joint

Declaration and its annex. The CEO and his deputies will be introduced in the presidential inauguration ceremony.

- The appointment of the CEO with the functions of an executive prime minister will take place through a proposal by the runner-up and the agreement of the President. The CEO will be answerable to the President.
- A special protocol for the CEO will be authorized in a presidential decree.

Page 2, B. The position of the Chief Executive Officer

- The President will delegate by a presidential decree specific executive authorities to the CEO with a view to Articles 60, 64, 71, and 77 of the Constitution. Key elements of authorities will include the following:
- 1. Participation of the CEO with the President in bilateral decision-making meetings.
- 2. Carrying out administrative affairs and executive affairs of the government as determined by presidential decree.
- 3. Implementing the reform program of the National Unity Government.
- 4. Proposing reforms in all government agencies and decisively combatting official corruption.
- 5. Exercising specific administrative and financial authorities, which will be determined in a presidential decree.
- 6. Establishing working relationships of the executive branch of the government with the legislative and judicial branches within the framework of defined functions and authorities.
- 7. Implementing, monitoring, and supporting the policies, programs, and budgetary and financial affairs of the government.
- 8. Submitting necessary reports and proposals to the President.
- 9. The President, as the head of state and government, leads the Cabinet (Kabina), which meets at his discretion on government policy, strategy, budgeting, resource allocation, and legislation among its other functions and authorities. The Cabinet consists of the President, Vice-Presidents, CEO, Deputy CEOs, the Chief Advisor, and ministers. The CEO will be responsible for managing the Cabinet's implementation of government policies, and will report on progress to the President directly and in the Cabinet. To that end, the CEO will chair regular weekly president directly and in the Cabinet. Shura-ye Waziran), consisting of the CEO, Deputy CEOs, and all ministers. The Council of Ministers will

alamant the executive affairs of the government. The CEO will also shair all the sul

Territorial power

No specific mention.

sharing

Economic power

sharing

No specific mention.

Military power

sharing

No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL

Page 1, Untitled preamble

general

...Dedicated to political consensus, commitment to reforms, and cooperative decision-making, the national unity government will fulfill the aspirations of the Afghan public for peace, stability, security, rule of law, justice, economic growth, and delivery of services, with particular attention to women, youth, Ulema, and vulnerable persons...

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty

No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and political

rights

No specific mention.

Socio-economic

rights

No specific mention.

Rights related issues

Citizenship No specific mention.

Democracy No specific mention.

Detention

procedures

No specific mention.

Media and

communication

No specific mention.

Mobility/access

No specific mention.

Protection

No specific mention.

measures

Other

Rights institutions

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or

No specific mention.

international human rights institutions

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention.

emergency law

State of emergency No specific mention.

provisions

Judiciary and

No specific mention.

courts

Prisons and

No specific mention.

detention

Traditional Laws No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or

No specific mention.

socio-economic reconstruction

National economic No specific mention.

plan

Natural resources No specific mention.

International funds No specific mention.

Business No specific mention.

Taxation No specific mention.

No specific mention. **Banks**

Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/

No specific mention.

nomadism rights

Cultural heritage No specific mention.

Environment

No specific mention.

Water or riparian

rights or access

No specific mention.

Security sector

Security

Guarantees

No specific mention.

Ceasefire

No specific mention.

Police

No specific mention.

Armed forces

No specific mention.

DDR

No specific mention.

Intelligence

services

No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces

No specific mention.

Withdrawal of foreign forces

No specific mention.

Corruption

Page 2, B. The position of the Chief Executive Officer

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authorities will include the following:

...4. Proposing reforms in all government agencies and decisively combatting official

corruption.

Crime/organised

No specific mention.

crime

Drugs No specific mention.

Terrorism No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional justice No specific mention.

general

Amnesty/pardon No specific mention.

Courts No specific mention.

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner release No specific mention.

Vetting No specific mention.

Victims No specific mention.

Missing persons No specific mention.

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation No specific mention.

Implementation

UN signatory The foregoing signatures were witnessed by:

H.E. Jan Kubis, Special Representative of the Secretary General of the United Nations

Other international The foregoing signatures were witnessed by:

signatory H.E. James B. Cunningham, Ambassador of the United States of America

Referendum for

agreement

No specific mention.

International

mission/force/

similar

Enforcement mechanism

No specific mention.

Related cases

No specific mention.

Source

Source: https://www.afghanistan-analysts.org/miscellaneous/aan-resources/the-

government-of-national-unity-deal-full-text/