# Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://www.peaceagreements.org/

**Country/entity** Eritrea

Ethiopia

**Region** Africa (excl MENA)

**Agreement name** Agreement on Peace, Friendship and Comprehensive Cooperation Between the Federal

Democratic Republic of Ethiopia and the State of Eritrea

**Date** 16 Sep 2018

**Agreement status** Multiparty signed/agreed

**Interim** Yes

arrangement

### Eritrean Border Conflicts (1998 - 2018)

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Eritrea - Ethiopia (1998 - 2018)

In 1991, the Eritrean People's Liberation Front (EPLF) defeated the communist military junta ('Derg') in Ethiopia and proclaimed independence for Eritrea. At the same time, Derg itself was overthrown by the Ethiopian Peoples' Revolutionary Democratic Forces (EPRDF), which established a transitional government in Ethiopia. Eritrea was granted an independence referendum, which resulted in a 99.8 per cent pro-independence vote. However, border tensions and heavy disputes, in particular on minority rights and economic issues, between EPLF and EPRDF led to new fighting between the two countries in 1998. A mediation by the US administration led to a difficult truce and in 2000 a peace agreement was signed. The agreement established two commission, Border Commission and the Claims Commission. The delimitation ruling of the Border Commission was rejected by Ethiopia. The border continued to be heavily occupied by troops on both sides and border skirmishes continue into 2016. In June 2018, after a series of summits, the state of war was declared over in a Joint Declaration of Peace and Friendship, as Ethiopia finally agreed to honour the ruling of the Border Commission. This followed by a series of steps to improve political, economic and diplomatic ties. Transport and telephone links have been re-established, and borders reopened. In July 2018, the countries have signed the 'Agreement on Peace, Friendship and Comprehensive Cooperation' reiterating their commitment to achieving long-lasting peace in the region.

Sudanese-Eritrean Relations (1994 - 1999)

Eritrea broke diplomatic contact with neighbouring Sudan after accusing the country of attempting to destabilize the Eritrean regime. At the time it was believed that Sudan trained and armed the Eritrean Islamic Jihad Group, which aimed to establish a caliphate in the Horn of Africa. After breaking diplomatic relations, Khartoum accused Eritrea of providing support for armed Sudanese opposition groups. Indeed, Eritrea help a conference for the Sudanese opposition in 1995 in an attempt to unite them. Relations were normalized in 1999. Sudan sent troops to its eastern border (region of Kassala) with Eritrea amid security concerns involving Egyptian troops deployed in Eritrea.

Close

Eritrean Border Conflicts (1998 - 2018)

**Stage** Framework/substantive - comprehensive

**Conflict nature** Territory

**Peace process** Eritrea-Ethiopia border dispute peace process

**Parties** The State of Eritrea, President Isaias Afwerki;

The Federal Democratic Republic of Ethiopia, Prime Minister Abiy Ahmed Ali

Third parties

**Description** The agreement states that the war between the Federal Democratic Republic of Ethiopia

and the State of Eritrea has ended, and the two parties agree to cooperate in several

areas going forward.

Agreement

EH\_ER\_180916\_Agreement on Peace, Friendship and Comprehensive Cooperation.pdf

**document** (opens in new tab) | Download PDF

**Groups** 

**Children/youth** No specific mention.

**Disabled persons** No specific mention.

**Elderly/age** No specific mention.

**Migrant workers** No specific mention.

Racial/ethnic/ national group No specific mention.

**Religious groups** No specific mention.

**Indigenous people** No specific mention.

**Other groups** No specific mention.

Refugees/displaced No specific mention.

persons

**Social class** No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and

No specific mention.

gender

Men and boys No specific mention.

**LGBTI** No specific mention.

**Family** No specific mention.

**State definition** 

Nature of state Page 1

Page 1, Preamble

(general) Respecting each other's independence, sovereignty and territorial integrity;

**State configuration** No specific mention.

**Self determination** No specific mention.

**Referendum** No specific mention.

**State symbols** No specific mention.

Independence/

secession

No specific mention.

Accession/

unification

No specific mention.

Border delimitation Page 1, Article 4

The two countries will implement the Eritrea-Ethiopia Boundary Commission decision.

**Cross-border** 

provision

No specific mention.

#### Governance

**Political** No specific mention.

institutions (new or

reformed)

**Elections** No specific mention.

Electoral

No specific mention.

commission

**Political parties** 

reform

No specific mention.

**Civil society** No specific mention.

Traditional/ religious leaders No specific mention.

**Public** 

No specific mention.

administration

Constitution No specific mention.

**Power sharing** 

**Political power** 

No specific mention.

sharing

**Territorial power** 

No specific mention.

sharing

**Economic power** 

No specific mention.

sharing

**Military power** 

sharing

No specific mention.

# **Human rights and equality**

**Human rights/RoL** No specific mention.

general

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

**Treaty** 

No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and political

No specific mention.

rights

**Socio-economic** 

No specific mention.

rights

# **Rights related issues**

Citizenship No specific mention.

**Democracy** No specific mention.

**Detention** 

No specific mention.

procedures

**Media and** 

No specific mention.

communication

**Mobility/access** 

No specific mention.

**Protection** 

No specific mention.

measures

Other

No specific mention.

## **Rights institutions**

NHRI No specific mention.

**Regional or** international No specific mention.

human rights institutions

### **Justice sector reform**

Criminal justice and No specific mention. emergency law

**State of emergency** No specific mention.

provisions

**Judiciary and** 

No specific mention.

courts

**Prisons and** 

detention

No specific mention.

**Traditional Laws** No specific mention.

### **Socio-economic reconstruction**

**Development or** socio-economic

Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Socio-

economic development

reconstruction Page 1, Article 3

The two countries will develop Joint investment Projects, including the establishment of

Joint Special Economic Zones.

National economic No specific mention.

plan

**Natural resources** No specific mention.

International funds No specific mention.

**Business** No specific mention.

**Taxation** No specific mention.

**Banks** No specific mention.

### Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/

nomadism rights

No specific mention.

**Cultural heritage** 

Land, property and environment→Cultural heritage→Intangible

Page 1, Preamble

Considering the close bonds of geography, history, culture, and religion between the two

countries and their peoples;

Land, property and environment→Cultural heritage→Promotion

Page 1, Article 2

The two countries will promote comprehensive cooperation in the political, security,

defense, economic, trade, investment, cultural and social fields on the basis of

complementarity and synergy.

**Environment** No specific mention.

Water or riparian

rights or access

No specific mention.

### **Security sector**

Security

Ceasefire

No specific mention.

Guarantees

No specific mention.

**Police** 

No specific mention.

**Armed forces** 

No specific mention.

**DDR** No specific mention.

Intelligence services

No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces No specific mention.

Withdrawal of foreign forces

No specific mention.

**Corruption** No specific mention.

**Crime/organised** 

Page 1, Article 6

**crime** The two countries will combat terrorism as well as trafficking in people, arms and drugs

in accordance with international covenants and conventions.

**Drugs** Page 1, Article 6

The two countries will combat terrorism as well as trafficking in people, arms and drugs

in accordance with international covenants and conventions.

**Terrorism** Page 1, Article 6

The two countries will combat terrorism as well as trafficking in people, arms and drugs

in accordance with international covenants and conventions.

**Transitional justice** 

**Transitional justice** No specific mention.

general

**Amnesty/pardon** No specific mention.

**Courts** No specific mention.

**Mechanism** No specific mention.

**Prisoner release** No specific mention.

**Vetting** No specific mention.

**Victims** No specific mention.

**Missing persons** No specific mention.

**Reparations** No specific mention.

**Reconciliation** No specific mention.

**Implementation** 

**UN signatory** No specific mention.

 $\label{lem:condition} \textbf{Other international} \ \ \text{No specific mention}.$ 

signatory

Referendum for agreement

No specific mention.

International

No specific mention.

mission/force/ similar

Jiiiiitai

**Enforcement** Page 2, Article 7

**mechanism** The two countries will establish a High-Level Joint Committee, as well as Sub-

committees as required, to guide and oversee the implementation of this Agreement.

**Related cases** No specific mention.

**Source** Eritrea Ministry of Information http://www.shabait.com/news/local-news/27076-

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democratic-republic-of-ethiopia-and-the-state-of eritrea-