Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://www.peaceagreements.org/

Country/entity Syria

Region Middle East and North Africa

Agreement name al-Bab Security Agreement

Date 16 Jun 2017

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

Interim Yes

arrangement

Agreement/conflict Intrastate/local conflict

level

Syrian Conflicts (1948 -) (1976 - 2005) (2011 -)

The agreements relate to three different conflict contexts. Israel-Syria and Syria-Lebanon. The Syrian-Israeli conflict was a key factor for the Syrian intervention during the Lebanese Civil War, with Syrian-backed Palestinian Liberation Army units intervened in 1976 against the Palestinian/Leftist militias. Following a massacre at Tel al-Zaatar that year, Syria was forced to accept a ceasefire at a meeting of the Arab League. However, the Arab League also mandated an Arab Deterrence Force, consisting of mostly Syrian soldiers with token contributions from other Arab League states, thus further legitimizing the Syrian presence in Lebanon. During a second bout of fighting that began in 1989, caused by the formation of rival Lebanese regimes in East and West Beirut, the Syrian-backed regime won and in 1991 the 'Treaty of Brotherhood, Cooperation and Coordination' was signed to legalize the Syrian occupation as a means to ensure the security of Syria. Syrian forces were forced to withdraw in 2005 following possible involvement in the assassination of Lebanon's President Hariri.

Syria-internal. In 2011, domestic upheaval following a wave of protests across the Arab World soon led to violent repression of protestors by Syrian government troops. The violence progressed steadily and by July 2011 the Free Syrian Army (FSA) was formed consisting of defected military units and new recruits. The FSA and rebel umbrella group known as the Syrian National Council represented the first attempt at coordinating rebel factions in late 2011. However, a steady influx of foreign fighters and increased sectarianism radicalised opposition groups, which relied on foreign funding. The nature of the conflict changed drastically in late 2013 as infighting among the opposition groups increased. One of the more significant developments was the split between the al-Qaeda outfits the Islamic State in Iraq and the Levant (ISIL, ISIS), and Jabhat al-Nusra in early 2014 in addition to the intensified targeting of other rebel factions by ISIS fighters in particular, including the Kurdish Peshmerga, the FSA and other jihadist outfits. Since the summer of 2014, the conflict was further internationalized when ISIS announced the formation of an Islamic state eroding the state line between Iraq and Syria and also in mid-2015 when Russian forces intervened on behalf of the Bashar al-Assad government in Damascus.

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Close
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Syrian Conflicts (1948 - ) (1976 - 2005) (2011 - )
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Stage Ceasefire/related

Conflict nature Inter-group

Peace process Syrian Local Agreements

Parties "In the presence of the military factions undersigned and in the presence of the military

council and the local council of the al-Bab city and the security organisation and in the

presence of the brothers..."

The Military Council [Signature];

The Security Organisation [Signature];

The Sham Front [Signature];

Al-Sultan Murad, signed by Abu al-Walid al-Fari;

The Samarkand General [Signature];

Sham Legion [Signature];; Ahrar al-Sharqiyyah [Signature];

Al-Muntasir Bi-llah, signed by Ahmed Karamu; The Local Council of the City of al-Bab [Signature];

Firqa al-Hamza, signed by Walid al-'Ali;

Al-Firqa al-Shumaliyyah, signed by Muhammad Mansur [illegible];

Suqur al-Shimal [Signature]; Brigade 51 [Signature];

Northern Brigade, signed by Muhammad Mustafa al-Uthman; Al-Sultan Muhammad Fatih, signed by [Illegible] al-Shakir; Ahrar al-Sham, signed by Abu Muhammad [illegible];

Third parties [Allegedly brokered by Turkey according to secondary sources]

Description 7-point agreement providing for the overall demilitarisaion of al-Bab city through the

evacuation of all military headquarters in al-Bab City; defining who is responsible for arrests; prohibition on wearing masks; a prohibition of firing firearms; defining who may arrest soliders (not police); a prohibition on arresting former-ISIS affiliates (civilians and

fighters).

Agreement document

SY_170616_al-Bab Security Agreement_EN.pdf (opens in new tab) | Download PDF

Agreement

SY_170616_al-Bab Security Agreement_AR.pdf (opens in new tab)

document (original

language)

Groups

Children/youth No specific mention.

Disabled persons No specific mention.

Elderly/age No specific mention.

Migrant workers No specific mention.

Racial/ethnic/ national group No specific mention.

Religious groups No specific mention.

Indigenous people No specific mention.

Other groups No specific mention.

 $\textbf{Refugees/displaced} \ \ \text{No specific mention}.$

persons

Social class No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and No

gender

No specific mention.

Men and boys No specific mention.

LGBTI No specific mention.

Family No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state

No specific mention.

(general)

State configuration No specific mention.

Self determination No specific mention.

Referendum No specific mention.

State symbols No specific mention.

Independence/ secession No specific mention.

Accession/

No specific mention.

unification

Border delimitation No specific mention.

Cross-border provision

No specific mention.

Governance

Political No specific mention.

institutions (new or

reformed)

Elections No specific mention.

Electoral No specific mention.

commission

Political parties

reform

Public

No specific mention.

Civil society No specific mention.

Traditional/ religious leaders No specific mention.

No specific mention.

administration

Constitution No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political power

sharing

No specific mention.

Territorial power

sharing

No specific mention.

Economic power

sharing

No specific mention.

Military power

sharing

No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL No specific mention.

general

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty

No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and political

No specific mention.

rights

Socio-economic

rights

No specific mention.

Rights related issues

Citizenship No specific mention.

Democracy No specific mention.

Detention procedures Page 1, 2. All arrests and raids are carried out by the Chief Operating Room and the

Military Council.

Page 1, 5. The arrest of any military is prohibited through the National Police and the only authority authorized to arrest the military is the main Operating Room and the

Military Council.

7. The seizure of those who used to work for the Islamic State as a civilian or a soldier is

forbidden, and carrying weapon is forbidden.

Media and communication No specific mention.

Mobility/access No specific mention.

Protection

No specific mention.

measures

Other No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or international human rights

institutions

No specific mention.

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention.

emergency law

State of emergency No specific mention.

provisions

Judiciary and

No specific mention.

courts

Prisons and

detention

No specific mention.

Traditional Laws No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or

No specific mention.

socio-economic reconstruction

National economic No specific mention.

plan

Natural resources No specific mention.

International funds No specific mention.

Business No specific mention.

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/

No specific mention.

nomadism rights

Cultural heritage

No specific mention.

Environment

No specific mention.

Water or riparian

rights or access

No specific mention.

Security sector

Security Guarantees

Page 1, 1. Evacuation of all military headquarters located within al-Bab city.

Page 1, 3. It is strictly forbidden to wear the "al-Sham" mask over the face for military and

civilians even during raids.

Page 1, 4. Shooting and any infraction are strictly forbidden and the [gun] owner will be

accountable and [his] arms [will be] confiscated.

Ceasefire Security sector→Ceasefire→Ceasefire provision

Page 1, 4. Shooting and any infraction are strictly forbidden and the [gun] owner will be

accountable and [his] arms [will be] confiscated.

Page 1, 6. Armed patrols inside the city is forbidden.

Police No specific mention.

Armed forces No specific mention.

DDR Security sector→DDR→Demilitarisation provisions

Page 1, 1. Evacuation of all military headquarters located within al-Bab city.

Page 1, 4. Shooting and any infraction are strictly forbidden and the [gun] owner will be

accountable and [his] arms [will be] confiscated.

Page 1, 6. Armed patrols inside the city is forbidden.

Intelligence services

No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces Page 1, 2. All arrests and raids are carried out by the Chief Operating Room and the

Military Council.

Withdrawal of foreign forces

No specific mention.

Corruption No specific mention.

Crime/organised crime

No specific mention.

Drugs No specific mention.

Terrorism 7. The seizure of those who used to work for the Islamic State as a civilian or a soldier is

forbidden, and carrying weapon is forbidden.

Transitional justice

Transitional justice No specific mention.

general

Amnesty/pardon No specific mention.

Courts No specific mention.

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner release No specific mention.

Vetting No specific mention.

Victims No specific mention.

Missing persons No specific mention.

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation No specific mention.

Implementation

UN signatory No specific mention.

 $\label{lem:condition} \textbf{Other international} \ \ \text{No specific mention}.$

signatory

Referendum for agreement

No specific mention.

International mission/force/

No specific mention.

Enforcement mechanism

similar

No specific mention.

Related cases No specific mention.

Source Watan FM, The factions of the "Euphrates Shield" in the city of Al-Bab in the eastern

countryside of Aleppo have concluded an agreement stipulating the evacuation of all military villages inside the city, https://web.archive.org/web/20200109171149/https://

watan.fm/news/syria-news/95884

Enab Baladi (2017), Agreement to vacate the military headquarters in the city of Al-Bab

under Turkish sponsorship, June 17, https://web.archive.org/save/https://

enabbaladi.net/archives/156599