Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://www.peaceagreements.org/

Country/entity Kyrgyzstan

Tajikistan

Region Europe and Eurasia

Agreement name Joint Statement

Date 29 Jun 2021

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

Interim Yes

arrangement

Agreement/conflict Interstate/interstate conflict

level

Kyrgyzstan-Tajikistan Border Clashes

A border conflict began between Kyrgyzstan and Tajikistan on 28 April 2021. Both countries had become independent of Russia in 1991, with Russia having delimited the border between them. Military from each country along the border began clashes, with the precise reasons disputed, although possibly related to historic disputes over water. This clash escalated militarily. At least 55 people were killed in the events and more than 40,000 civilians were displaced. In January 2022, sporadic clashes resumed, killing at least 2 and wounding many more. An initial ceasefire was declared (no formal agreement has been found) 30 April 2021, but did not fully hold. This led to ongoing mediation of the dispute and a statement of agreement between the Presidents.

Close

Kyrgyzstan-Tajikistan Border Clashes

Stage Pre-negotiation/process

Conflict nature Territory

Peace process Kyrgyzstan–Tajikistan Border Process

Parties The Republic of Tajikistan represented by President Emomali Rahmon, the Kyrgyz

Republic represented by the President Sadyr Japarov.

Third parties -

Description This is a meeting between the two presidents of Tajikistan and Kyrgyzstan to discuss a

range of issues of shared interest between to countries. Although there is no substantive commitments made in the meeting, there is mention of series of existing trade pacts and

interstate commissions.

Agreement document

KG_TJ_210629_Joint Statement.pdf (opens in new tab) | Download PDF

Groups

Children/youth No specific mention.

Disabled persons No specific mention.

Elderly/age No specific mention.

Migrant workers No specific mention.

Racial/ethnic/

Groups→Racial/ethnic/national group→Rhetorical

national group Page 4, 14.

The heads of state agreed to create favorable living conditions for ethnic Kyrgyz in the

Republic of Tajikistan and ethnic Tajiks in the Kyrgyz Republic.

Religious groups No specific mention.

Indigenous people No specific mention.

Other groups No specific mention.

Refugees/displaced No specific mention.

persons

Social class No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and

gender

No specific mention.

Men and boys No specific mention.

LGBTI No specific mention.

Family No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state

No specific mention.

(general)

State configuration No specific mention.

Self determination No specific mention.

Referendum No specific mention.

State symbols No specific mention.

Independence/
secession

No specific mention.

Accession/

No specific mention.

unification

Border delimitation Page 2, 3.

The Presidents noted the prevention of border conflicts on the Kyrgyz-Tajik border and the need for the parties to comply with international obligations and international law.

Page 2, 4.

The heads of state discussed issues related to the delimitation and demarcation of the Kyrgyz-Tajik state border. They spoke in favor of speeding up negotiations and searching for mutually acceptable solutions within the framework of the Intergovernmental Commission on the Delimitation and Demarcation of the Kyrgyz-Tajik State Border.

Page 3, 6.

The heads of state emphasized that there are necessary interaction mechanisms for the development of interstate dialogue, primarily the Interstate Coordination Council, the Intergovernmental Commission for the Comprehensive Consideration of Issues of Bilateral Cooperation, the Intergovernmental Commission on Delimitation and Demarcation of the Kyrgyz-Tajik State Border and the Council of Foreign Ministers.

An agreement was reached to hold a regular meeting of the Intergovernmental Commission for the Comprehensive Review of Bilateral Cooperation Issues in the second half of 2021 in Kyrgyzstan.

Cross-border provision

Page 3, 6.

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Page 3, 7.

The Presidents note the importance of the inter-parliamentary dimension of Kyrgyz-Tajik relations.

Governance

Political Governance→Political institutions (new or reformed)→General references

institutions (new or Page 3, 7.

reformed) The Presidents note the importance of the inter-parliamentary dimension of Kyrgyz-Tajik

relations.

Elections No specific mention.

Electoral No specific mention. **commission**

Political parties

reform

No specific mention.

Civil society

No specific mention.

Traditional/

religious leaders

No specific mention.

Public

administration

No specific mention.

Constitution

No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political power

sharing

No specific mention.

Territorial power

sharing

No specific mention.

Economic power

sharing

No specific mention.

Military power

sharing

No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

general

Human rights/RoL No specific mention.

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty

No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and political

No specific mention.

rights

Socio-economic

No specific mention.

rights

Rights related issues

Citizenship No specific mention.

Democracy No specific mention.

Detention procedures

No specific mention.

Media and

No specific mention.

communication

Mobility/access No specific mention.

Protection

No specific mention.

measures

Other No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or Rights institutions→Regional or international human rights institutions→Other

international Page 4, 20.

human rights The President of the Republic of Tajikistan supported the candidacy of the Kyrgyz

institutions Republic to the UN Human Rights Council for 2023-2025.

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention.

emergency law

State of emergency No specific mention.

provisions

Judiciary and No specific mention.

courts

Prisons and No specific mention.

detention

Traditional Laws No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or socio-economic reconstruction

Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Socioeconomic development

Page 2, 5.

The heads of state called for the continuation of the joint efforts of the states of Central Asia to intensify cooperation in the political, economic, cultural, humanitarian and other spheres. They noted the importance of holding regular consultative meetings of the heads of state of Central Asia, which contribute to the formation of a new atmosphere of interaction in the region.

Page 3, 6.

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Page 3,

An agreement was reached to hold a regular meeting of the Intergovernmental Commission for the Comprehensive Review of Issues of Bilateral Cooperation in the second half of 2021 in Kyrgyzstan.

Page 3, 10.

The Presidents called for the establishment of interregional relations between the Kyrgyz Republic and the Republic of Tajikistan. They emphasized that the regions of the two states have sufficient opportunities for the implementation of joint projects in the agroindustrial complex, cultural, humanitarian, scientific and technical fields.

Page 5, 23.

The Presidents welcomed the holding in November 2021 in the city of Bishkek of the First Economic Forum "European Union - Central Asia" at the level of prime ministers of Central Asia and high representatives of the EU.

Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Infrastructure and reconstruction

Page 4, 13.

The Presidents noted the importance of continuing cooperation between the Kyrgyz Republic and the Republic of Tajikistan on the implementation of projects for the construction of power lines, including the construction of the Central Asia-South Asia CASA-1000 regional power transmission line.

National economic No specific mention.

plan

Natural resources No specific mention.

International funds No specific mention.

Business Page 3, 8.

The heads of state noted the decrease in the volume of mutual trade between the Kyrgyz Republic and the Republic of Tajikistan. In this context, we advocated the adoption of appropriate measures to use the untapped potential of trade and economic cooperation. They noted the need to organize mutual business economic missions,

exhibitions in priority areas of economies and business forums.

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/ nomadism rights

No specific mention.

Cultural heritage

Land, property and environment→Cultural heritage→Promotion

Page 3, 10.

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Page 4, 15.

The Presidents noted the need to intensify Kyrgyz-Tajik cultural and humanitarian cooperation through joint cultural events, which will help bring peoples closer together and strengthen interethnic and cultural ties.

Land, property and environment→Cultural heritage→Other

Page 2, 1.

Kyrgyz-Tajik relations are based on centuries-old historical ties, common cultural and spiritual values.

Environment

Page 3, 11.

In order to meet the growing needs of the population and economies of the Central Asian states and taking into account the negative trends in climate change and obligations under the Paris Agreement, the Heads of State expressed their readiness to mutually support the international initiatives of the two countries to develop their huge hydropower potential to provide the region and beyond environmentally friendly renewable energy.

Page 4, 17.

The President of the Kyrgyz Republic welcomed the global water initiatives of the Republic of Tajikistan and noted the adoption on December 21, 2020 of the resolution of the UN General Assembly "UN Conference on the Midterm Comprehensive Review of the Achievement of the Goals of the International Decade for Action 'Water for Sustainable Development', 2018–2028".

Page 4, 18.

The President of the Republic of Tajikistan welcomed the adoption of the resolution "Nature knows no borders: transboundary cooperation is a key factor in the conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity", initiated by the Kyrgyz Republic in the framework of the 75th session of the UN General Assembly.

Page 4, 19.

The President of the Kyrgyz Republic welcomed the initiative of the President of the Republic of Tajikistan to declare 2025 the International Year for the Preservation of Glaciers.

Water or riparian rights or access

Page 3, 11.

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Security sector

Security Guarantees No specific mention.

Ceasefire

No specific mention.

Police No specific mention.

Armed forces No specific mention.

DDR No specific mention.

Intelligence services

No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces

No specific mention.

Withdrawal of foreign forces

No specific mention.

Corruption No specific mention.

Crime/organised

Page 3, 9.

crime

The Presidents expressed their concern about the ongoing smuggling of goods in the border areas of the Kyrgyz Republic and the Republic of Tajikistan. It is believed that this

circumstance is detrimental to bilateral economic relations.

Drugs No specific mention.

Terrorism No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional justice No specific mention.

general

Amnesty/pardon No specific mention.

Courts No specific mention.

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner release No specific mention.

Vetting No specific mention.

Victims No specific mention.

Missing persons No specific mention.

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation No specific mention.

Implementation

UN signatory No specific mention.

Other international No specific mention.

signatory

Referendum for No

agreement

No specific mention.

International

mission/force/

similar

No specific mention.

Enforcement

mechanism

No specific mention.

Related cases No specific mention.

Source http://www.president.kg/ru/sobytiya/

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