

<b>Country/entity</b>	Colombia
<b>Region</b>	Americas
<b>Agreement name</b>	Comunicado de la reunión extraordinaria de la Mesa de Diálogos para la Paz entre el Gobierno nacional y el Estado Mayor Central de las FARC-EP
<b>Date</b>	5 Apr 2024
<b>Agreement status</b>	Multiparty signed/agreed
<b>Interim arrangement</b>	Yes
<b>Agreement/conflict level</b>	Intrastate/intrastate conflict

### Colombian Conflict (1964 - )

The Colombian conflict is really a set of conflicts and the peace agreements reflect both different processes relating to different conflict groups and dyads, and processes taking place at different times in a complex peace process history. The Colombian civil war has its roots in the late 1940s and the violent infighting between liberal and the conservative factions. Emerging from the liberal tradition with a thorough grounding in nationalist communist ideology, the Revolutionary Armed Forces of Colombia—People's Army (FARC) began its armed insurrection against the Colombian government in 1964. Other left-wing guerrillas emerged as well, most notably the socialist/populist M-19, which would later be integrated into the formal political system in the peace process of 1990s; the National Liberation Army (ELN), which has strong roots in liberation theology, and the Maoist Ejército Popular de Liberación (EPL) (also part of the 1990 process, less successfully). Several stages of peace processes were undertaken by the various sides, which were further complicated by the emergence of right-wing paramilitary 'self-defence' forces. The peace agreement between the Colombian government under President Uribe and the main alliance of the paramilitary groups, the United Self-Defence Forces of Colombia (AUC), concluded in 2005 and is still heavily disputed as several remnants are still active, but now subsumed under the heading 'Bacrim' (Bandas criminales). In addition, FARC and ELN maintain a military presence, but both demonstrate a strong interest in completing successful peace negotiations with the government, with the most recent agreements being between FARC and the Government.

Close  
Colombian Conflict (1964 - )

<b>Stage</b>	Pre-negotiation/process
<b>Conflict nature</b>	Government/territory
<b>Peace process</b>	Colombia VII - Petro Peace Dialogues with FARC-EP

**Parties**

Camilo Gonzalez Posso, Coordinator, Delegation of the National Government in the Peace Dialogues Table;

Leopoldo Duran Garcia, Head of Delegation of the Central General Staff of the FARC-EP;

Gloria Quinceno Acevedo, Delegation of the National Government In the Peace Dialogues Table;

Calarca Cordoba, Delegation of the Central General Staff of the FARC-EP;

[No signature], Fabio Valencia Cossio, Delegation of the National Government in the Peace Dialogues Table;

Andrey Avendano, Delegation of the Central General Staff of the FARC-EP;

Feliciano Valencia Medina, Delegation of the National Government in the Peace Dialogues Table;

Jose Tomas Ojeda, Delegation of the Central General Staff of the FARC-EP;

Luz Dari Landazuri Segura, Delegation of the National Government in the Peace Dialogues Table;

Javier 33, Delegation of the Central General Staff of the FARC-EP;

[No signature], Carlos Murgas Davila, Delegation of the National Government in the Peace Dialogues Table;

[No signature], Robinson Caicedo Rios, Delegation of the Central General Staff of the FARC-EP;

Coronel (r) Genny Calvo Olmos, Delegation of the National Government in the Peace Dialogues Table;

Erika Castro, Delegation of the Central General Staff of the FARC-EP;

Yesid Arteta Davil, Delegation of the National Government in the Peace Dialogues Table;

Cipriano Cortes, Delegation of the Central General Staff of the FARC-EP;

Oscar Gerardo Salazar Munoz, Delegation of the National Government in the Peace Dialogues Table;

Coronel (r) Luis Alfonso Novoa Diaz, Delegation of the National Government in the Peace Dialogues Table;

[No signature] Pedro Arenas, Delegation of the National Government in the Peace Dialogues Table.

**Third parties**

Signed the guarantors as witness and depositaries:

Armando Franchi, Counsellor Embassy Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela;

Fiona Nic Dhonnacha, Ambassador of Ireland;

Phillip Lustenberger, Special Envoy, Swiss Confederation;

Dag Nagoda, Minister Counsellor, Embassy of the Kingdom of Norway;

Accompanying Persons:

Raul Rosende, Delegate of the Special Representative of the General Secretary of the United Nations in Colombia;

Edelma Gomez, Organisation of American States Mission to Support the Peace Process (MAPP-OEA);

Padre Eliecer Soto Ardila, Representative Episcopal Conference of Colombia;

Humberto Martin Shikiya, Representative World Council of Churches;

Observer:

Gilles Bertrand, Ambassador of the European Union in Colombia.

**Description**

Representatives of the Colombian government and FARC-EP held an extraordinary meeting to discuss the continuation of talks, after a violent incident which prompted the central government to suspend the ceasefire reached with Estado Mayor Central (EMC, a group of FARC dissidents) in the San Jose del Guaviare talks (Cycle IV). The Government and FARC-EP agreed to continue their talks and plan their fifth cycle.

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**Agreement document**

[CO\\_240405\\_Comunicado\\_de\\_la\\_reunión\\_extraordinaria\\_de\\_la\\_Mesa\\_de\\_Diálogos\\_para\\_la\\_Paz\\_EN \(opens in new tab\)](#) | [Download PDF](#)

**Agreement document (original language)**

[CO\\_240405\\_Comunicado de la reunión extraordinaria de la Mesa de Diálogos para la Paz \(opens in new tab\)](#)

**Source of document**

<https://www.altocomisionadoparalapaz.gov.co/prensa/Paginas/comunicado-de-la-reunion-extraordinaria.aspx>

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## **Groups**

<b>Children/youth</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Disabled persons</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Elderly/age</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Migrant workers</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Racial/ethnic/ national group</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Religious groups</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Indigenous people</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Other groups</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Refugees/displaced persons</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Social class</b>	No specific mention.

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## **Gender**

<b>Women, girls and gender</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Men and boys</b>	No specific mention.
<b>LGBTI</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Family</b>	No specific mention.

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## **State definition**

<b>Nature of state (general)</b>	No specific mention.
<b>State configuration</b>	No specific mention.

**Self determination** No specific mention.

**Referendum** No specific mention.

**State symbols** No specific mention.

**Independence/  
secession** No specific mention.

**Accession/  
unification** No specific mention.

**Border delimitation** No specific mention.

**Cross-border  
provision** No specific mention.

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## **Governance**

**Political  
institutions (new or  
reformed)** No specific mention.

**Elections** No specific mention.

**Electoral  
commission** No specific mention.

**Political parties  
reform** No specific mention.

**Civil society** No specific mention.

**Traditional/  
religious leaders** No specific mention.

**Public  
administration** No specific mention.

**Constitution** No specific mention.

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## **Power sharing**

**Political power sharing** No specific mention.

**Territorial power sharing** No specific mention.

**Economic power sharing** No specific mention.

**Military power sharing** No specific mention.

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## **Human rights and equality**

**Human rights/RoL general** No specific mention.

**Bill of rights/similar** No specific mention.

**Treaty incorporation** No specific mention.

**Civil and political rights** No specific mention.

**Socio-economic rights** No specific mention.

## **Rights related issues**

<b>Citizenship</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Democracy</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Detention procedures</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Media and communication</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Mobility/access</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Protection measures</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Other</b>	No specific mention.

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## **Rights institutions**

<b>NHRI</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Regional or international human rights institutions</b>	No specific mention.

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## **Justice sector reform**

<b>Criminal justice and emergency law</b>	No specific mention.
<b>State of emergency provisions</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Judiciary and courts</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Prisons and detention</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Traditional Laws</b>	No specific mention.

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## **Socio-economic reconstruction**

**Development or socio-economic reconstruction** Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Socio-economic development  
Plans were also drawn up to put into motion the special agreements for territorial transformation in areas of Caquetá, Guaviare, Meta, Putumayo, Norte de Santander, Sur de Bolívar, and Norte de Antioquia.  
The Peace Dialogue Table considers of the utmost importance the call for social and institutional participation for territorial and national transformation and the pursuit of peace with social and environmental justice.

**National economic plan** No specific mention.

**Natural resources** No specific mention.

**International funds** No specific mention.

**Business** No specific mention.

**Taxation** No specific mention.

**Banks** No specific mention.

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## **Land, property and environment**

**Land reform/rights** No specific mention.

**Pastoralist/nomadism rights** No specific mention.

**Cultural heritage** No specific mention.

**Environment** The Peace Dialogue Table considers of the utmost importance the call for social and institutional participation for territorial and national transformation and the pursuit of peace with social and environmental justice.

**Water or riparian rights or access** No specific mention.

## **Security sector**

**Security Guarantees** No specific mention.

**Ceasefire** Security sector→Ceasefire→General commitments  
We have analysed the difficulties of the ceasefire, related to the partial suspension decree and the challenges for strict compliance with the agreements and protocols on the ceasefire and respect for the population.  
Decisions were taken to strengthen the National Oversight, Monitoring and Verification Mechanism, the regional ones already in place and the local ones.

**Police** No specific mention.

**Armed forces** No specific mention.

**DDR** No specific mention.

**Intelligence services** No specific mention.

**Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces** No specific mention.

**Withdrawal of foreign forces** No specific mention.

**Corruption** No specific mention.

**Crime/organised crime** No specific mention.

**Drugs** No specific mention.

**Terrorism** No specific mention.

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## **Transitional justice**

**Transitional justice general** No specific mention.

**Amnesty/pardon** No specific mention.

**Courts** No specific mention.

<b>Mechanism</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Prisoner release</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Vetting</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Victims</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Missing persons</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Reparations</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Reconciliation</b>	No specific mention.

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## **Implementation**

<b>UN signatory</b>	Raúl Rosende Delegate of the Special Representative of the General Secretary Of the United Nations in Colombia
<b>Other international signatory</b>	Signed the guarantors as witness and depositaries: Armando Franchi Counsellor Embassy Bolivarian Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela Fiona Nic Dhonnacha Ambassador of Ireland Phillip Lustenberger Special Envoy Swiss Confederation Dag Nagoda Minister Counsellor Embassy of the Kingdom of Norway Accompanying persons: Edelma Gómez Organisation of American States Mission to Support the Peace Process (MAPP-OEA) Observer: Gilles Bertrand Ambassador of the European Union in Colombia
<b>Referendum for agreement</b>	No specific mention.

**International mission/force/similar**

No specific mention.

**Enforcement mechanism**

No specific mention.

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