

Country/entity	Colombia
Region	Americas
Agreement name	Acuerdo sobre la Participación en la MDP
Date	17 Oct 2024
Agreement status	Multiparty signed/agreed
Interim arrangement	Yes
Agreement/conflict level	Intrastate/intrastate conflict

Colombian Conflict (1964 -)

The Colombian conflict is really a set of conflicts and the peace agreements reflect both different processes relating to different conflict groups and dyads, and processes taking place at different times in a complex peace process history. The Colombian civil war has its roots in the late 1940s and the violent infighting between liberal and the conservative factions. Emerging from the liberal tradition with a thorough grounding in nationalist communist ideology, the Revolutionary Armed Forces of Colombia—People's Army (FARC) began its armed insurrection against the Colombian government in 1964. Other left-wing guerrillas emerged as well, most notably the socialist/populist M-19, which would later be integrated into the formal political system in the peace process of 1990s; the National Liberation Army (ELN), which has strong roots in liberation theology, and the Maoist Ejército Popular de Liberación (EPL) (also part of the 1990 process, less successfully). Several stages of peace processes were undertaken by the various sides, which were further complicated by the emergence of right-wing paramilitary 'self-defence' forces. The peace agreement between the Colombian government under President Uribe and the main alliance of the paramilitary groups, the United Self-Defence Forces of Colombia (AUC), concluded in 2005 and is still heavily disputed as several remnants are still active, but now subsumed under the heading 'Bacrim' (Bandas criminales). In addition, FARC and ELN maintain a military presence, but both demonstrate a strong interest in completing successful peace negotiations with the government, with the most recent agreements being between FARC and the Government.

Close
Colombian Conflict (1964 -)

Stage	Pre-negotiation/process
Conflict nature	Government/territory
Peace process	Colombia VII - Petro Peace Dialogues with FARC-EP

Parties

National Government Delegation:

Camilo González Posso (Coordinator)
Gloria Quinceno
Fabio Valencia Cossio
Feliciano Valencia Medina
Luz Dary Landázury Segura
Carlos Murgas Dávila (No signature noted)
Pedro José Arenas García
Colonel (r) Genny Calvo Olmos (No signature noted)
Yesid Arteta Dávila
Oscar Gerardo Salazar Muñoz (No signature noted)
Colonel (r) Luis Alfonso Novoa Díaz

FARC-EP Delegation (EMBF):

Leopoldo Durán (Coordinator)
Calarcá Córdova
Andrey Avendaño
Javier 33
José Tomás Ojeda
Richard
Cipriano Cortés

Third parties

Guarantors:

Armando Franchi - Representative of the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela
Louise Wilson - Deputy Head of Mission, Embassy of Ireland
Phillip Lustenberger - Special Envoy, Swiss Confederation
Dag Nagoda - Minister Counsellor, Embassy of the Kingdom of Norway

Accompanying Persons:

Fernando Burguillos - Delegate of the Special Representative of the General Secretary of the United Nations in Colombia
Edelma Gómez - Organisation of American States Mission to Support the Peace Process, MAPP-OEA
Padre Jhon Jard Montoya - Representative Episcopal Conference of Colombia
Humberto Martín Shikiya - Representative World Council of Churches

Observer:

Jörg Schreiber - Business officer a.i., Delegation of the European Union

Description	This agreement establishes a framework for citizen, social, and community participation in the peace dialogue process between the Colombian government and FARC-EP factions. It outlines principles, approaches, and methodologies for inclusive participation in constructing the peace agreement around ten thematic axes. The agreement emphasizes the importance of pluralistic participation from various societal sectors, particularly focusing on ethnic, peasant, and territorial approaches while ensuring security guarantees for participants.
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Agreement document	CO_241016_Acuerdo_sobre_la_Participación__en_la_MDP_EN (opens in new tab) Download PDF
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Agreement document (original language)	CO_241016_Acuerdo sobre la Participación en la MDP (opens in new tab)
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Groups

Children/youth	<p>Groups→Children/youth→Rhetorical</p> <p>The parties envisage a participation process based on the following principles:</p> <p>Pluralism: guarantee the active participation of organisations representing different sectors of society without exclusion for political, economic, religious, ethnic, gender or sexual orientation reasons. All persons and representatives of the different sectors of civil society will have a voice in the spaces for participation in the MDP. Grassroots social organisations, victims of the conflict, indigenous peoples, communities of black, Afro-Colombian, Afro-Colombian, Raizal, Palenquero, Rrom, peasant, women, youth, entrepreneurs, churches, representatives of political parties, academics, peace signatories, other community organisations and other groups with special constitutional protection will participate in a special way.</p>
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...

In accordance with the Agreements signed and criteria that have been developed, the following approaches will be taken as a basis:

...

Differential and population-based: It recognises differentially the particular needs that can contribute to guarantee equality, equity and non-discrimination, based on diversity by age, due to demographic, cultural, political, economic, gender and ethnic dynamics.

Disabled persons	<p>Groups→Disabled persons→Anti-discrimination</p> <p>In accordance with the Agreements signed and criteria that have been developed, the following approaches will be taken as a basis:</p>
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...

Intersectional: recognises the simultaneity of two or more differential categories in people: gender, sexual orientation, ethnicity, social class, age, religion, disability or physical impairment, political affiliation, among others, and how these can interact at the same time, generating multiple discriminations or inequalities.

Elderly/age

Groups→Elderly/age→Anti-discrimination

In accordance with the Agreements signed and criteria that have been developed, the following approaches will be taken as a basis:

...

Intersectional: recognises the simultaneity of two or more differential categories in people: gender, sexual orientation, ethnicity, social class, age, religion, disability or physical impairment, political affiliation, among others, and how these can interact at the same time, generating multiple discriminations or inequalities.

Migrant workers

No specific mention.

**Racial/ethnic/
national group**

Groups→Racial/ethnic/national group→Rhetorical

The parties envisage a participation process based on the following principles:

Pluralism: guarantee the active participation of organisations representing different sectors of society without exclusion for political, economic, religious, ethnic, gender or sexual orientation reasons. All persons and representatives of the different sectors of civil society will have a voice in the spaces for participation in the MDP. Grassroots social organisations, victims of the conflict, indigenous peoples, communities of black, Afro-Colombian, Afro-Colombian, Raizal, Palenquero, Rrom, peasant, women, youth, entrepreneurs, churches, representatives of political parties, academics, peace signatories, other community organisations and other groups with special constitutional protection will participate in a special way.

...

In accordance with the Agreements signed and criteria that have been developed, the following approaches will be taken as a basis:

...

Ethnic approach: recognises ethnic peoples and communities as subjects of special protection, their territories, their ways of life and organisational forms.

It promotes respect for the collective, community, spiritual and cultural vision, as well as for life and ethno-development plans.

Also, to align with their traditional forms and mechanisms of protection and self-protection.

The ethnic approach demands guaranteeing the broad participation of indigenous, Rrom, black, raizal and palenquero peoples, taking into account the right to prior, free and informed consultation, the special consultation mechanism, consent and cultural objection.

...

Differential and population-based: It recognises differentially the particular needs that can contribute to guarantee equality, equity and non-discrimination, based on diversity by age, due to demographic, cultural, political, economic, gender and ethnic dynamics.

...

In accordance with the Agreement on the Construction of the Agenda for Peace, signed in Cycle V, the following thematic axes are defined:

...

Methodology of participation in the Dialogues Table events.

...

The Commissions are made up of community spokespersons from representative peasant organisations, productive, urban and women's sectors, forms of ethnic representation and associations of community boards with territorial roots, as well as persons delegated by ministries, government agencies, technical institutes, decentralised entities, governors' and mayors' offices, among others.

Groups→Racial/ethnic/national group→Anti-discrimination

In accordance with the Agreements signed and criteria that have been developed, the following approaches will be taken as a basis:

...

Intersectional: recognises the simultaneity of two or more differential categories in people: gender, sexual orientation, ethnicity, social class, age, religion, disability or physical impairment, political affiliation, among others, and how these can interact at the same time, generating multiple discriminations or inequalities.

Groups→Racial/ethnic/national group→Substantive

In accordance with the Agreement on the Construction of the Agenda for Peace, signed in Cycle V, the following thematic axes are defined:

...

Methodology of participation in the Dialogues Table events.

...

c. In order to guarantee ethnic, peasant, women's groups and LGBTIQ+ people's

Religious groups

Groups→Religious groups→Rhetorical

The parties envisage a participation process based on the following principles:

Pluralism: guarantee the active participation of organisations representing different sectors of society without exclusion for political, economic, religious, ethnic, gender or sexual orientation reasons. All persons and representatives of the different sectors of civil society will have a voice in the spaces for participation in the MDP. Grassroots social organisations, victims of the conflict, indigenous peoples, communities of black, Afro-Colombian, Afro-Colombian, Raizal, Palenquero, Rrom, peasant, women, youth, entrepreneurs, churches, representatives of political parties, academics, peace signatories, other community organisations and other groups with special constitutional protection will participate in a special way.

Groups→Religious groups→Anti-discrimination

In accordance with the Agreements signed and criteria that have been developed, the following approaches will be taken as a basis:

...

Intersectional: recognises the simultaneity of two or more differential categories in people: gender, sexual orientation, ethnicity, social class, age, religion, disability or physical impairment, political affiliation, among others, and how these can interact at the same time, generating multiple discriminations or inequalities.

Indigenous people

Groups→Indigenous people→Rhetorical

In accordance with the Agreements signed and criteria that have been developed, the following approaches will be taken as a basis:

...

The ethnic approach demands guaranteeing the broad participation of indigenous, Rrom, black, raizal and palenquero peoples, taking into account the right to prior, free and informed consultation, the special consultation mechanism, consent and cultural objection.

...

In accordance with the Agreement on the Construction of the Agenda for Peace, signed in Cycle V, the following thematic axes are defined:

...

In the process of constructing the contents of the Thematic Agenda and the Special Territorial Transformation Agreements, the following methodological guidelines will be used, in addition to observance of the agreements and protocols signed at the Roundtable:

...

- Ancestral rituals of indigenous peoples.

Groups→Indigenous people→Substantive

In accordance with the Agreement on the Construction of the Agenda for Peace, signed in Cycle V, the following thematic axes are defined:

...

Methodology of participation in the Dialogues Table events.

...

Delegates may be appointed by resguardos, communities, community councils, among other territorial authorities, as well as peasant reserve zones and peasant agro-food territories, to represent them at the events.

Other groups

Groups→Other groups→Rhetorical

The parties envisage a participation process based on the following principles:

Pluralism: guarantee the active participation of organisations representing different sectors of society without exclusion for political, economic, religious, ethnic, gender or sexual orientation reasons. All persons and representatives of the different sectors of civil society will have a voice in the spaces for participation in the MDP. Grassroots social organisations, victims of the conflict, indigenous peoples, communities of black, Afro-Colombian, Afro-Colombian, Raizal, Palenquero, Rrom, peasant, women, youth, entrepreneurs, churches, representatives of political parties, academics, peace signatories, other community organisations and other groups with special constitutional protection will participate in a special way.

...

In accordance with the Agreement on the Construction of the Agenda for Peace, signed in Cycle V, the following thematic axes are defined:

...

Methodology of participation in the Dialogues Table events.

...

The Commissions are made up of community spokespersons from representative peasant organisations, productive, urban and women's sectors, forms of ethnic representation and associations of community boards with territorial roots, as well as persons delegated by ministries, government agencies, technical institutes, decentralised entities, governors' and mayors' offices, among others.

Groups→Other groups→Anti-discrimination

In accordance with the Agreements signed and criteria that have been developed, the following approaches will be taken as a basis:

...

Intersectional: recognises the simultaneity of two or more differential categories in people: gender, sexual orientation, ethnicity, social class, age, religion, disability or physical impairment, political affiliation, among others, and how these can interact at the same time, generating multiple discriminations or inequalities.

Groups→Other groups→Substantive

In accordance with the Agreements signed and criteria that have been developed, the following approaches will be taken as a basis:

...

Peasant approach: recognises peasants in their economic, territorial, social, cultural, political and environmental dimension, guaranteeing the special protection of their rights in accordance with their constitutional recognition as subjects of special protection.

The forms of territoriality and peasant organisation will be ensured, respecting both their collective and individual vision, as well as their cultural approaches, productive services and technical assistance needs.

This approach guarantees broad participation, in line with the differential approach of male and female peasants, without any kind of discrimination.

This is based on Articles 13 and 64 of the National Constitution, the Law and the jurisprudence on peasantry.

...

In accordance with the Agreement on the Construction of the Agenda for Peace, signed in Cycle V, the following thematic axes are defined:

...

Methodology of participation in the Dialogues Table events.

...

c. In order to guarantee ethnic, peasant, women's groups and LGBTIQ+ people's participation, the initial step will be to identify representatives of organisations, peasant, indigenous, Afro-descendant, Raizal, Rrom and Palenquero communities present in each zone.

Refugees/displaced persons No specific mention.

Social class Groups→Social class→Rhetorical

In accordance with the Agreements signed and criteria that have been developed, the following approaches will be taken as a basis:

...

Differential and population-based: It recognises differentially the particular needs that can contribute to guarantee equality, equity and non-discrimination, based on diversity by age, due to demographic, cultural, political, economic, gender and ethnic dynamics.

Groups→Social class→Anti-discrimination

In accordance with the Agreements signed and criteria that have been developed, the following approaches will be taken as a basis:

...

Intersectional: recognises the simultaneity of two or more differential categories in people: gender, sexual orientation, ethnicity, social class, age, religion, disability or physical impairment, political affiliation, among others, and how these can interact at the same time, generating multiple discriminations or inequalities.

Gender

Women, girls and gender

The parties envisage a participation process based on the following principles:

Pluralism: guarantee the active participation of organisations representing different sectors of society without exclusion for political, economic, religious, ethnic, gender or sexual orientation reasons. All persons and representatives of the different sectors of civil society will have a voice in the spaces for participation in the MDP. Grassroots social organisations, victims of the conflict, indigenous peoples, communities of black, Afro-Colombian, Afro-Colombian, Raizal, Palenquero, Rrom, peasant, women, youth, entrepreneurs, churches, representatives of political parties, academics, peace signatories, other community organisations and other groups with special constitutional protection will participate in a special way.

...

In accordance with the Agreements signed and criteria that have been developed, the following approaches will be taken as a basis:

...

Woman and gender: it recognises, analyses and promotes measures for the necessary transformations and relevant methodologies to counteract the structural inequalities and inequities in the construction of roles and positions based on gender, with special emphasis on the situation of women and girls and the relations of subordination that permeates their lives. Consequently, in terms of participation, the need is defined for methodologies that guarantee participation that is inclusive, diverse and respectful of differences, without discrimination or stigmatisation.

With guarantees for the participation of women and LGBTIQ+ people or Diverse Sexual Orientations and Gender Identities (OSIGD).

Intersectional: recognises the simultaneity of two or more differential categories in people: gender, sexual orientation, ethnicity, social class, age, religion, disability or physical impairment, political affiliation, among others, and how these can interact at the same time, generating multiple discriminations or inequalities.

Differential and population-based: It recognises differentially the particular needs that can contribute to guarantee equality, equity and non-discrimination, based on diversity by age, due to demographic, cultural, political, economic, gender and ethnic dynamics.

...

In accordance with the Agreement on the Construction of the Agenda for Peace, signed in Cycle V, the following thematic axes are defined:

...

Methodology of participation in the Dialogues Table events.

...

c. In order to guarantee ethnic, peasant, women's groups and LGBTIQ+ people's participation, the initial step will be to identify representatives of organisations, peasant, indigenous, Afro-descendant, Raizal, Rrom and Palenquero communities present in each zone.

...

The Commissions are made up of community spokespersons from representative peasant organisations, productive, urban and women's sectors, forms of ethnic representation and associations of community boards with territorial roots, as well as persons delegated by ministries, government agencies, technical institutes, decentralised entities, governors' and mayors' offices, among others.

Men and boys

No specific mention.

LGBTI

Gender→LGBTI→LGBTI (positive)

The parties envisage a participation process based on the following principles:

Pluralism: guarantee the active participation of organisations representing different sectors of society without exclusion for political, economic, religious, ethnic, gender or sexual orientation reasons. All persons and representatives of the different sectors of civil society will have a voice in the spaces for participation in the MDP. Grassroots social organisations, victims of the conflict, indigenous peoples, communities of black, Afro-Colombian, Afro-Colombian, Raizal, Palenquero, Rrom, peasant, women, youth, entrepreneurs, churches, representatives of political parties, academics, peace signatories, other community organisations and other groups with special constitutional protection will participate in a special way.

...

In accordance with the Agreements signed and criteria that have been developed, the following approaches will be taken as a basis:

...

With guarantees for the participation of women and LGBTIQ+ people or Diverse Sexual Orientations and Gender Identities (OSIGD).

Intersectional: recognises the simultaneity of two or more differential categories in people: gender, sexual orientation, ethnicity, social class, age, religion, disability or physical impairment, political affiliation, among others, and how these can interact at the same time, generating multiple discriminations or inequalities.

...

In accordance with the Agreement on the Construction of the Agenda for Peace, signed in Cycle V, the following thematic axes are defined:

...

Methodology of participation in the Dialogues Table events.

...

c. In order to guarantee ethnic, peasant, women's groups and LGBTIQ+ people's participation, the initial step will be to identify representatives of organisations, peasant, indigenous, Afro-descendant, Raizal, Rrom and Palenquero communities present in each zone.

Family

No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state (general)

The Constitution defines Peace as a right and a duty of obligatory compliance and establishes the scope, limits and procedures for institutional changes and economic, social, cultural and environmental transformations, in democratic rights and in the configuration of institutions and public powers.

State configuration No specific mention.

Self determination No specific mention.

Referendum No specific mention.

State symbols	No specific mention.
Independence/ secession	No specific mention.
Accession/ unification	No specific mention.
Border delimitation	No specific mention.
Cross-border provision	No specific mention.

Governance

Political institutions (new or reformed)	No specific mention.
Elections	No specific mention.
Electoral commission	No specific mention.
Political parties reform	No specific mention.

Civil society

Participation is conceived as the mechanism through which communities and sectors of civil society, duly convened by the Peace Dialogues Table, contribute to the construction of the Final Peace Agreement between the National Government and the General Staff of the blocs Commander Jorge Suárez Briceño, Magdalena Medio Commander Gentil Duarte and the Commander Raúl Reyes front of the FARC-EP.

...

The parties envisage a participation process based on the following principles:

Pluralism: guarantee the active participation of organisations representing different sectors of society without exclusion for political, economic, religious, ethnic, gender or sexual orientation reasons. All persons and representatives of the different sectors of civil society will have a voice in the spaces for participation in the MDP. Grassroots social organisations, victims of the conflict, indigenous peoples, communities of black, Afro-Colombian, Afro-Colombian, Raizal, Palenquero, Rrom, peasant, women, youth, entrepreneurs, churches, representatives of political parties, academics, peace signatories, other community organisations and other groups with special constitutional protection will participate in a special way.

...

Participation scenarios.

...

The participation of civil society will take place on these thematic axes, through local, regional and national events, convened persons, simultaneity of the process of construction of the agreement, chronogram, coordination and logistical mechanisms.

...

meeting spaces between members of the MDP with communities, economic, cultural, social and community organisations to address issues around a concerted agenda with the community, which allows in the short term to manage actions aimed at mitigating the situations raised.

...

These meetings should involve members of the territorial public entities and authorities of a public and territorial nature.

...

these are spaces for constructive dialogue and work in special areas, agreed between state institutions and community leaders from grassroots organisations of the territory. The objective of the Commissions and other forms of coordination is to build, in a concerted and participatory manner, plans for Territorial Transformation for Peace in certain areas of the country in which the parties have agreed on the possibility of carrying out demonstrative actions or a pilot action project, with the facilitation of the MDP.

...

social, citizen and community oversight of the peace talks is exercised as practices of citizen control of the MDP and its mechanisms, from organisations, groups or individual actions, aimed at promoting compliance with the Agreements, Protocols and Commitments.

This social, citizen and community oversight can be carried out at the national, regional and local levels, in relation to each of the dimensions of the commitments.

Oversight can be exercised by different types of social or civil organisations and/or groups organised to influence the process led by the MDP.

The feedback or response to the contributions of the monitoring and the demand for compliance with the commitments made by the social watchdog will be carried out when pertinent in the scenarios of participation and pedagogy promoted by the MDP.

The social, citizen and community oversight will have the characteristics of autonomy in its organisation, operation, sustainability and independence with respect to the parties.

6. Social Oversight in the Oversight, Monitoring and Verification Mechanism (MVMV): in accordance with the definitions of the Peace Dialogue Table, the MVMV follows the methodologies of the standard operating procedure (PON) to interact with the Ceasefire

Traditional/ religious leaders	<p>In accordance with the Agreement on the Construction of the Agenda for Peace, signed in Cycle V, the following thematic axes are defined:</p> <p>...</p> <p>Methodology of participation in the Dialogues Table events.</p> <p>...</p> <p>c. In order to guarantee ethnic, peasant, women's groups and LGBTIQ+ people's participation, the initial step will be to identify representatives of organisations, peasant, indigenous, Afro-descendant, Raizal, Rrom and Palenquero communities present in each zone.</p> <p>...</p> <p>Delegates may be appointed by resguardos, communities, community councils, among other territorial authorities, as well as peasant reserve zones and peasant agro-food territories, to represent them at the events.</p> <p>...</p> <p>The Commissions are made up of community spokespersons from representative peasant organisations, productive, urban and women's sectors, forms of ethnic representation and associations of community boards with territorial roots, as well as persons delegated by ministries, government agencies, technical institutes, decentralised entities, governors' and mayors' offices, among others.</p>
Public administration	<p>Participation scenarios.</p> <p>...</p> <p>These meetings should involve members of the territorial public entities and authorities of a public and territorial nature.</p> <p>...</p> <p>these are spaces for constructive dialogue and work in special areas, agreed between state institutions and community leaders from grassroots organisations of the territory.</p>
Constitution	No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political power sharing	No specific mention.
Territorial power sharing	No specific mention.
Economic power sharing	No specific mention.
Military power sharing	No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL general This agreement on participation is based on peace as a right developed in articles 2 and 22 of the Political Constitution, as well as article 8 C of Law 2272 of 2022 and incorporates the criteria and guidelines on participation that have been approved in the

Agreements and Protocols signed since the installation of the Peace Dialogues Table - MDP- on last 16 October 2023 in Tibú.

...

According to this Agreement, the participation of the communities is essential and decisive for the diagnosis, formulation and implementation of actions for peace within the framework of the Peace Dialogues Table, as well as in the definition and execution of the axes of the Agenda for the construction of the Peace Agreement, Special Agreements for Immediate Implementation, of a humanitarian nature within the framework of the IHL and human rights, of territorial transformations and of economies classified as illicit in special zones agreed at the Roundtable.

...

In order for free and effective participation to be possible, basic conditions of de-escalation of various forms of violence, compliance with the norms of IHL and the commitments to Ceasefire and Respect for the Civilian Population that appear in the Agreements and Protocols signed at the Table of Peace Dialogues are required.

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty incorporation No specific mention.

Civil and political rights Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Equality
In accordance with the Agreements signed and criteria that have been developed, the following approaches will be taken as a basis:

...

Differential and population-based: It recognises differentially the particular needs that can contribute to guarantee equality, equity and non-discrimination, based on diversity by age, due to demographic, cultural, political, economic, gender and ethnic dynamics.

Socio-economic rights No specific mention.

Rights related issues

Citizenship No specific mention.

Democracy No specific mention.

Detention procedures No specific mention.

Media and communication	<p>Rights related issues→Media and communication→Media roles</p> <p>The parties envisage a participation process based on the following principles:</p> <p>...</p> <p>for effective and efficient participation before, during and after the event, all those convened must have timely, relevant and sufficient information about the issues to be addressed.</p> <p>...</p> <p>In accordance with the Agreement on the Construction of the Agenda for Peace, signed in Cycle V, the following thematic axes are defined:</p> <p>...</p> <p>In the process of constructing the contents of the Thematic Agenda and the Special Territorial Transformation Agreements, the following methodological guidelines will be used, in addition to observance of the agreements and protocols signed at the Roundtable:</p> <p>...</p> <p>Written or audiovisual contributions on each of the thematic axes and sub-themes will be received at social dialogue events, thematic events and through virtual media.</p>
Mobility/access	<p>The parties envisage a participation process based on the following principles:</p> <p>...</p> <p>Security: in the participation scenarios, legal and physical security conditions must exist from the convening of the meeting to the monitoring and evaluation stages. This includes people, facilities, travel and the respective authorisations by the Peace Commissioner Advisor.</p>
Protection measures	<p>Rights related issues→Protection measures→Protection of civilians</p> <p>In order for free and effective participation to be possible, basic conditions of de-escalation of various forms of violence, compliance with the norms of IHL and the commitments to Ceasefire and Respect for the Civilian Population that appear in the Agreements and Protocols signed at the Table of Peace Dialogues are required.</p>
Other	<p>No specific mention.</p>

Rights institutions

NHRI	No specific mention.
Regional or international human rights institutions	No specific mention.

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and emergency law No specific mention.

State of emergency provisions No specific mention.

Judiciary and courts No specific mention.

Prisons and detention No specific mention.

Traditional Laws No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or socio-economic reconstruction

Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Socio-economic development

The National Government of the Republic of Colombia and the General Staff of the Bloc Commander Jorge Suárez Briceño, Magdalena Medio Commander Gentil Duarte and the Front Raúl Reyes FARC-EP, reiterate their conviction to advance in the participatory construction of a Peace Agreement, which puts an end to the armed confrontation and tends towards the achievement of a comprehensive, stable and lasting Peace with Social and Environmental Justice.

...

The Peace Dialogues Table - MDP-, identifies the need to carry out actions of territorial transformation and in development of the contents of the agenda of the 10 axes agreed in the MDP in the cycle V in July 2024, to guarantee with all the actors of the society and in the short term to design and initiate its implementation, placing the communities at its centre.

Likewise, participation in the processes defined by the Peace Dialogues Table includes all the dimensions of the Agreements and Commitments that allow progress towards the construction of an agreement to end the armed conflict and the Transformations necessary for Peace with social and environmental Justice.

...

According to this Agreement, the participation of the communities is essential and decisive for the diagnosis, formulation and implementation of actions for peace within the framework of the Peace Dialogues Table, as well as in the definition and execution of the axes of the Agenda for the construction of the Peace Agreement, Special Agreements for Immediate Implementation, of a humanitarian nature within the framework of the IHL and human rights, of territorial transformations and of economies classified as illicit in special zones agreed at the Roundtable.

...

Participation scenarios.

...

The objective of the Commissions and other forms of coordination is to build, in a concerted and participatory manner, plans for Territorial Transformation for Peace in certain areas of the country in which the parties have agreed on the possibility of carrying out demonstrative actions or a pilot action project, with the facilitation of the MDP.

...

In accordance with the Agreement on the Construction of the Agenda for Peace, signed in Cycle V, the following thematic axes are defined:

...

Methodology of participation in the Dialogues Table events.

...

The MDP may set up Inter-institutional and Community Commissions, and other forms of coordination, whose mission will be to build, in a concerted and participatory manner, plans for Territorial Transformations for Peace in the agreed special zones.

National economic plan

No specific mention.

Natural resources

No specific mention.

International funds No specific mention.

Business No specific mention.

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

**Pastoralist/
nomadism rights** No specific mention.

Cultural heritage Land, property and environment→Cultural heritage→Promotion
In accordance with the Agreements signed and criteria that have been developed, the following approaches will be taken as a basis:

Territorial: the territorial approach recognises that there are regions or geostrategic zones with common and cultural assets, wisdom and mobility routes that give rise to different socio-environmental relations and contexts and interests over lands and territory, where different social sectors interact.

...

This approach seeks to ensure their lasting permanence in these spaces, guaranteeing the physical, cultural and spiritual survival of these communities.

Ethnic approach: recognises ethnic peoples and communities as subjects of special protection, their territories, their ways of life and organisational forms.

Environment The National Government of the Republic of Colombia and the General Staff of the Bloc Commander Jorge Suárez Briceño, Magdalena Medio Commander Gentil Duarte and the Front Raúl Reyes FARC-EP, reiterate their conviction to advance in the participatory construction of a Peace Agreement, which puts an end to the armed confrontation and tends towards the achievement of a comprehensive, stable and lasting Peace with Social and Environmental Justice.

...

Likewise, participation in the processes defined by the Peace Dialogues Table includes all the dimensions of the Agreements and Commitments that allow progress towards the construction of an agreement to end the armed conflict and the Transformations necessary for Peace with social and environmental Justice.

**Water or riparian
rights or access** No specific mention.

Security sector

Security Guarantees

The parties envisage a participation process based on the following principles:

...

Security: in the participation scenarios, legal and physical security conditions must exist from the convening of the meeting to the monitoring and evaluation stages. This includes people, facilities, travel and the respective authorisations by the Peace Commissioner Advisor.

The national Government will provide the necessary legal and security guarantees for the communities, social organisations and public authorities that participate in the Peace Process guided by the Roundtable, the Office of the Peace Commissioner Adviser will carry out the relevant procedures to this end.

To this end, in addition to the Ceasefire that continues between the parties, mechanisms will be defined that enable the provision of guarantees for all participating actors, especially in areas of critical presence and confrontation between the different armed groups.

Ceasefire

Security sector→Ceasefire→General commitments

The National Government of the Republic of Colombia and the General Staff of the Bloc Commander Jorge Suárez Briceño, Magdalena Medio Commander Gentil Duarte and the Front Raúl Reyes FARC-EP, reiterate their conviction to advance in the participatory construction of a Peace Agreement, which puts an end to the armed confrontation and tends towards the achievement of a comprehensive, stable and lasting Peace with Social and Environmental Justice.

...

Likewise, participation in the processes defined by the Peace Dialogues Table includes all the dimensions of the Agreements and Commitments that allow progress towards the construction of an agreement to end the armed conflict and the Transformations necessary for Peace with social and environmental Justice.

...

In order for free and effective participation to be possible, basic conditions of de-escalation of various forms of violence, compliance with the norms of IHL and the commitments to Ceasefire and Respect for the Civilian Population that appear in the Agreements and Protocols signed at the Table of Peace Dialogues are required.

...

Participation scenarios.

...

6. Social Oversight in the Oversight, Monitoring and Verification Mechanism (MVMV): in accordance with the definitions of the Peace Dialogue Table, the MVMV follows the methodologies of the standard operating procedure (PON) to interact with the Ceasefire Oversight exercised by the population, its communities and organisations, and by responding to their warnings and recommendations.

Police

No specific mention.

Armed forces

No specific mention.

DDR

No specific mention.

Intelligence services	No specific mention.
Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces	<p>The National Government of the Republic of Colombia and the General Staff of the Bloc Commander Jorge Suárez Briceño, Magdalena Medio Commander Gentil Duarte and the Front Raúl Reyes FARC-EP, reiterate their conviction to advance in the participatory construction of a Peace Agreement, which puts an end to the armed confrontation and tends towards the achievement of a comprehensive, stable and lasting Peace with Social and Environmental Justice.</p> <p>...</p> <p>Participation is conceived as the mechanism through which communities and sectors of civil society, duly convened by the Peace Dialogues Table, contribute to the construction of the Final Peace Agreement between the National Government and the General Staff of the blocs Commander Jorge Suárez Briceño, Magdalena Medio Commander Gentil Duarte and the Commander Raúl Reyes front of the FARC-EP.</p> <p>...</p> <p>Social, citizen and community participation will be carried out at the national, regional and local levels, giving priority to the territories in which the presence of the structures of the General Staff of the blocs Commander Jorge Suárez Briceño, Magdalena Medio Commander Gentil Duarte and the front Commander Raúl Reyes of the FARC-EP has been identified, without excluding other areas agreed at the Peace Dialogues Table.</p>
Withdrawal of foreign forces	No specific mention.
Corruption	No specific mention.
Crime/organised crime	According to this Agreement, the participation of the communities is essential and decisive for the diagnosis, formulation and implementation of actions for peace within the framework of the Peace Dialogues Table, as well as in the definition and execution of the axes of the Agenda for the construction of the Peace Agreement, Special Agreements for Immediate Implementation, of a humanitarian nature within the framework of the IHL and human rights, of territorial transformations and of economies classified as illicit in special zones agreed at the Roundtable.
Drugs	No specific mention.
Terrorism	No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional justice general	No specific mention.
Amnesty/pardon	No specific mention.
Courts	No specific mention.

Mechanism	No specific mention.
Prisoner release	No specific mention.
Vetting	No specific mention.
Victims	No specific mention.
Missing persons	No specific mention.
Reparations	No specific mention.
Reconciliation	No specific mention.

Implementation

UN signatory	<p>In accordance with the Agreement on the Construction of the Agenda for Peace, signed in Cycle V, the following thematic axes are defined:</p> <p>...</p> <p>Accompanying persons:</p> <p>Fernando Burguillos, Delegate of the Special Representative of the General Secretary of the United Nations in Colombia</p>
Other international signatory	<p>In accordance with the Agreement on the Construction of the Agenda for Peace, signed in Cycle V, the following thematic axes are defined:</p> <p>...</p> <p>Signed the guarantors:</p> <p>Armando Franchi, Representative of the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela Louise Wilson, Deputy Head of Mission Embassy of Ireland Phillip Lustenberger, Special Envoy, Swiss Confederation Dag Nagoda, Minister Counsellor, Embassy of the Kingdom of Norway</p> <p>Accompanying persons:</p> <p>...</p> <p>Edelma Gómez, Organisation of American States Mission to Support the Peace Process (MAPP-OEA) Padre. Jhon Jard Montoya, Representative Episcopal Conference of Colombia Humberto Martín Shikiya, Representative, World Council of Churches</p> <p>Signed as observer:</p> <p>Jörg Schreiber, Business officer a.i. Delegation of the European Union</p>
Referendum for agreement	No specific mention.
International mission/force/similar	No specific mention.

Enforcement mechanism

The parties envisage a participation process based on the following principles:

...

Effectiveness and binding: the MDP Agreements are binding. In the scenarios arranged by the Roundtable and government entities, the decisions adopted as Special or Partial Agreements for Immediate Execution must address and include actions and work plans for their definition and implementation.

...

Participation scenarios.

...

6. Social Oversight in the Oversight, Monitoring and Verification Mechanism (MVMV): in accordance with the definitions of the Peace Dialogue Table, the MVMV follows the methodologies of the standard operating procedure (PON) to interact with the Ceasefire Oversight exercised by the population, its communities and organisations, and by responding to their warnings and recommendations.

Related cases

No specific mention.

Source

No specific mention.