Country/entity	Colombia
Region	Americas
Agreement name	Acuerdo Especial Transformaciones Territoriales Caqueta
Date	10 Mar 2024
Agreement status	Multiparty signed/agreed
Interim arrangement	Yes
Agreement/conflict level	Intrastate/intrastate conflict

Colombian Conflict (1964 -)

The Colombian conflict is really a set of conflicts and the peace agreements reflect both different processes relating to different conflict groups and dyads, and processes taking place at different times in a complex peace process history. The Colombian civil war has its roots in the late 1940s and the violent infighting between liberal and the conservative factions. Emerging from the liberal tradition with a thorough grounding in nationalist communist ideology, the Revolutionary Armed Forces of Colombia—People's Army (FARC) began its armed insurrection against the Colombian government in 1964. Other left-wing guerrillas emerged as well, most notably the socialist/populist M-19, which would later be integrated into the formal political system in the peace process of 1990s; the National Liberation Army (ELN), which has strong roots in liberation theology, and the Maoist Ejército Popular de Liberación (EPL) (also part of the 1990 process, less successfully). Several stages of peace processes were undertaken by the various sides, which were further complicated by the emergence of right-wing paramilitary 'self-defence' forces. The peace agreement between the Colombian government under President Uribe and the main alliance of the paramilitary groups, the United Self-Defence Forces of Colombia (AUC), concluded in 2005 and is still heavily disputed as several remnants are still active, but now subsumed under the heading 'Bacrim' (Bandas criminales). In addition, FARC and ELN maintain a military presence, but both demonstrate a strong interest in completing successful peace negotiations with the government, with the most recent agreements being between FARC and the Government.

Close

Colombian Conflict (1964 -)

Stage	Framework/substantive - partial
Conflict nature	Government/territory
Peace process	Colombia VII - Petro Peace Dialogues with FARC-EP

Parties

[Government of Colombia]:

Camilo González Posso
Coordinator
Delegation of the National Government
in the Peace Dialogues Table

Gloria Quinceno Acevedo
Peace Commissioner Advisor
National Government

Fabio Valencia Cossio
Delegation of the National Government
in the Peace Dialogues Table

Feliciano Valencia Medina
Delegation of the National Government
in the Peace Dialogues Table

Luz Darí Landázuri Segura
Delegation of the National Government
in the Peace Dialogues Table

[No signature]
Carlos Murgas Guerrero
Delegation of the National Government
in the Peace Dialogues Table

Coronel (r) Genny Calvo Olmos
Delegation of the National Government
in the Peace Dialogues Table

Yesid Arteta Dávil
Delegation of the National Government
in the Peace Dialogues Table

Oscar Gerardo Salazar Muñoz
Delegation of the National Government
in the Peace Dialogues Table

Coronel (r) Luis Alfonso Novoa Díaz
Delegation of the National Government
in the Peace Dialogues Table

Pedro Arenas
Delegation of the National Government
in the Peace Dialogues Table

[Central General Staff of the FARC-EP]:

Leopoldo Durán García
Head of Delegation of the Central General
Staff of the FARC-EP

Calarcá Córdoba

Third parties

Signed the guarantors as witnesses and depositaries:

Armando Franchi
Counsellor Embassy Bolivarian
Republic of Venezuela

Louise Wilson
Deputy Head of Mission
Embassy of Ireland

Phillip Lustenberger
Special Envoy
Swiss Confederation

Dag Nagoda
Minister Counsellor
Embassy of the Kingdom of Norway

Accompanying persons:

Raúl Rosende
Delegate of the Special
Representative of the General Secretary
of the United Nations in Colombia

Edelma Gómez
Mission to Support the
Peace Process of the
Organisation of American
States (MAPP-OEA)

Padre Eliecer Soto Ardila
Representative Episcopal
Conference of Colombia

Humberto Martín Shikiya
Representative World
Council of Churches

Description

The Government of Colombia and the Central General Staff (EMC) of the FARC-EP made a joint commitment to work towards combating deforestation, furthering sustainable development, and guaranteeing the rights of people in three Colombian departments: Guaviare, Meta and Caquetá.

Agreement document	CO_240310_ACUERDO_ESPECIAL_TRANSFORMACIONES_TERRITORIALES_CAQUETA_EN (opens in new tab) | Download PDF
Agreement document (original language)	CO_240310_ACUERDO ESPECIAL TRANSFORMACIONES TERRITORIALES CAQUETA (opens in new tab)
Source of document	https://www.altocomisionadoparalapaz.gov.co/dialogos_con_EM_FARC-EP/Documents/Firmados/ACUERDO%20ESPECIAL%20TRANSFORMACIONES%20TERRITORIALES%20CAQUETA.pdf

Groups

Children/youth	No specific mention.
Disabled persons	No specific mention.
Elderly/age	No specific mention.
Migrant workers	No specific mention.
Racial/ethnic/ national group	No specific mention.
Religious groups	No specific mention.
Indigenous people	Groups→Indigenous people→Substantive **A. IMMEDIATE ACTIONS** ... 2. Support the efforts of indigenous communities, which process coca, cannabis and give alternative use, to develop a meeting with the Ministry of Justice, DIAN, and Invima in order to strengthen these economic initiatives.
Other groups	No specific mention.
Refugees/displaced persons	No specific mention.
Social class	No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and gender	No specific mention.
Men and boys	No specific mention.
LGBTI	No specific mention.
Family	No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state (general)	No specific mention.
State configuration	No specific mention.
Self determination	No specific mention.
Referendum	No specific mention.
State symbols	No specific mention.
Independence/ secession	No specific mention.
Accession/ unification	No specific mention.
Border delimitation	No specific mention.
Cross-border provision	No specific mention.

Governance

Political institutions (new or reformed)	No specific mention.
Elections	No specific mention.

Electoral commission	No specific mention.
Political parties reform	No specific mention.
Civil society	No specific mention.
Traditional/ religious leaders	No specific mention.
Public administration	No specific mention.
Constitution	No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political power sharing	No specific mention.
Territorial power sharing	No specific mention.
Economic power sharing	No specific mention.
Military power sharing	No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL general	The National Government and the Central General Staff of the FARC-EP ratify their interest in the protection of strategic ecosystems and their connectivities, which is why they express their decision to work for the containment of deforestation, sustainable development, and the guarantee of the rights of the populations that inhabit in the protected areas and zones of law 2 of 1959.
Bill of rights/similar	No specific mention.
Treaty incorporation	No specific mention.
Civil and political rights	No specific mention.
Socio-economic rights	Human rights and equality→Socio-economic rights→Cultural life This special agreement will be developed as a component of sustainable development, harmonised with plans for environmental management at national, regional, departmental, municipal and local level, which allows for the protection of both the biodiversity, its basins, soils and subsoils, and also guarantees human beings, communities and peoples, as subjects of rights (economic, social, cultural and environmental) and special protection, as well as guaranteeing their permanence as part of the cultural, social and economic heritage of the territory.

Rights related issues

Citizenship	No specific mention.
Democracy	No specific mention.
Detention procedures	No specific mention.
Media and communication	No specific mention.
Mobility/access	No specific mention.
Protection measures	No specific mention.
Other	No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI	No specific mention.
Regional or international human rights institutions	No specific mention.

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and emergency law	No specific mention.
State of emergency provisions	No specific mention.
Judiciary and courts	No specific mention.
Prisons and detention	No specific mention.
Traditional Laws	No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or socio-economic reconstruction	Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Socio-economic development The National Government and the Central General Staff of the FARC-EP ratify their interest in the protection of strategic ecosystems and their connectivities, which is why they express their decision to work for the containment of deforestation, sustainable development, and the guarantee of the rights of the populations that inhabit in the protected areas and zones of law 2 of 1959. We, the parties, are aware of the right of the communities to the agreement of plans for socio-environmental development of a sustainable nature, which requires a methodology of the Peace Dialogues Table that contemplates the participation of the grassroots organisations of the territory, with adequate time and commitments, that provides clarity on the right to land and on the sustainability of the plans that are built on the ground, within the framework of the agreements and protocols established by the parties. This special agreement will be developed as a component of sustainable development, harmonised with plans for environmental management at national, regional, departmental, municipal and local level, which allows for the protection of both the biodiversity, its basins, soils and subsoils, and also guarantees human beings, communities and peoples, as subjects of rights (economic, social, cultural and environmental) and special protection, as well as guaranteeing their permanence as part of the cultural, social and economic heritage of the territory. ... **D. PATHWAY FOR INTEGRAL TRANSFORMATION** ... Rezoning with sustainable use zones for national natural parks with people and peasant housing for national natural parks (article 29 of the National Development Plan); Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Infrastructure and reconstruction **D. PATHWAY FOR INTEGRAL TRANSFORMATION** ... Contracting with Community Action Boards for the construction of secondary and tertiary roads.
National economic plan	No specific mention.
Natural resources	No specific mention.
International funds	No specific mention.

Business	**The above requires, inter alia:** - Identify peasant economy projects in areas of the departments: ... **A. IMMEDIATE ACTIONS** ... Evaluate the possibility of a guarantee for the commercialisation of harvests (the table should be directed so that the AMNA buys what the farmers produce), farmers‘ markets as a mechanism to be able to commercialise and avoid intermediaries, agreement on fixed prices for both supplies and farmers’ products. ... 2. Support the efforts of indigenous communities, which process coca, cannabis and give alternative use, to develop a meeting with the Ministry of Justice, DIAN, and Invima in order to strengthen these economic initiatives.
Taxation	No specific mention.
Banks	No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights

Land, property and environment→Land reform/rights→Land reform and management
We, the parties, are aware of the right of the communities to the agreement of plans for socio-environmental development of a sustainable nature, which requires a methodology of the Peace Dialogues Table that contemplates the participation of the grassroots organisations of the territory, with adequate time and commitments, that provides clarity on the right to land and on the sustainability of the plans that are built on the ground, within the framework of the agreements and protocols established by the parties.
This special agreement will be developed as a component of sustainable development, harmonised with plans for environmental management at national, regional, departmental, municipal and local level, which allows for the protection of both the biodiversity, its basins, soils and subsoils, and also guarantees human beings, communities and peoples, as subjects of rights (economic, social, cultural and environmental) and special protection, as well as guaranteeing their permanence as part of the cultural, social and economic heritage of the territory.
...
A. IMMEDIATE ACTIONS
...
proposals for land formalisation in Yarí and pilot plans for housing, electricity, etc.
...
Establish reference coordinates and verify the number of hectares for land formalisation and coca substitution with the agrarian bank's credit programme.
...
D. PATHWAY FOR INTEGRAL TRANSFORMATION
...
Rezoning with sustainable use zones for national natural parks with people and peasant housing for national natural parks (article 29 of the National Development Plan);

Pastoralist/ nomadism rights

No specific mention.

Cultural heritage

Land, property and environment→Cultural heritage→Promotion
This special agreement will be developed as a component of sustainable development, harmonised with plans for environmental management at national, regional, departmental, municipal and local level, which allows for the protection of both the biodiversity, its basins, soils and subsoils, and also guarantees human beings, communities and peoples, as subjects of rights (economic, social, cultural and environmental) and special protection, as well as guaranteeing their permanence as part of the cultural, social and economic heritage of the territory.

Environment	The National Government and the Central General Staff of the FARC-EP ratify their interest in the protection of strategic ecosystems and their connectivities, which is why they express their decision to work for the containment of deforestation, sustainable development, and the guarantee of the rights of the populations that inhabit in the protected areas and zones of law 2 of 1959. We, the parties, are aware of the right of the communities to the agreement of plans for socio-environmental development of a sustainable nature, which requires a methodology of the Peace Dialogues Table that contemplates the participation of the grassroots organisations of the territory, with adequate time and commitments, that provides clarity on the right to land and on the sustainability of the plans that are built on the ground, within the framework of the agreements and protocols established by the parties. This special agreement will be developed as a component of sustainable development, harmonised with plans for environmental management at national, regional, departmental, municipal and local level, which allows for the protection of both the biodiversity, its basins, soils and subsoils, and also guarantees human beings, communities and peoples, as subjects of rights (economic, social, cultural and environmental) and special protection, as well as guaranteeing their permanence as part of the cultural, social and economic heritage of the territory. ... **D. PATHWAY FOR INTEGRAL TRANSFORMATION** ... Rezoning with sustainable use zones for national natural parks with people and peasant housing for national natural parks (article 29 of the National Development Plan);
Water or riparian rights or access	No specific mention.

Security sector	
Security Guarantees	No specific mention.
Ceasefire	No specific mention.
Police	No specific mention.
Armed forces	No specific mention.
DDR	No specific mention.
Intelligence services	No specific mention.
Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces	No specific mention.

Withdrawal of foreign forces	No specific mention.
Corruption	No specific mention.
Crime/organised crime	**D. PATHWAY FOR INTEGRAL TRANSFORMATION** ... - Review the status of roads for territorial plans and those associated with deforestation and illegal activities.
Drugs	No specific mention.
Terrorism	No specific mention.

Transitional justice	
Transitional justice general	No specific mention.
Amnesty/pardon	No specific mention.
Courts	No specific mention.
Mechanism	No specific mention.
Prisoner release	No specific mention.
Vetting	No specific mention.
Victims	No specific mention.
Missing persons	No specific mention.
Reparations	No specific mention.
Reconciliation	No specific mention.

Implementation

UN signatory	**Accompanying persons:** Raúl Rosende, Delegate of the Special Representative of the General Secretary of the United Nations in Colombia
Other international signatory	**Signed the guarantors as witnesses and depositaries:** Armando Franchi, Counsellor Embassy Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela Louise Wilson, Deputy Head of Mission Embassy of Ireland Phillip Lustenberger, Special Envoy, Swiss Confederation Dag Nagoda, Minister Counsellor, Embassy of the Kingdom of Norway **Accompanying persons:** ... Edelma Gómez, Mission to Support the Peace Process of the Organisation of American States (MAPP-OEA) ... Humberto Martín Shikiya, Representative World Council of Churches
Referendum for agreement	No specific mention.
International mission/force/ similar	No specific mention.
Enforcement mechanism	No specific mention.