

Country/entity	Colombia
Region	Americas
Agreement name	Acuerdo sobre Ambiente, Bioeconomía y Revitalización de la Selva Amazónica
Date	18 Nov 2025
Agreement status	Multiparty signed/agreed
Interim arrangement	Yes
Agreement/conflict level	Intrastate/intrastate conflict

Colombian Conflict (1964 -)

The Colombian conflict is really a set of conflicts and the peace agreements reflect both different processes relating to different conflict groups and dyads, and processes taking place at different times in a complex peace process history. The Colombian civil war has its roots in the late 1940s and the violent infighting between liberal and the conservative factions. Emerging from the liberal tradition with a thorough grounding in nationalist communist ideology, the Revolutionary Armed Forces of Colombia—People's Army (FARC) began its armed insurrection against the Colombian government in 1964. Other left-wing guerrillas emerged as well, most notably the socialist/populist M-19, which would later be integrated into the formal political system in the peace process of 1990s; the National Liberation Army (ELN), which has strong roots in liberation theology, and the Maoist Ejército Popular de Liberación (EPL) (also part of the 1990 process, less successfully). Several stages of peace processes were undertaken by the various sides, which were further complicated by the emergence of right-wing paramilitary 'self-defence' forces. The peace agreement between the Colombian government under President Uribe and the main alliance of the paramilitary groups, the United Self-Defence Forces of Colombia (AUC), concluded in 2005 and is still heavily disputed as several remnants are still active, but now subsumed under the heading 'Bacrim' (Bandas criminales). In addition, FARC and ELN maintain a military presence, but both demonstrate a strong interest in completing successful peace negotiations with the government, with the most recent agreements being between FARC and the Government.

Close
Colombian Conflict (1964 -)

Stage	Framework/substantive - partial
Conflict nature	Government/territory
Peace process	Colombia VII - Petro Peace Dialogues with FARC-EP

Parties

Government Delegation:

- Gloria Quiceño Acevedo (Coordinadora)
- Yesid Arteta Dávila
- Fabio Valencia Cossio
- Feliciano Valencia Medina
- Luz Dari Landázury Segura
- Coronel (r) Genny Calvo Olmos
- Emiro Roperó Suárez
- Carlos Murgas Dávila

EMBF de las FARC-EP Delegation:

- Leopoldo Durán (Coordinador)
- Calarcá Córdoba
- Andrey Avendaño
- Jhon Mendoza
- José Tomás Ojeda
- Robinson Caicedo Ríos
- Tania Mendoza

Third parties

Guarantors:

- Armando Franchi (Representante de la República Bolivariana de Venezuela)
- Niamh Kenny (Jefe de Misión Adjunta, Embajada de Irlanda)
- Philipp Lustenberger (Enviado Especial, Confederación Suiza)
- Ellen Fadnes (Consejera Embajada del Reino de Noruega)

Accompanying:

- Antonio Delgado (Delegado del Representante Especial del Secretario General De Naciones Unidas en Colombia - Observador)
- Edelma Gómez (Misión de Apoyo Al Proceso de Paz en Colombia, MAPP-OEA)
- Padre Ismael Fierro (Representante Conferencia Episcopal de Colombia)
- Jenny Neme Neiva (Enviada Especial adjunta del Consejo Mundial de Iglesias)

Observer:

- Jörg Schreiber (Encargado de Negocios a.i., Delegación de la Unión Europea)

Description

This agreement, signed on 18 November 2025 in Campo Hermoso (San Vicente del Caguán, Caquetá), is the second agreement of the seventh cycle of peace dialogue between the Colombian government and the FARC-EP dissident bloc (EMBF), focused on environmental protection, bioeconomy, and Amazon rainforest revitalisation. It commits both parties to defending Chiribiquete National Natural Park, including socio-environmental characterisation, preventing new occupations, and halting road expansion, while implementing environmental education campaigns and a socio-environmental pilot project combining bioeconomy, agroforestry, and ecosystem restoration. The agreement also commits to a 'zero coca' policy in National Natural Parks, promotes inclusive dialogue with environmental institutions and ethnic communities, and continues ecological restoration projects across multiple Colombian regions.

Agreement document	CO_251118_Acuerdo sobre Ambiente, Bioeconomía y Revitalización de la Selva Amazónica_EN (opens in new tab) Download PDF
Agreement document (original language)	CO_251118_Acuerdo sobre Ambiente, Bioeconomía y Revitalización de la Selva Amazónica (opens in new tab)
Source of document	https://www.consejeriacomisionadadepaz.gov.co/dialogos_con_EMBF/Documents/Firmados/Campo-hermoso/Acuerdo-2-Campo-Hermoso-Ambiente-y-Revitalizacion%20.pdf

Groups

Children/youth	Groups→Children/youth→Other 2. Promote an environmental education campaign that includes training for young people, boys and girls in:
Disabled persons	No specific mention.
Elderly/age	No specific mention.
Migrant workers	No specific mention.
Racial/ethnic/national group	Groups→Racial/ethnic/national group→Other The Peace Dialogue Table between the National Government of the Republic of Colombia and the General Staff of the Commander Jorge Suárez Briceño, Magdalena Medio Commander Gentil Duarte and Commander Raúl Reyes Blocs of the FARC-EP, meeting on 18 November 2025 in the Campo Hermoso inspection station, Municipality of San Vicente de Caguán, reaffirms its commitment to the defence of National Natural Parks and, in particular, the Chiribiquete National Natural Park, as well as to the revitalisation of the Amazon rainforest, the protection of strategic ecosystems and the recognition of the rights of the peasant and ethnic communities that inhabit the territory. 7. Inclusive dialogues will be promoted with environmental institutions, communities and ethnic groups, respecting prior consultation, where the foundations of socio-environmental projects will be agreed upon that benefit communities and recognise them as caretakers and restorers of areas of special environmental interest. 8. The MDP will facilitate dialogue with the Peace Commission, the Ad Hoc Committee on Water and Biodiversity of the Congress of the Republic, and other relevant committees to review mechanisms and promote instruments that harmonise the rights of peasants and ethnic communities – as subjects of special constitutional protection and subjects of law – with the fundamental right to environmental protection.
Religious groups	No specific mention.

Indigenous people No specific mention.

Other groups No specific mention.

Refugees/displaced persons No specific mention.

Social class Groups→Social class→Other
The Peace Dialogue Table between the National Government of the Republic of Colombia and the General Staff of the Commander Jorge Suárez Briceño, Magdalena Medio Commander Gentil Duarte and Commander Raúl Reyes Blocs of the FARC-EP, meeting on 18 November 2025 in the Campo Hermoso inspection station, Municipality of San Vicente de Caguán, reaffirms its commitment to the defence of National Natural Parks and, in particular, the Chiribiquete National Natural Park, as well as to the revitalisation of the Amazon rainforest, the protection of strategic ecosystems and the recognition of the rights of the peasant and ethnic communities that inhabit the territory.
8. The MDP will facilitate dialogue with the Peace Commission, the Ad Hoc Committee on Water and Biodiversity of the Congress of the Republic, and other relevant committees to review mechanisms and promote instruments that harmonise the rights of peasants and ethnic communities – as subjects of special constitutional protection and subjects of law – with the fundamental right to environmental protection.

Gender

Women, girls and gender 2. Promote an environmental education campaign that includes training for young people, boys and girls in:

Men and boys Gender→Men and boys→Gender neutral wording
2. Promote an environmental education campaign that includes training for young people, boys and girls in:

LGBTI No specific mention.

Family I. Support socio-environmental characterisation with community participation in the north-western part of Chiribiquete to identify the situation of families and the state of farms currently located within the park.
To move forward in the process of reaching agreements on conservation and good living, as well as the possibilities for relocating families to land located on vacant lots that can be allocated by the Nation, guaranteeing territorial roots.
II. Administer sustainable productive projects for families located in the park in accordance with the environmental management plan, pursuant to Article 7 of Law 1955 of 2019, ratified by Law 2294 of 2023, which authorises these projects.

State definition

Nature of state (general) No specific mention.

State configuration No specific mention.

Self determination No specific mention.

Referendum No specific mention.

State symbols No specific mention.

Independence/secession No specific mention.

Accession/unification No specific mention.

Border delimitation No specific mention.

Cross-border provision No specific mention.

Governance

Political institutions (new or reformed) No specific mention.

Elections No specific mention.

Electoral commission No specific mention.

Political parties reform No specific mention.

Civil society No specific mention.

Traditional/religious leaders No specific mention.

Public administration No specific mention.

Constitution No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political power sharing No specific mention.

Territorial power sharing No specific mention.

Economic power sharing No specific mention.

Military power sharing No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL general The Peace Dialogue Table between the National Government of the Republic of Colombia and the General Staff of the Commander Jorge Suárez Briceño, Magdalena Medio Commander Gentil Duarte and Commander Raúl Reyes Blocs of the FARC-EP, meeting on 18 November 2025 in the Campo Hermoso inspection station, Municipality of San Vicente de Caguán, reaffirms its commitment to the defence of National Natural Parks and, in particular, the Chiribiquete National Natural Park, as well as to the revitalisation of the Amazon rainforest, the protection of strategic ecosystems and the recognition of the rights of the peasant and ethnic communities that inhabit the territory.

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty incorporation No specific mention.

Civil and political rights No specific mention.

Socio-economic rights Human rights and equality→Socio-economic rights→Other
8. The MDP will facilitate dialogue with the Peace Commission, the Ad Hoc Committee on Water and Biodiversity of the Congress of the Republic, and other relevant committees to review mechanisms and promote instruments that harmonise the rights of peasants and ethnic communities – as subjects of special constitutional protection and subjects of law – with the fundamental right to environmental protection.

Rights related issues

Citizenship No specific mention.

Democracy No specific mention.

Detention procedures No specific mention.

Media and communication No specific mention.

Mobility/access No specific mention.

Protection measures No specific mention.

Other No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or international human rights institutions No specific mention.

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and emergency law No specific mention.

State of emergency provisions No specific mention.

Judiciary and courts No specific mention.

Prisons and detention No specific mention.

Traditional Laws No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or socio-economic reconstruction

Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Socio-economic development

1. For Chiribiquete National Natural Park:

I. Support socio-environmental characterisation with community participation in the north-western part of Chiribiquete to identify the situation of families and the state of farms currently located within the park.

To move forward in the process of reaching agreements on conservation and good living, as well as the possibilities for relocating families to land located on vacant lots that can be allocated by the Nation, guaranteeing territorial roots.

II. Administer sustainable productive projects for families located in the park in accordance with the environmental management plan, pursuant to Article 7 of Law 1955 of 2019, ratified by Law 2294 of 2023, which authorises these projects.

II. Bioeconomy in areas of environmental interest

3. Implement the environmental and social pilot project agreed upon by the parties during the meeting held in the hamlet of Las Damas, San Vicente del Caguán, with the communities on the days 27 and 29 September 2025, which will be developed in the area comprising, in addition to the Chiribiquete National Natural Park, the Forest Reserve Area of Law 2 of 1959, a conditioned agricultural frontier extension, and the Ariari-Guayabero Integrated Management District.

This project aims to strengthen community participation and inter-institutional coordination for the sustainable management and development of the territory through environmental restoration and conservation processes, including activities such as:

I. Building a bioeconomy in the pilot project's area of influence.

IV. Support the establishment of a farmers' cooperative in Puerto Cachicamo and a collection centre headquarters.

VIII.

Encourage the use of timber and non-timber forest products with bioeconomy-based projects that promote responsible use and conservation of ecosystems and strengthen local livelihoods and community development.

X. Promote agroforestry as a sustainable production strategy that combines crops, native trees and agroecological systems.

4. Continue implementation until completion of the projects approved in the MDP on ecological restoration and productive reconversion for the North, Northeast, Bajo Cauca Antioqueño, Catatumbo, sur del Meta, Caquetá, Guaviare and Sur de Bolívar.

Support will be given to institutional efforts to gradually replace illegal-use crops declared in these territories with productive, agroforestry and social alternatives.

7. Inclusive dialogues will be promoted with environmental institutions, communities and ethnic groups, respecting prior consultation, where the foundations of socio-environmental projects will be agreed upon that benefit communities and recognise them as caretakers and restorers of areas of special environmental interest.

Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Infrastructure and reconstruction

VI. Support communities in the acquisition of green and yellow machinery.

National economic plan

No specific mention.

Natural resources The Peace Dialogue Table between the National Government of the Republic of Colombia and the General Staff of the Commander Jorge Suárez Briceño, Magdalena Medio Commander Gentil Duarte and Commander Raúl Reyes Blocs of the FARC-EP, meeting on 18 November 2025 in the Campo Hermoso inspection station, Municipality of San Vicente de Caguán, reaffirms its commitment to the defence of National Natural Parks and, in particular, the Chiribiquete National Natural Park, as well as to the revitalisation of the Amazon rainforest, the protection of strategic ecosystems and the recognition of the rights of the peasant and ethnic communities that inhabit the territory.

I. Conserving, protecting and restoring ecosystems, including jungles, savannahs and forests

III. Sustainable use of timber and non-timber forest products.

IV. Awareness-raising and training on reforestation in areas where the EMBF (FARC-EP) is present and influential, and the recovery of strategic ecosystems, identifying activities with low environmental impact and social benefits.

VIII.

Encourage the use of timber and non-timber forest products with bioeconomy-based projects that promote responsible use and conservation of ecosystems and strengthen local livelihoods and community development.

IX. Promote the restoration of strategic ecosystems affected by deforestation, logging and forest burning.

5. Strengthen the commitment not to cut down forests and jungles in areas where the EMBF (FARC-EP) is present, including burning for land grabbing.

International funds No specific mention.

Business No specific mention.

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

Land reform/rights Land, property and environment→Land reform/rights→Land reform and management
The Peace Dialogue Table between the National Government of the Republic of Colombia and the General Staff of the Commander Jorge Suárez Briceño, Magdalena Medio Commander Gentil Duarte and Commander Raúl Reyes Blocs of the FARC-EP, meeting on 18 November 2025 in the Campo Hermoso inspection station, Municipality of San Vicente de Caguán, reaffirms its commitment to the defence of National Natural Parks and, in particular, the Chiribiquete National Natural Park, as well as to the revitalisation of the Amazon rainforest, the protection of strategic ecosystems and the recognition of the rights of the peasant and ethnic communities that inhabit the territory.

1. For Chiribiquete National Natural Park:

To move forward in the process of reaching agreements on conservation and good living, as well as the possibilities for relocating families to land located on vacant lots that can be allocated by the Nation, guaranteeing territorial roots.

III. Promote a commitment not to open or expand roads within the National Natural Park.

IV. The Peace Dialogue Table undertakes to support the institutional and community actions necessary to prevent new occupations within Chiribiquete National Natural Park and other national natural parks in the Amazon.

IV. Awareness-raising and training on reforestation in areas where the EMBF (FARC-EP) is present and influential, and the recovery of strategic ecosystems, identifying activities with low environmental impact and social benefits.

3. Implement the environmental and social pilot project agreed upon by the parties during the meeting held in the hamlet of Las Damas, San Vicente del Caguán, with the communities on the days 27 and 29 September 2025, which will be developed in the area comprising, in addition to the Chiribiquete National Natural Park, the Forest Reserve Area of Law 2 of 1959, a conditioned agricultural frontier extension, and the Ariari-Guayabero Integrated Management District.

This project aims to strengthen community participation and inter-institutional coordination for the sustainable management and development of the territory through environmental restoration and conservation processes, including activities such as:

II. Implementing medicinal plant cultivation.

III. Strengthen organic fertiliser agriculture.

IX. Promote the restoration of strategic ecosystems affected by deforestation, logging and forest burning.

X. Promote agroforestry as a sustainable production strategy that combines crops, native trees and agroecological systems.

4. Continue implementation until completion of the projects approved in the MDP on ecological restoration and productive reconversion for the North, Northeast, Bajo Cauca Antioqueño, Catatumbo, sur del Meta, Caquetá, Guaviare and Sur de Bolívar.

6. The MDP commits to promoting a 'zero coca' policy in National Natural Parks.

Support will be given to institutional efforts to gradually replace illegal-use crops declared in these territories with productive, agroforestry and social alternatives.

In areas of the Caquetá department where there has been a historical presence of illicit-use coca crops abandoned in the Amazon rainforest, promote community planting of native species.

7. Inclusive dialogues will be promoted with environmental institutions, communities and ethnic groups, respecting prior consultation, where the foundations of socio-environmental projects will be agreed upon that benefit communities and recognise them as caretakers and restorers of areas of special environmental interest.

**Pastoralist/
nomadism rights** No specific mention.

Cultural heritage No specific mention.

Environment

The Peace Dialogue Table between the National Government of the Republic of Colombia and the General Staff of the Commander Jorge Suárez Briceño, Magdalena Medio Commander Gentil Duarte and Commander Raúl Reyes Blocs of the FARC-EP, meeting on 18 November 2025 in the Campo Hermoso inspection station, Municipality of San Vicente de Caguán, reaffirms its commitment to the defence of National Natural Parks and, in particular, the Chiribiquete National Natural Park, as well as to the revitalisation of the Amazon rainforest, the protection of strategic ecosystems and the recognition of the rights of the peasant and ethnic communities that inhabit the territory.

1. For Chiribiquete National Natural Park:

I. Support socio-environmental characterisation with community participation in the north-western part of Chiribiquete to identify the situation of families and the state of farms currently located within the park.

To move forward in the process of reaching agreements on conservation and good living, as well as the possibilities for relocating families to land located on vacant lots that can be allocated by the Nation, guaranteeing territorial roots.

II. Administer sustainable productive projects for families located in the park in accordance with the environmental management plan, pursuant to Article 7 of Law 1955 of 2019, ratified by Law 2294 of 2023, which authorises these projects.

III. Promote a commitment not to open or expand roads within the National Natural Park.

I. Conserving, protecting and restoring ecosystems, including jungles, savannahs and forests

II. Bioeconomy in areas of environmental interest

III. Sustainable use of timber and non-timber forest products.

IV. Awareness-raising and training on reforestation in areas where the EMBF (FARC-EP) is present and influential, and the recovery of strategic ecosystems, identifying activities with low environmental impact and social benefits.

3. Implement the environmental and social pilot project agreed upon by the parties during the meeting held in the hamlet of Las Damas, San Vicente del Caguán, with the communities on the days 27 and 29 September 2025, which will be developed in the area comprising, in addition to the Chiribiquete National Natural Park, the Forest Reserve Area of Law 2 of 1959, a conditioned agricultural frontier extension, and the Ariari-Guayabero Integrated Management District.

This project aims to strengthen community participation and inter-institutional coordination for the sustainable management and development of the territory through environmental restoration and conservation processes, including activities such as:

I. Building a bioeconomy in the pilot project's area of influence.

III. Strengthen organic fertiliser agriculture.

V. Set up and put into operation a genetic bank.

VII. Develop an Environmental School with permanent research centres.

VIII.

Encourage the use of timber and non-timber forest products with bioeconomy-based projects that promote responsible use and conservation of ecosystems and strengthen local livelihoods and community development.

IX. Promote the restoration of strategic ecosystems affected by deforestation, logging and forest burning.

X. Promote agroforestry as a sustainable production strategy that combines crops, native trees and agroecological systems.

4. Continue implementation until completion of the projects approved in the MDP on ecological restoration and productive reconversion for the North, Northeast, Bajo Cauca Antioqueño, Catatumbo, sur del Meta, Caquetá, Guaviare and Sur de Bolívar.

5. Strengthen the commitment not to cut down forests and jungles in areas where the EMBF (FARC-EP) is present, including burning for land grabbing.

6. The MDP commits to promoting a 'zero coca' policy in National Natural Parks

Water or riparian rights or access	No specific mention.
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Security sector

Security Guarantees	No specific mention.
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Ceasefire	No specific mention.
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Police	No specific mention.
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Armed forces	No specific mention.
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DDR	No specific mention.
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Intelligence services	No specific mention.
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Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces	No specific mention.
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Withdrawal of foreign forces	No specific mention.
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Corruption	No specific mention.
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Crime/organised crime	No specific mention.
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Drugs	6. The MDP commits to promoting a 'zero coca' policy in National Natural Parks. Support will be given to institutional efforts to gradually replace illegal-use crops declared in these territories with productive, agroforestry and social alternatives. In areas of the Caquetá department where there has been a historical presence of illicit-use coca crops abandoned in the Amazon rainforest, promote community planting of native species.
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Terrorism	No specific mention.
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Transitional justice

Transitional justice general No specific mention.

Amnesty/pardon No specific mention.

Courts No specific mention.

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner release No specific mention.

Vetting No specific mention.

Victims No specific mention.

Missing persons No specific mention.

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation No specific mention.

Implementation

UN signatory	Accompanying parties: Antonio Delgado Delegate of the Special Representative of the United Nations Secretary-General in Colombia Observer
Other international signatory	Signed the guarantors: Armando Franchi Representative of the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela Niamh Kenny Deputy Head of Mission Embassy of Ireland [No signature] Philipp Lustenberger Special Envoy Swiss Confederation Ellen Fadnes Counsellor Embassy of the Kingdom of Norway [No signature] Edelma Gómez Mission to Support The Peace Process in Colombia Organisation of American States (MAPP-OEA) Padre Ismael Fierro Representative of the Episcopal Conference of Colombia Jenny Neme Neiva Deputy Special Envoy of the World Council of Churches
Referendum for agreement	No specific mention.
International mission/force/similar	No specific mention.
Enforcement mechanism	No specific mention.
