Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://www.peaceagreements.org/

Country/entity El Salvador

Region Americas

Agreement name Acuerdo Complementario del 22 de Diciembre de 1992

Date 22 Dec 1992

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

Interim Yes

arrangement

Agreement/conflict Intrastate/intrastate conflict

level

El Salvador Civil War (1979 - 1992)

The civil war in El Salvador lasted from 1979 to 1992 between an authoritarian government and non-state opponents. Following a failed coup d'état, five leftist guerrilla movements merged to form the umbrella organisation Farabundo Marti National Liberation Front (FMLN). U.S. support for the central Salvatorean government after 1979 lasted until its collapsed in late 1980s, after which the right-wing Republican National Alliance (Arena) filled the power vacuum. In March 1990, the rebels announced a suspension of attacks on non-military entered into talks backed by the UN and Catholic Church with the government. Despite the talks violence peaked over the next two years until the Chapultepec Peace Accords were signed in Mexico City in February 1992. Another ceasefire was signed a month later, which lasted nine months and was never broken during that time. Arena won the 1994 presidential elections and maintained a significant portion of the legislature until 2009, when the FMLN attained the presidency.

El Salvador Civil War (1979 - 1992)

Stage Implementation/renegotiation

Conflict nature Government

Peace process El Salvador peace process

Parties Govt of El Salvador, FMLN (no signing indicated)

Third parties -

Description This is a complementary implementation agreement covering the issues of weapons

collection, transfer of property/land in former conflict zones, transfer of land that exceeds the constitutional limit of 245 hectares (land reform), national civil police (financed by ONUSAL to retrain ex-FMLN members), reinsertion programmes, political

participation of the FMLN, pending laws etc.

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Agreement SV_921222_Acuerdo Complementario del 22 de Diciembre de 1992.pdf (opens in new

document (original tab)

language)

Groups

Children/youth No specific mention.

Disabled persons Groups→Disabled persons→Substantive

Page 3, E. MEDIUM-TERM PROGRAMMES FOR THE REINSERTION OF FMLN VETERANS 2. Both parties also undertake to issue a call to the national community and take the required steps to obtain funding for housing for the demobilised and disabled.

Elderly/age No specific mention.

Migrant workers No specific mention.

Racial/ethnic/ national group No specific mention.

Religious groups No specific mention.

Indigenous people No specific mention.

Other groups No specific mention.

Refugees/displaced Groups→Refugees/displaced persons→Substantive

persons B. Transfer of lands in non-conflict zones- govt commits to accelerate the

implementation of the land transfer; reaffirms that former FMLN combatants and office holders can have access to land grants; C. provides for transfer of land exceeding the 245 hectare constitutional limit in the former conflict zone to FMLN combatants and office holders. E.1.c) to prolong a further six months the Decree 205 'Special Transitional Law to Establish the Civil State of Non-Documented Persons Affected by the conflict' and to

grant those foreigners included in the Reinsertion Support Program of former combatants of the FMLN, a temporary permit of 60 days to legitimise their residency

status in the country following established legal procedures

Social class No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and

gender

No specific mention.

Men and boys No specific mention.

LGBTI No specific mention.

Family No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state

(general)

No specific mention.

State configuration No specific mention.

Self determination No specific mention.

Referendum No specific mention.

State symbols No specific mention.

Independence/

secession

No specific mention.

Accession/

unification

No specific mention.

Border delimitation No specific mention.

Cross-border

provision

No specific mention.

Governance

Political No specific mention.

institutions (new or

reformed)

Elections No specific mention.

Electoral commission

No specific mention.

Political parties reform

Governance→Political parties reform→Rebels transitioning to political parties
Page 3, E. MEDIUM-TERM PROGRAMMES FOR THE REINSERTION OF FMLN VETERANS

1. The government undertakes to:

a) award by 31 December legal personality to Fundación 16 de Enero and NGOs for which applications are already underway and expedite procedures for other organisations making requests, provided they meet the legal requirements;

Page 3, F. POLITICAL PARTICIPATION OF FMLN

1. The government reiterates its commitment to guarantee the political spaces to which FMLN is legally entitled for its full development as a political party.

Civil society

E.1.a) govt commits to grant juridical personality to NGOs currently seeking that status, provided that they are compliant with the law

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Traditional/ religious leaders No specific mention.

Public administration

No specific mention.

Constitution

No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political power sharing

No specific mention.

Territorial power sharing

No specific mention.

Economic power

No specific mention.

Military power

sharing

sharing

No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL No specific mention.

general

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty

No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and political

No specific mention.

rights

Socio-economic

No specific mention.

rights

Rights related issues

Citizenship No specific mention.

Democracy No specific mention.

Detention procedures No specific mention.

Media and communication Rights related issues→Media and communication→Media roles

Page 1, A. ARMED FORCES

2. The Government of El Salvador will publish the new doctrine of the Armed Forces twice in all commercial newspapers and radio stations during the first quarter of 1993 to

allow it to be known by all members of society.

Page 3-4, F. POLITICAL PARTICIPATION OF FMLN

2. The government undertakes to legally assign the following radio and television frequencies to the companies or individuals designated by FMLN by 15 January:

a) three FM frequencies (for the central zone);

b) three AM frequencies (for the central zone);

c) one shortwave frequency;

d) two frequencies for television channels on the UHF band.

Mobility/access No specific mention.

Protection measures

No specific mention.

Other No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or international

No specific mention.

international human rights institutions

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention. **emergency law**

State of emergency No specific mention. **provisions**

Judiciary and

No specific mention.

courts

Prisons and detention

No specific mention.

.........

Traditional Laws No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or

No specific mention.

socio-economic reconstruction

National economic No specific mention.

plan

Natural resources No specific mention.

International funds Page 3, E. MEDIUM-TERM PROGRAMMES FOR THE REINSERTION OF FMLN VETERANS

2. Both parties also undertake to issue a call to the national community and take the required steps to obtain funding for housing for the demobilised and disabled.

Page 3, E. MEDIUM-TERM PROGRAMMES FOR THE REINSERTION OF FMLN VETERANS

- 1. The government undertakes to:
- b) achieve consensus between the government and FMLN where donors have stipulated this as a requirement for appointing national directors of programmes;

Page 4, H. INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION

Given the significant additional resources required to implement the peace agreements, both parties recognise the need to adopt measures to ensure that, with the support of the Secretary General and the Group of Friends, a group of donors is formed as soon as possible to contribute to and help obtain international funding. Each will carry out the necessary soundings of potential governments to participate in the group to determine if it will be possible to achieve the number and composition before 31 January.

Business No specific mention.

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights Land, property and environment→Land reform/rights→Property return and restitution Page 1-2, B. TRANSFER OF LANDS IN FORMER ZONES OF CONFLICT In order to complete the first phase of the transfer of lands by 31 January:

> 1. The government and FMLN undertake to expedite negotiations to determine the purchase price for state properties and issue property transfer certificates, accepting that for the latter it is sufficient to determine the names of beneficiaries if they still do not have ID. Their ID document must be shown before completion of the deeds. Beneficiaries without ID will be able to obtain this from the documentation support programme. During first phase of land transfer, the government will prioritise the transfer of the lands and infrastructure of greatest economic significance, in addition to the purchase of 39,000 manzanas of private property included in the list submitted to the Supervision and Monitoring Committee by FMLN.

> The parties also undertake to continue their efforts and the streamlining of procedures to achieve the targets for the other phases of the Land Transfer Programme by the agreed deadlines. The Government of El Salvador also reiterates its commitment to guaranteeing the conditions to allow FMLN veterans and tenedores to have access to the area of land agreed on 23 October 1992.

Page 2, C. TRANSFER OF LANDS IN EXCESS OF THE CONSTITUTIONAL LIMIT OF 245 HECTARES

- 1. As part of phase one of the transfer of lands, the Government of El Salvador will be entitled to transfer to FMLN veterans and tenedores lands in excess of the 245 ha limit in former zones of conflict classed as priority by FMLN and lands required to meet the target of 38,000 manzanas of state properties after exhausting any other possibilities.
- 2. Upon completion of the Land Transfer Programme, any surpluses of land in excess of 245 ha will be transferred to the beneficiaries of the agrarian reform within 90 days. The government will provide ONUSAL with a list of properties with surpluses during January 1993 to facilitate verification.
- 3. The government also reiterates its commitment to ensuring owners of rural lands in excess of 245 ha do not evade application of the constitutional mandate. The agreement between the government and peasant organisations regarding occupied lands, dated 3 July 1991, will be respected.

Pastoralist/ nomadism rights

No specific mention.

Cultural heritage

No specific mention.

Environment

No specific mention.

Water or riparian rights or access

No specific mention.

Security sector

Security

No specific mention.

Guarantees

Ceasefire No specific mention.

Police

D. Civilian National Police- govts commits to funding new police service and Public Security National Academy; agreed organisational structure; verification by ONUSAL

Page 1, A. ARMED FORCES

1. By 31 January, the Government of El Salvador will have collected, with verification by ONUSAL, around 75% of arms for the exclusive use of the Armed Forces recorded as transferred to the various state institutions, including the Transport Police, public officials and private companies. Between 1 February and 31 March, the government will collected the remainder of arms registered as transferred. It will also adopt a series of measures to collect unregistered arms for the exclusive use of the Armed Forces acquired by civilians.

ONUSAL will assess the results on 31 March. If they are unsatisfactory, the deadline for the collection of these arms should be extended or other measures deemed more effective to achieve the agreed target should be adopted.

Page 2, D. NATIONAL CIVIL POLICE

- 1. The parties note the decision adopted by ONUSAL to obtain funding for preparation courses for the aptitude and sufficiency exam to cover all FMLN veterans who require it.
- 2. The government also undertakes to fund the general operating budget of the National Civil Police (Policia Nacional Civil, PNC) and the National Public Safety Academy (Academia Nacional de Seguridad Pública, ANSP) to allow their implementation in line with the peace agreements.
- 3. As the criminal and antinarcotics investigative divisions of PNC begin operations, there will be a gradual transition process from the current criminal and antinarcotics investigatory commissions to incorporate their staff and teams into the corresponding divisions of PNC.

A specific time scale will be set for this gradual transition, to be as short as possible without affecting the joint effectiveness of these bodies. The incorporation of staff from the current commissions into the corresponding PNC divisions will be previously assessed by the head of the PNC and verified by ONUSAL based on criteria of professional competence and aptitude to carry out duties in the new civil police force. After their evaluation, staff will also be required to pass a specifically designed course at ANSP on the PNC doctrine and other conceptual elements.

Page 3, D. NATIONAL CIVIL POLICE

- 4. The government undertakes to complete the implementation of the special regime for former zones of conflict by 31 December. To achieve this, it will open new stations and make the changes to staff and resources required to allow the Transitional Auxiliary Police to cover public safety of the area of land set out in the Special Public Safety Regime agreed with ONUSAL.
- 5. The government undertakes to complete the fitting out of the temporary ANSP building and carry out and formalise the purchase of the permanent site of the Academy by 31 January 1993.

Armed forces

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Page 1, A. ARMED FORCES

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DDR

Security sector→DDR→DDR programmes

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- b) achieve consensus between the government and FMLN where donors have stipulated this as a requirement for appointing national directors of programmes;
- c) extend Decree 205 (Special Transitional Law to Establish the Civil Status of Undocumented Persons Affected by the Conflict) for a further six months and provide the foreign nationals covered by the support programme for the reinsertion of FMLN veterans a 60-day temporary permit for them to legalise their residency status in the country in line with the established legal procedures and provided this is requested by 31 January 1993;
- d) accept the inclusion of FMLN political activists as beneficiaries of the scholarship programme for training among the places originally set out for the programme.

Page 3, E. MEDIUM-TERM PROGRAMMES FOR THE REINSERTION OF FMLN VETERANS 2. Both parties also undertake to issue a call to the national community and take the required steps to obtain funding for housing for the demobilised and disabled.

Intelligence services

No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces Page 2, C. TRANSFER OF LANDS IN EXCESS OF THE CONSTITUTIONAL LIMIT OF 245 HECTARES

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Withdrawal of foreign forces

No specific mention.

Corruption No specific mention.

Crime/organised crime

No specific mention.

Drugs No specific mention.

Terrorism No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional justice No specific mention.

general

Amnesty/pardon No specific mention.

Courts No specific mention.

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner release No specific mention.

Vetting No specific mention.

Victims No specific mention.

Missing persons No specific mention.

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation No specific mention.

Implementation

UN signatory No specific mention.

Other international No specific mention.

signatory

Referendum for

No specific mention.

agreement

International mission/force/ similar

Page 1, UNTITLED PREAMBLE

On 22 December, having completed the cessation of armed conflict, in order to ensure the full implementation of the peace agreements, the Government of El Salvador and the Farabundo Martí National Liberation Front (Frente Farabundo Martí para la Liberación Nacional, FMLM), undertake to strictly comply with the commitments and deadlines herein, with verification by the United Nations Observer Mission in El Salvador (ONUSAL), notwithstanding any other commitments under implementation.

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ONUSAL will assess the results on 31 March. If they are unsatisfactory, the deadline for the collection of these arms should be extended or other measures deemed more effective to achieve the agreed target should be adopted.

Enforcement mechanism

subject to ONUSAL verification; G. both parties agree to promote through their COPAZ reps approval of the pending Parliamentary Bills to implement the terms of the agreement

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Related cases

No specific mention.

Source

UN Peacemaker, https://peacemaker.un.org/sites/peacemaker.un.org/files/ SV_921222_Acuerdo%20Complementario%20del%2022%20de%20Diciembre%20de%201992.pdf