Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://www.peaceagreements.org/

Country/entity Tajikistan

Region Europe and Eurasia

Agreement name General Agreement on the Establishment of Peace and National Accord in Tajikistan

Date 27 Jun 1997

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

Interim Yes

arrangement

Agreement/conflict Intrastate/intrastate conflict

level

Tajikistani Civil War (1992 - 1997)

Ethnic marginalization formed a key feature in the Tajikistani Civil war when liberal democrat and Islamic groups from the Garm and Gorno-Badakhshan took up arms against the government of President Rahmon Nabiyev. Members of Nabiyev's government were predominantly from the regions of Leninabad and Kulyab. Antigovernment protestors took to the street following the 1991 presidential elections, which caused the government to hand out arms to pro-government militias. Following clashes, anti-government factions captured the President and forced him to resign at gun-point. A new government under the Kulyabi native, Emomali Rahmonov, who fended off democratic and Islamist militias. Eventually, with support from Islamist factions in Afghanistan, the opposition united under the United Tajik Opposition umbrella. In 1994, the UN deployed a peacekeeping force to monitor the 1994 ceasefire agreement. A peace agreement was signed in 1997 and completely removed the Leninabad 'old guard' from power.

Close

Tajikistani Civil War (1992 - 1997)

Stage Framework/substantive - partial

Conflict nature Government

Peace process Tajikistan peace process

Parties (Signed) E. RAKHMONOV, President of Tajikistan

(Signed) A. NURI, Leader of the United Tajik Opposition

Third parties

(Signed) G. MERREM, Special Representative of the Secretary-General of the United Nations

Description

Between 1994 and 1997 a series of Protocols were agreed and signed between the parties (Protocol on the fundamental principles for establishing peace and national accord in Tajikistan of 17 August 1995; Protocol on political questions of 18 May 1997 (annex II)2 and the related Agreement between the President of Tajikistan, Emomali Sharipovich Rakhmonov, and the leader of the United Tajik Opposition, Said Abdullo Nuri, on the results of the meeting held in Moscow on 23 December 1996 (annex III);3 the Protocol on the main functions and powers of the Commission on National Reconciliation of 23 December 1996; the Statute of the Commission on National Reconciliation, of 21 February 1997; the Additional Protocol to the Protocol on the main functions and powers of the Commission on National Reconciliation, of 21 February 1997; Protocol on military issues; Protocol on refugees; Protocol on the guarantees of implementation of the General Agreement on the Establishment of Peace and National Accord in Tajikistan) which, together with the present document, constitute General Agreement on the Establishmen of Peace and National Accord in Tajikstan. Signing this Agreement the parties recommit to the full implementation of the agreements signed thusfar. This agreement and coding reflect the general agreement head, and the two other agreements signed that day, the Moscow Declaration and the Protocol of Mutual Understanding between the President of Tajikistan, E. S. Rakhmonov and the leader of the United Tajik Opposition, S. A. Nuri. The Moscow Declaration: Rhetorical document, expressing thanks to the international involvement in securing the General Agreement on the Establishment of Peace and National Accord in Tajikistan, including the UN, Iran, Kazakstan, Kyrgyzstan, Pakistan, the Russian Federation, Turkmenistan and Uzbekistan, and the Organization for Security and Coperation in Europe, and the Organization of the Islamic Conference. Protocol of Mutual Understanding between the President of Tajikistan, E. S. Rakhmonov and the leader of the United Tajik Opposition, S. A. Nuri: Very short agreement. Parties agreed confidence-building measures and framework for future talks on amnesty and advancing national reconciliation, and exchange of prisoners of war and imprisoned persons as an act of goodwill by 15 July 1997.

Agreement document

TJ_970627_GeneralAgreementontheEstablishmentPeaceNationalAccordinTajikistan.pdf (opens in new tab) | Download PDF

Groups

Children/youth No specific mention.

Disabled persons No specific mention.

Elderly/age No specific mention.

Migrant workers No specific mention.

Racial/ethnic/

Groups→Racial/ethnic/national group→Anti-discrimination

national group

Page 2-3.

...The highest national priorities of the country are peace and the national unity of all nationals of Tajikistan, regardless of their ethnic origin, political orientation, religion or

regional affiliation.

Religious groups

Groups→Religious groups→Anti-discrimination

Page 2-3,

...The highest national priorities of the country are peace and the national unity of all nationals of Tajikistan, regardless of their ethnic origin, political orientation, religion or

regional affiliation.

Indigenous people No specific mention.

Other groups

No specific mention.

Refugees/displaced Groups→Refugees/displaced persons→Substantive

persons

Page 2-3,

The President of Tajikistan and the leader of the United Tajik Opposition have agreed that the signing of the present General Agreement marks the beginning of the phase of full and interconnected implementation of the agreements reached, which will put an end once and for all to the fratricidal conflict in Tajikistan, ensure mutual forgiveness and

amnesty, return the refugees to their homes, and create the conditions for the

democratic development of society, the holding of free elections and the restoration of the country's economy destroyed by the many years of conflict. The highest national priorities of the country are peace and the national unity of all nationals of Tajikistan, regardless of their ethnic origin, political orientation, religion or regional affiliation.

Social class

No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and

gender

No specific mention.

Men and boys

No specific mention.

LGBTI

No specific mention.

Family

No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state

No specific mention.

(general)

State configuration No specific mention.

Self determination No specific mention.

Referendum No specific mention.

State symbols No specific mention.

Independence/ secession No specific mention.

Accession/ unification No specific mention.

Border delimitation No specific mention.

Cross-border provision

No specific mention.

Governance

Political

No specific mention.

institutions (new or reformed)

Elections

Page 2-3, Annex 1:

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Electoral commission

No specific mention.

Political parties

No specific mention.

reform

Civil society No specific mention.

Traditional/ religious leaders

No specific mention.

Public

No specific mention.

administration

Constitution No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political power

sharing

No specific mention.

Territorial power sharing

r No specific mention.

Economic power

sharing

No specific mention.

Military power

sharing

No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL No specific mention.

general

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and political

No specific mention.

rights

Socio-economic

No specific mention.

rights

Rights related issues

Citizenship No specific mention.

Democracy Page 2-3, Annex 1

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regardless of their ethnic origin, political orientation, religion or regional affiliation.

Detention procedures

No specific mention.

Media and communication

No specific mention.

Mobility/access No specific mention.

Protection measures

No specific mention.

Other Page 3, Annex 1

The President of Tajikistan and the leader of the United Tajik Opposition have agreed to register the General Agreement with the United Nations Secretariat in accordance with Article 102 of the Charter of the United Nations.

Rights institutions

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or international human rights institutions No specific mention.

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention. emergency law

State of emergency No specific mention.

provisions

Judiciary and

courts

No specific mention.

Prisons and

detention

No specific mention.

Traditional Laws

No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or socio-economic

Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic

reconstruction→Humanitarian assistance

reconstruction

Page 2-3, Annex 1

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National economic No specific mention.

plan

Natural resources No specific mention.

International funds No specific mention.

Business No specific mention.

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/

No specific mention.

nomadism rights

Cultural heritage

No specific mention.

Environment

No specific mention.

Water or riparian

ian No specific mention.

rights or access

Security sector

Security Guarantees No specific mention.

Ceasefire

No specific mention.

Police

No specific mention.

Armed forces

No specific mention.

DDR

No specific mention.

Intelligence

services

No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces

No specific mention.

Withdrawal of foreign forces

No specific mention.

Corruption

No specific mention.

Crime/organised

crime

No specific mention.

Drugs

No specific mention.

Terrorism

Page 6, As a result of the meeting, the following agreements were reached:

... (3) Firmly condemning terrorism and confirming that their positions regarding joint action to combat it remain unchanged, the Parties have agreed that they will not use the

existing known facts and suspicions to discredit one another politically.

Transitional justice

Transitional justice No specific mention.

general

Amnesty/pardon Transitional justice→Amnesty/pardon→Amnesty/pardon proper

Page 2-3, Annex 1

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Page 6, Annex 3

As a result of the meeting, the following agreements were reached:

(1) To convene in Moscow by 7 July 1997 the first meeting of the Commission on National Reconciliation to discuss and transmit for consideration by the Parliament of Tajikistan the draft of the General Amnesty Act;

Courts No specific mention.

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner release Page 6, Annex 3

(2) In implementation of the provisions of the Bishkek Memorandum of 18 May 1997 (S/ 1997/385, annex II) regarding solution of the problems of exchanging prisoners of war and imprisoned persons as an act of goodwill, to exchange by 15 July 1997 50 prisoners of war and 50 imprisoned persons, including all those detained since February 1997;

Vetting No specific mention.

Victims No specific mention.

Missing persons No specific mention.

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation No specific mention.

Implementation

UN signatory (Signed) G. MERREM, Special Representative of the Secretary-General of the United

Nations

Other international No specific mention.

signatory

Referendum for agreement

No specific mention.

International

No specific mention.

mission/force/

similar

Enforcement mechanism

No specific mention.

Related cases

No specific mention.

Source

UN Peacemaker:

http://peacemaker.un.org/