Country/entity	Iraq Kurds-Kurdistan
Region	Middle East and North Africa Cross-regional
Agreement name	Agreement of the Principles to Join the "Task Force for Dialogue on the UNAMI Reports"
Date	1 Jun 2009
Agreement status	Multiparty signed/agreed
Interim arrangement	Yes
Agreement/conflict level	Intrastate/intrastate conflict

Iraq Wars and the Iraqi Insurgency (1989-1990) (2004 -)

In the aftermath of the Iraq-UN conflict following President Saddam Hussein's invasion of Kuwait in 1989, the UN enforced no-fly zones and set up a monitoring commission of the arms capacity of the Iraqi government. By the late 1990s, Iraqi officials had increased their resistance against the implementation of these programmes. In the aftermath of the 2001 terrorist attacks on New York, the U.S. accused the Iraqi government of having weapons of mass destruction. In 2003, a U.S.-led coalition overthrew the government of Saddam Hussein, but failed to maintain security in the country as ex-Bathist and Islamist groups launched a counter-campaign. Violence reached a peak in 2006 as the conflict took on sectarian traits leading to mass human rights violations by domestic Sunni and Shi'a groups, as well as occupying forces. Despite the failure to stabilize the country, the U.S.-led forces withdrew in December 2011. Since then Iraq has effectively been split into three territories based on ethno-religious identity including the Shi'a in the south, the Kurds in the north, and a Sunni band in the middle, which is currently occupied by the organisation known as the Islamic State (formerly of Iraq and the Levant).
Close
Iraq Wars and the Iraqi Insurgency (1989-1990) (2004 -
)

Stage	Pre-negotiation/process
Conflict nature	Government/territory
Peace process	Kurdistan/Iraq territorial conflict
Parties	Government of Iraq; Kurdistan Regional Government
Third parties	-
Description	The representatives of the Government of Iraq and the Kurdistan Regional Government have agreed to join the "Task Force for Dialogue on the UNAMI Reports." In joining the Task Force, the parties underscore the importance of resolving disputed internal boundaries and reconfirm a number of principles and follow up actions.

Agreement document	IQ_090601_Agreement on the Principles to Joint the 'Task Force for Dialogue on the UNAMI reports'.pdf (opens in new tab) | Download PDF

Groups

Children/youth	No specific mention.
Disabled persons	No specific mention.
Elderly/age	No specific mention.
Migrant workers	No specific mention.
Racial/ethnic/ national group	Groups→Racial/ethnic/national group→Anti-discrimination Page 1, § Every community and individual in Iraq enjoys basic civil, human, and political rights, regardless of religion, sect, or ethnicity, or the administrative boundaries in which they live;
Religious groups	Groups→Religious groups→Anti-discrimination Page 1, § Every community and individual in Iraq enjoys basic civil, human, and political rights, regardless of religion, sect, or ethnicity, or the administrative boundaries in which they live;
Indigenous people	No specific mention.
Other groups	No specific mention.
Refugees/displaced persons	No specific mention.
Social class	No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and gender	No specific mention.
Men and boys	No specific mention.
LGBTI	No specific mention.
Family	No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state (general)	Page 1, § The territorial integrity and unity of Iraq; § Full respect for the Iraqi Constitution;
State configuration	No specific mention.
Self determination	No specific mention.
Referendum	No specific mention.
State symbols	No specific mention.
Independence/ secession	No specific mention.
Accession/ unification	No specific mention.
Border delimitation	No specific mention.
Cross-border provision	No specific mention.

Governance

Political institutions (new or reformed)	No specific mention.
Elections	No specific mention.
Electoral commission	No specific mention.
Political parties reform	No specific mention.
Civil society	No specific mention.
Traditional/ religious leaders	No specific mention.
Public administration	No specific mention.
Constitution	Governance→Constitution→Constitution affirmation/renewal Page 1, § Full respect for the Iraqi Constitution;

Power sharing

Political power sharing	No specific mention.
Territorial power sharing	Power sharing→Territorial power sharing→Autonomous regions Page 1, § Define the administrative boundaries, and corresponding responsibilities, between the Kurdistan Regional Government and adjoining governorates; Power sharing→Territorial power sharing→Other Page 1, § The UNAMI reports on "Disputed Internal Boundaries" provide the basis for discussion.
Economic power sharing	No specific mention.
Military power sharing	No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL general	Page 1, § Every community and individual in Iraq enjoys basic civil, human, and political rights, regardless of religion, sect, or ethnicity, or the administrative boundaries in which they live;
Bill of rights/similar	No specific mention.
Treaty incorporation	No specific mention.
Civil and political rights	No specific mention.
Socio-economic rights	No specific mention.

Rights related issues

Citizenship	No specific mention.
Democracy	No specific mention.
Detention procedures	No specific mention.
Media and communication	Rights related issues→Media and communication→Other Page 1, § To achieve the above principles, both sides agree to the following: ... § Avoid making public statements on the content of the meetings.
Mobility/access	No specific mention.
Protection measures	No specific mention.
Other	No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI	No specific mention.
Regional or international human rights institutions	No specific mention.

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and emergency law	No specific mention.
State of emergency provisions	No specific mention.
Judiciary and courts	No specific mention.
Prisons and detention	No specific mention.
Traditional Laws	No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or socio-economic reconstruction	Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Socio-economic development Page 1, § Facilitate the provision of services including, inter alia, education and health care for all communities; Page 1, § Implement confidence building measures to promote trust, clarify administrative functions, address development needs, or facilitate an appropriate security posture;
National economic plan	No specific mention.
Natural resources	No specific mention.
International funds	No specific mention.
Business	No specific mention.
Taxation	No specific mention.
Banks	No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights	No specific mention.
Pastoralist/ nomadism rights	No specific mention.
Cultural heritage	No specific mention.
Environment	No specific mention.
Water or riparian rights or access	No specific mention.

Security sector

Security Guarantees	Page 1, § The security of the residents of the areas in question, the Kurdistan region, and all of Iraq remains a priority concern; Page 1, § Implement confidence building measures to promote trust, clarify administrative functions, address development needs, or facilitate an appropriate security posture;
Ceasefire	No specific mention.
Police	No specific mention.
Armed forces	No specific mention.
DDR	No specific mention.
Intelligence services	No specific mention.
Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces	No specific mention.
Withdrawal of foreign forces	No specific mention.
Corruption	No specific mention.
Crime/organised crime	No specific mention.

Drugs	No specific mention.
Terrorism	No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional justice general	No specific mention.
Amnesty/pardon	No specific mention.
Courts	No specific mention.
Mechanism	No specific mention.
Prisoner release	No specific mention.
Vetting	No specific mention.
Victims	Page 1, Full recognition of the suffering and hardship experienced as a result of deliberate policies and practices that targeted communities;
Missing persons	No specific mention.
Reparations	No specific mention.
Reconciliation	Page 1, § The purpose of the Task Force is to promote trust, prevent conflict, and advance justice for all while bringing communities together, not separating them;

Implementation

UN signatory	No specific mention.
Other international signatory	No specific mention.
Referendum for agreement	No specific mention.
International mission/force/ similar	No specific mention.
Enforcement mechanism	No specific mention.