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Country/entity Philippines

Mindanao

Region Asia and Pacific

Agreement name Terms of Reference of the Civilian Protection Component (CPC) of the International

Monitoring Team (IMT)

Date 5 May 2010

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

Interim Yes

arrangement

Philippine Insurgencies (1968 -)

The Maoist Insurgencies (1968 -)

Philippines-NDF

The Philippines have been defined by a series of center-periphery and often ideologically Maoist, separatist insurgencies. The Communist Party of the Philippines (CPP), began its war against the central Philippine government in 1968 through their armed wing – the New People's Army (NPA). Further legitimacy was gained through the establishment of the National Democratic Front (NDF) in 1973. Grievances were predominantly opposed to the corruption and repression under the authoritarian Marcos regime.

Philippines-Cordillera

With the overthrow of Marcos' regime in 1986, the CPP factionalized further to take on more localized characteristics. The Cordillera Peoples Liberation Army (CPLA) broke away from the NDF in 1986 to focus on the protection of the Cordilleran people and land in northern Luzon. Hostilities were formally ended in July 2011, with an agreement signed between the central government, the CPLA and the Cordillera Bodong Administration (CBA) that allowed for the absorption of CPLA fighters into the Philippine Army and the re-working of the CBA-CPLA into a socio-development organisation.

Philippines-RPM-P

Meanwhile, purge among the CPP in the early 1990s, encouraged the formation of a parallel party, the Revolutionary Workers Party (RPM-P). Their armed wing, the Alex Boncayao Brigade (ABB) which had carried out a number of assassinations during the 1980s at the bequest of the CPP, followed suit and allied themselves with the RPM-P in 1997 forming the (RPM-P-RPA-ABB). Severely weakened by the split with the CPP and with the arrest of several key figures, the RPM-P-RPA-ABB signed a peace agreement in December 2000, which encouraged the RPM-P's branch in Mindanao to break away in 2001.

The CPP-NPA has only participated in intermittent talks with the government. Talks halted in 2004 when Gloria Macapagal-Arroyo's administration sought closer ties with the U.S. in the war on terror and added the CPP-NPA to the list of terrorist organisations, renewing violence. Following the launch of a counter-insurgency by the Philippine government, negotiations have been further delayed due to suspected internal differences between the CPP 'old guard' and younger members.

The Moro Insurgency (1968 -)

Philippines-Mindanao

The Moro Insurgency began in 1968, in Mindanao and the Sulu archipelago after the killing of Moro Commandos, the so-called Jabidah Massacre, by the Philippine Army following a plot to invade Sabah province in Malaysia. The Moro National Liberation Front (MNLF) captured a swath of territory in the mid-1970s. In an attempt to stem the violence, the constitution was reformed and Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao (ARMM) was created 1990 graphing adevolution of power to the provinces of Lanao del Sur, Maguindanao, Sulu and Tawi-Tawi. Following the establishment of the ARMM, the

Stage Pre-negotiation/process

Conflict nature Government/territory

Peace process Philippines - Mindanao process

Parties Rafael E. Seguis, Panel Chairman for the Government of the Republic of the Philippines

Mohagher Iqbal; Panel Chairman for the Moro Islamic Liberation Front

Third parties Datuk Othman Bin Abd Razak, Facilitator and Representative of Malaysia

Description The Terms of Reference of the Civilian Protection Component of the International

Monitoring Team provides for the organization and structure, the roles and

responsibilities, location and administrative arrangements, and duration of the CPC.

Agreement document

PH_100505_TOR of the CPC of the IMT.pdf (opens in new tab) | Download PDF

Groups

Children/youth Groups→Children/youth→Rhetorical

Page 1, Article I. References

8. United Nations Security Council Resolution 1325 and Resolution 1820 which protect women and girls from all forms of violence, particularly during and after armed conflicts.

Disabled persons No specific mention.

Elderly/age No specific mention.

Migrant workers No specific mention.

Racial/ethnic/ national group No specific mention.

Religious groups No specific mention.

Indigenous people No specific mention.

Other groups No specific mention.

Refugees/displaced Groups→Refugees/displaced persons→Substantive

persons Page 1, Article 1. References

4. United Nations Guiding Principles on Internal Displacement (UNGPID);

Page 4, Article VI. Roles and Responsibilities

2. The above undertaking shall commit and endeavour the CPC to the following:

2.c To monitor the needs of the IDPs and the delivery of relief and rehabilitation support

effort in conflict affected areas in Mindanao;

Social class No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and Page 1, Article I. References

gender 8. United Nations Security Council Resolution 1325 and Resolution 1820 which protect

women and girls from all forms of violence, particularly during and after armed conflicts.

Men and boys No specific mention.

LGBTI No specific mention.

Family No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state

No specific mention.

(general)

State configuration No specific mention.

Self determination No specific mention.

Referendum No specific mention.

State symbols No specific mention.

Independence/
secession

No specific mention.

Accession/

No specific mention.

unification

Border delimitation No specific mention.

Cross-border

No specific mention.

provision

Governance

Political No specific mention.

institutions (new or

reformed)

Elections No specific mention.

Electoral

No specific mention.

commission

Political parties

No specific mention.

reform

Civil society

Page 1, Article II. Definition of Terms

4. CPC - Civilian Protection Component; refers to the Head Coordinator, selected non-governmental organizations, members and the Executive Body which perform civilian protection function of the IMT;

Page 4, Article VI. Roles and Responsibilities

2. The above undertaking shall commit and endeavour the CPC to the following:2.d To strengthen ownership of the peace process by supporting and empowering communities to handle conflicts at the grassroots level;

Page 2, Article V. Organization and Structure - Membership

- 1. The initial members of the CPC-IMT, as agreed upon by the GRP and MILF Peace Negotiating Panels are the Nonviolent Peaceforce (NP), Mindanao Peoples Caucus (MPC), Mindanao Human Rights Action Center, Inc. (MinHRAC), and Moslem Organization of Government Officials and Professionals, Inc (MOGOP). The structure of CPC is as Annex A.
- 2. Interested states and concerned non-governmental organizations, international and local, wishing to join the CPC may seek the approval of the GRP and MILF Peace Negotiating Panels in consultation with the Malaysian Third Party Facilitator.
- 3. Each member-organization shall take charge of all the financial /funding requirements for its participation with the CPC.

Traditional/ religious leaders

No specific mention.

Public administration

No specific mention.

Constitution

No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political power sharing

No specific mention.

Territorial power sharing

No specific mention.

Economic power sharing

No specific mention.

Military power

No specific mention.

sharing

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL Page 2, Article IV. Objective

general

The objective of the CPC is to establish a functional system and effective mechanisms for monitoring, verifying and reporting of the compliance and non-compliance of the Parties to their commitments under international and national humanitarian laws and human rights laws to take constant care to protect the civilian population and civilian properties against the dangers arising in armed conflict areas.

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

Treaty

Page 1, Article I. References

incorporation

3. International Humanitarian Law, including all relevant protocols and instruments

Civil and political rights

Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Liberty and security of person Page 1, Article 1. References

8. United Nations Security Council Resolution 1325 and Resolution 1820 which protect women and girls from all forms of violence, particularly during and after armed conflict.

Page 2, Article IV. Objective

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Socio-economic rights

Human rights and equality→Socio-economic rights→Property

Page 2, Article IV. Objective

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Page 3, Article VI. Roles and Responsibilities

2. The above undertaking shall commit and endeavour the CPC to the following: 2.b To monitor and ensure that both Parties respect the sanctity of places of worship namely, mosques, churches and religious places and social institutions including schools, madaris, hospitals and all places of civilian nature;

Rights related issues

Citizenship No specific mention.

Democracy No specific mention.

Detention procedures No specific mention.

Media and

No specific mention.

communication

Mobility/access

No specific mention.

Protection

Rights related issues→Protection measures→Protection of civilians

measures

Page 1, Article II. Definition of Terms

4. CPC - Civilian Protection Component; refers to the Head Coordinator, selected non-governmental organizations, members and the Executive Body which perform civilian

protection function of the IMT;

Other

Page 1, Article 1. References

4. United Nations Guiding Principles on Internal Displacement (UNGPID);

5. Universal Declaration of Human Rights;

6. SPHERE Humanitarian Charter and Minimum Standards in Disaster Response;

8. United Nations Security Council Resolution 1325 and Resolution 1820 which protect women and girls from all forms of violence, particularly during and after armed conflict.

Rights institutions

NHRI No specific mention.

Regional or international human rights institutions

Rights institutions→Regional or international human rights institutions→Monitoring calls Page 1, Article II. Definition of Terms

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Page 2, Article IV. Objective

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Page 2, Article V. Organization and Structure - Head Coordinator

- 1. The Head Coordinator of the CPC shall be from a member-state of the IMT designated by Head of Mission.
- 2. The Head Coordinator shall be responsible to the IMT Head of Mission on all matters related to the operations and activities of CPC.

Page 3, Article V. Organization and Structure - Coordinators

2. The Coordinators shall be involved actively with the operational concerns and coordination of the CPC activities, and in the management and supervision of the CPC Field Offices, local and mobile teams.

Page 3, Article V. Organization and Structure - Executive Body

- 1. An Executive Body shall be organized to serve as the CPC center for operation and coordination under the supervision of the Head Coordinator. It shall also serve as the focal body for coordination of the institutional programs without prejudice to the function of the CPC.
- 2. The Executive Body will attend to the administrative, logistical, and operational requirements of the CPC.
- 3. The Executive Body will be composed of the Head Coordinator and the Coordinators.

Page 3, Article VI. Roles and Responsibilites

1. The roles and responsibilities of the CPC are to monitor, verify and report the compliance and non-compliance by the Parties to their basic undertakings to protect civilian as stipulated in the GRP-MILF Agreement on the CPC of the IMT signed in Kuala Lampur, Malaysia on October 27, 2009.

Page 4, Article VI. Roles and Responsibility

5. Should the IMT cease to perate, the CPC shall remain in place and continue to perform such functions.

Page 5, Article VII. Administrative Arrangement Reporting

- 1. All reports of the CPC shall be submitted to the IMT Head of Mission, who shall transmit the same to the Peace Panesl and CCHs.
- 3. Should the tour of duty of IMT is suspended or the IMT had ceased to operate, the reports of the CPC shall be directly submitted to the Peace Panels by the Executive Body.

Page 5, Article VIII. Duration

These Terms of Reference of the CPC of the IMT shall be for a period of two (2) years, and may be renewed for similar period for 515

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention. emergency law

State of emergency No specific mention. provisions

Judiciary and

courts

No specific mention.

Prisons and

detention

No specific mention.

Traditional Laws

No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or

No specific mention.

socio-economic reconstruction

National economic No specific mention.

plan

Natural resources No specific mention.

International funds No specific mention.

Business No specific mention.

Taxation No specific mention.

Banks No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

Pastoralist/ nomadism rights No specific mention.

Cultural heritage No specific mention. **Environment** No specific mention.

Water or riparian

No specific mention.

rights or access

Security sector

Security Guarantees

Page 2, Article IV. Objective

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Page 3-4, Article VI. Roles and Responsibilities

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- $2. \ The above \ undertaking \ shall \ commit\ and \ endeavour \ the \ CPC \ to \ the \ following:$
- 2.a To monitor the safety and security of civilian communities in conflict areas;
- 2.b. To monitor and ensure that both Parties respect the sanctitty of places of worship namely mosques, churches and religious places and social institutions including schools, madaris, hospitals and all places of civilian nature;
- 2.c To monitor the needs of the IDPs and the delivery of relief and rehabilitation support effort in conflict affected areas in Mindanao;
- 2.e. To monitor acts of violence against civilians in conflict affected areas; and

Ceasefire No specific mention.

Police No specific mention.

Armed forces No specific mention.

DDR No specific mention.

Intelligence services

No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces No specific mention.

Withdrawal of foreign forces

No specific mention.

Corruption No specific mention.

Crime/organised

No specific mention.

crime

Drugs No specific mention.

Terrorism No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional justice No specific mention.

general

Amnesty/pardon No specific mention.

Courts No specific mention.

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner release No specific mention.

Vetting No specific mention.

Victims No specific mention.

Missing persons No specific mention.

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation No specific mention.

Implementation

UN signatory No specific mention.

Other international Datuk Othman Bin Abd Razak, Facilitator and Representative of Malaysian

signatory

Referendum for

No specific mention.

agreement

International

mission/force/

similar

No specific mention.

Enforcement

Page 5, Article VII. Administrative Arrangement - Reporting

mechanism

1. All reports of the CPC shall be submitted to the IMT Head of Mission, who shall

transmit the same to the Peace Panels and CCCHs.

Related cases

No specific mention.

Source

UN Peacemaker http://peacemaker.un.org/philippines-tor-cpp2010