# Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://www.peaceagreements.org/

**Country/entity** South Sudan

Sudan

**Region** Africa (excl MENA)

**Agreement name** Implementation Matrix for Agreements between the Sudan and South Sudan

**Date** 12 Mar 2013

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

**Interim** Yes

arrangement

### Sudan Conflicts (1955 - )

Agreements relate to several distinct dyads, and also the negotiated independence of South Sudan, and subsequent internal conflict in South Sudan. Sudan-South Sudan. The long-standing conflict between the north and the south of the country dates back to colonial times, where the British introduced a so-called 'Southern Policy', severely hampering population movements between these big regions. Immediately after gaining independence in 1956, southern movements started to fight for independence; this fight became professionalised in 1983 with the foundation of the soon internationally supported Sudan People's Liberation Army (SPLA). When the Islamic Front government introduced strict sharia laws in the south after it took over power in 1988 the war intensified. A decade later, the military situation reached a stalemate, enabling internationally facilitated peace negotiations to begin in 1997. After more fighting, a final negotiation push began in 2002, leading to the signing of the Comprehensive Peace Areement (CPA) in January 2005.

Sudan-South Sudan post referendum. South Sudan became independent in July 2011; since then, relations between the two countries are complicated and violent conflict led by the SPLM (North) in the Sudanese Nuba mountains region has since intensified.

Darfur. Other long-standing violent conflicts are in the east and the west of the country. In the east, the Beja Congress, established in 1957, is the spearhead of a currently 'peaceful' opposition movement. In the west, the violent conflict in Darfur intensified in the early 2000s and rapidly gained international attention, even resulting in genocide charges against leading figures of the Sudanese government. The situation on the ground is complex, with over a dozen organisations (most notably the Sudanese Liberation Movement and the Justice and Equality Movement) fighting the Sudanese government and allied groups like the Janjaweed – although all parties have switched sides on numerous occasions. Several mediation attempts have not been successful, due to the shaky commitment of the Sudanese central government and the distrust among the armed opposition.

#### South Sudan - internal

In December 2013, after president Salva Kiir accused opposition leader Riek Machar of attempting a coup, violent conflict broke out between government forces of the SPLM/A and anti-governmental groups. In addition, several other political militias as well as communal militias have joined the conflict. In 2015 the Agreement on the Resolution of the Conflict in South Sudan (ARCSS) was signed. Due to unsuccessful implementation the agreement was revitalized in 2018. In September 2019, Kiir and Machar agreed to establish a power-sharing government after struggles on forming a unity transitional government.

Close Sudan Conflicts (1955 -)

**Stage** Implementation/renegotiation

**Conflict nature** Territory

**Peace process** North - South Sudan secession process

**Parties** Idris Mohamed Abdel Gader, on behalf of the Government of the Republic of the Sudan;

Pagan Amum Okiech, On behalf of the Government of the Republic of South Sudan

**Third parties** Witnessed by: Thabo Mvuyelwa Mbeki, Chairperson, African Union High-level

Implementation Panel for Sudan and South Sudan, On behalf of the African Union High-

level Implementation Panel

**Description** An agreement that provides a matrix for the facilitation and coordination by the parties

in their pursuit to implement their commitments in prior agreements, most notably the

Cooperation Agreement.

**Agreement** SD\_130312\_Implementation Matrix for Agreements between Sudan and South

**document** Sudan.pdf (opens in new tab) | Download PDF

Groups

**Children/youth** No specific mention.

**Disabled persons** No specific mention.

**Elderly/age** No specific mention.

**Migrant workers** No specific mention.

Racial/ethnic/ national group No specific mention.

**Religious groups** No specific mention.

**Indigenous people** No specific mention.

**Other groups** No specific mention.

Refugees/displaced No specific mention.

persons

**Social class** No specific mention.

# Gender

Women, girls and

gender

No specific mention.

Men and boys

No specific mention.

**LGBTI** 

No specific mention.

Family

No specific mention.

# **State definition**

Nature of state

(general)

No specific mention.

**State configuration** No specific mention.

 $\textbf{Self determination} \quad \text{No specific mention}.$ 

**Referendum** No specific mention.

**State symbols** No specific mention.

Independence/

secession

No specific mention.

Accession/

unification

No specific mention.

#### Border delimitation Page 3, 1. Cooperation Agreement

1.3. Completion of negotiation on disputed and claimed border areas (art. 4.1)

Timing: See below (sect. 5.4) Remarks: See below (sect. 5.4)

Page 8, 5. Agreement on border issues (including demarcation)

5.1 Border management

5.1.1 Maintenance of soft border (art. 2), and facilitation of movement of people, goods and services - Timing: D-Day onwards

Remarks: Principle of the soft border should inform specific policies and should be adopted by joint security, nationals and economic bodies. Implementation will require coordination across several areas to be identified within the Joint Border Commission. Liaison is required between the Commission and the Joint Political and Security Mechanism on opening of border crossings

Page 10, 5. Agreement on border issues (including demarcation)

5.2 Boundary demarcation process

5.2.1 Establishment of Joint Demarcation Committee (art. 8.1) - Timing: D-Day + 7 Remarks: 10 members, 5 from each State, including a Co-chair. During this period names of nominees to be exchanged

5.2.2 First meeting of the Committee (art. 8.5) - Timing: D-Day + 14

5.2.3 Establishment of Joint Technical Team (art. 9.1) - Timing: 5.2.2 (first meeting of Joint Demarcation Committee)

Remarks: The Joint Technical Team is to have 80 persons, 40 from each state. Composition to be confirmed at first meeting of the Joint Demarcation Committee. The African Union is to provide surveyors and other technical experts to assist team 5.2.5 Development of demarcation plan (art. 10.1) - Timing: 5.2.2 + 21 Remarks: Parties may seek advice from African Union representatives or any other source. Security elements of plan will require some participation of representatives of

Page 11, 5. Agreement on border issues (including demarcation)

Joint Political and Security Mechanism in the planning

5.2 Boundary demarcation process

5.2.7 Commencement of demarcation (art. 7.2) - Timing: 5.2.2 + 60

Page 11, 5. Agreement on border issues (including demarcation)

5.3 Security for demarcation process

5.3.1 Submission of demarcation plan to the Joint Political and Security Mechanism (art.

13.1) - Timing: 5.2.5 (development of demarcation plan) + 7 days

Remarks: Security proposals should reflect the particular ethos and sensitivities of demarcation and should incorporate community sensitization to the process 5.3.2 Arrangement of security for demarcation (art. 13.2) - Timing: During demarcation Remarks: Security arrangements and implementation must accord with 5.3.1 and be

Remarks: Security arrangements and implementation must accord with 5.3.1 and be carried out in consultation with the Joint Demarcation Committee and Joint Technical Team

5.3.3 Completion of demarcation (art. 7.1) - Timing: 5.2.7 (commencement of demarcation plan) + 3 months

Cross-border provision

Page 12, 6. Agreement on trade and trade-related issues

6.1 Establishment of Joint Ministerial

Committee on Trade Relations (art. 3.1) and preparations to establish the Joint Technical

Committee on Trade Relations - Timing: D-Day + 5

Remarks: Goal is to agree trade policy and framework of cooperation between the parties, including both existing and future agreements that would enhance and facilitate trade. The parties may request assistance from the African Development Bank (AfDB), which provided them with a consultant at earlier stages, as well as the Common Market

for Eastern and Southern Africa (COMESA) and other regional organizations

Page 17, 10. Agreement concerning oil and related economic matters

10.6 Establishment of Joint Cross-Border Cooperation Committee (art. 9.1.2) and entry into agreements to facilitate movement and security of personnel - Timing: D-Day +14

#### Governance

**Political** No specific mention.

reformed)

institutions (new or

**Elections** No specific mention.

**Electoral** No specific mention. **commission** 

Political parties reform

No specific mention.

**Civil society** 

Page 11, 5. Agreement on border issues (including demarcation)

5.3 Security for demarcation process 5.3.1 Submission of demarcation plan to the Joint Political and Security Mechanism (art. 13.1) - Timing: 5.2.5 (development of demarcation

plan) + 7 days

Remarks: Security proposals should reflect the particular ethos and sensitivities of demarcation and should incorporate community sensitization to the process

Traditional/ religious leaders No specific mention.

Public administration

Page 14, 8. Framework agreement to facilitate payment of post-service benefits

8.1 Payment by the Sudan of all post-service benefits and arrears due, including to South

Sudan citizens (art. 2.1) - Timing: Immediate Existing/continuing obligation

8.2 Payment by South Sudan of all post-service benefits and arrears due, including to

Sudan citizens (art. 2.2) - Timing: Immediate Existing/continuing obligation

**Constitution** No specific mention.

# **Power sharing**

# Political power sharing

Power sharing→Political power sharing→Other

State level

Page 3, 1. Cooperation Agreement

1.4 Determination of the final status of Abyei and consideration of formation of the Abyei Referendum Commission (art. 4.2)

Timing: Date to be agreed The Presidents

Remarks: To be dealt with at the level of the Presidents

Page 6-7, 3. Agreement on temporary arrangements for administration and security of the Abyei Area

3.1 Constitute Abyei Area Administration (art. 5) - Timing: D-Day + 7

Remarks: Abyei Joint Oversight Committee to constitute the Abyei Area Administration

3.2 Constitute Abyei Area Council (art. 8) - Timing: D-Day + 7

Remarks: The Abyei Joint Oversight Committee Co-Chairs agreed that the Sudan nomination for Chairperson of the Council adopted at the 8th Abyei Joint Oversight Committee meeting shall remain the same and can become effective only when the matter of Abyei Area Council membership has been resolved

- Agreement on the composition of the Council. The Committee has sent the matter to the Presidents for guidance
- The Committee is to constitute the Abyei Area Council in accordance with the guidance from the Presidents

# Territorial power sharing

Power sharing→Territorial power sharing→Autonomous regions

Page 3, 1. Cooperation Agreement

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- Agreement on the composition of the Council. The Committee has sent the matter to the Presidents for guidance
- The Committee is to constitute the Abyei Area Council in accordance with the guidance from the Presidents

Page 11-12, 5. Agreement on border issues (including demarcation)

5.4 Process for settlement of status of the five disputed areas and claimed border areas 5.4.1 Written submissions provided to the African Union Team of Experts - Timing: D-Day + 66

5.4.2 Parties to determine, in consultation with the African Union Team of Experts, time frame for process of preparing non-binding opinion of Team on status of the 5 disputed areas - Timing: D-Day + 21

5.4.3 Completion of non-binding opinion of the African Union Team of Experts on the status of the 5 disputed areas - Timing: 5.4.1 + 60

Remarks: Parties have commenced cooperation with the experts in line with draft terms of reference for the African Union Team of Experts. Timeline subject to change by parties pursuant to 5.4.2

 $5.4.4\,Consideration\,of\,opinion\,and\,preparation\,for\,negotiations\,\text{-}\,Timing:\,5.4.3\,+\,35$ 

5.4.5 Conclusion of discussions on the 5 disputed areas (para. 3.1.1 Heads of State Summit Outcome document) - Timing: 5.4.4 + 35

Remarks: Discussions shall be with the facilitation of AUHIP. If there is no settlement within this period, the parties shall:

- Extend the period for discussion, or
- Refer the matter to arbitration, or
- Refer the matter to any other binding settlement process

5.4.6 Agreement on process for settling status of claimed areas - Timing: 5.4.5 + 20

# Economic power sharing

Power sharing→Economic power sharing→Fiscal federalism Page 12, 6. Agreement on trade and trade-related issues

6.1 Establishment of Joint Ministerial

Committee on Trade Relations (art. 3.1) and preparations to establish the Joint Technical Committee on Trade Relations - Timing: D-Day + 5

Remarks: Goal is to agree trade policy and framework of cooperation between the parties, including both existing and future agreements that would enhance and facilitate trade. The parties may request assistance from the African Development Bank (AfDB), which provided them with a consultant at earlier stages, as well as the Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa (COMESA) and other regional organizations

Page 15, 9. Agreement on certain economic matters: division of assets and liabilities, arrears and claims and joint approach to the international community 9.1 The Sudan to provide South Sudan any part of an archive which is required for the normal administration of the territory of South Sudan or which relates directly to the territory of South Sudan; the best available evidence from its State archives, including maps and other documents, relating to title to the territory of South Sudan and its boundaries; and such other information as is necessary to clarify the meaning of archives that pass to South Sudan (arts. 4.2.1-4.2.2) - Timing: D-Day + 120

Page 16, 9. Agreement on certain economic matters: division of assets and liabilities, arrears and claims and joint approach to the international community 9.6 The Sudan to take all necessary action to reach Heavily Indebted Poor Countries Initiative decision point (art. 3.1.4 (a)) - Timing: Ratification + 2 years Remarks: The Sudan continuation of ongoing consultations required with the International Monetary Fund, the World Bank and AfDB on progress, as well as implementation of the joint approach to the international community, as appropriate

Page 16, 10. Agreement concerning oil and related economic matters 10.1 The Sudan to sell oil on-board tanker Isis and transfer proceeds to South Sudan (art. 13.1)

10.2 The Sudan to direct funds deposited at High Court in London related to vessel RatnaShradha (art. 13.2)

10.3 South Sudan to instruct oil companies to re-establish oil production (art. 15.1) - Timing: D-Day +14

Remarks: Resumption of production shall take place as soon as technically feasible. The parties have the responsibility to see to it that the relevant operators will plan and conduct the actual start-up in a technically and environmentally sound manner and in accordance with international best practices (art. 15.1)

Page 17, 10. Agreement concerning oil and related economic matters 10.4 The Sudan to instruct oil companies to re-establish oil processing and transportation (art. 15.2) - Timing: D-Day + 14

Remarks: Resumption of processing and transportation shall take place as soon as technically feasible. The parties have the responsibility to see to it that the relevant operators will plan and conduct the actual start-up in a technically and environmentally sound manner and in accordance with international best practices (art. 15.2)

Page 17, 10. Agreement concerning oil and related economic matters 10.7 Establishment of the Petroleum Monitoring Committee (art. 10.1) - Timing: D-Day + 14

Remarks: It is the responsibility of the African Union Commission to appoint an international Chairperson for agreement the after consultation with both parties. Both parties have submitted observations on their preferred candidates to AUHIP. Both

Military power sharing

No specific mention.

### **Human rights and equality**

**Human rights/RoL** No specific mention.

general

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

**Treaty** 

No specific mention.

incorporation

Civil and political

No specific mention.

rights

**Socio-economic** 

No specific mention.

rights

#### **Rights related issues**

#### Citizenship

Rights related issues→Citizenship→Citizen, general

Page 7-8, 4. Framework agreement on the status of nationals of the other State 4.1 Establishment of the Joint High-level Committee (art. 1.1) - Timing: D-Day + 7 Remarks: During this period, names of nominees to the Committee are to be exchanged

4.2 First meeting of the Committee (art. 1.3) - Timing: D-Day + 14

Remarks: AUHIP to convene meeting in Juba/Khartoum; may amend the proposed agenda submitted in March 2012 in consultation with the parties

4.3 Confirmation of composition of the Committee (art. 4.3) - Timing: During 4.2 Remarks: The parties have agreed to confirm the membership and number of the Joint High-level Committee at its first meeting

4.4 Accelerate cooperation to provide nationals with identity and other relevant documents (art. 2.1) - Timing: After 4.2

4.5 Elaboration of Four Freedoms agreement (art. 4.3) - Timing: 4.2 + 60

Remarks: Elaborated Four Freedoms text, prepared by AUHIP, already circulated to the parties. An annotated version to be prepared and circulated to the parties by the first Joint High-level Committee meeting. Issue will require further consideration by the Committee

4.6 Appeal for support for documentation, if necessary (art. 2.2) - Timing: After 4.4 Remarks: The requirement for support will depend on the needs assessed by the Committee. The two States may jointly appeal for technical support through the AUHIP for their cooperative efforts. This is without prejudice to each State's right to solicit assistance for its own activities

#### **Democracy**

No specific mention.

Detention procedures

No specific mention.

Media and communication

No specific mention.

#### Mobility/access

Page 6, 2 Agreements on security arrangements

2.5 Opening of 10 border-crossing corridors (art. 5) Immediate establishment of national technical border corridor committee in each country and preparation for Joint Technical Border Corridor Committee - Timing: D-Day + 7

2.5.1 Meeting of the Joint Technical Border Corridor Committee - Timing: D-Day + 7

2.5.2 Establishment of necessary office and foundations - Timing: D-Day + 60

2.5.3 Joint visit from both sides to the crossing corridors to review completion and readiness - Timing: D-Day + 70

Page 8, 5 Agreement on border issues (including demarcation)

5.1 Border management

5.1.1 Maintenance of soft border (art. 2), and facilitation of movement of people, goods and services - Timing: D-Day onwards

Remarks: Principle of the soft border should inform specific policies and should be adopted by joint security, nationals and economic bodies. Implementation will require coordination across several areas to be identified within the Joint Border Commission. Liaison is required between the Commission and the Joint Political and Security Mechanism on opening of border crossings

Page 9, 5. Agreement on border issues (including demarcation)

5.1 Border management

5.1.5 Management of transhumance: development of policy and regulations for resource management (part VII) - Timing: 5.1.2 + 30

Protection measures

No specific mention.

Other No specific mention.

#### **Rights institutions**

**NHRI** No specific mention.

Regional or international human rights institutions

No specific mention.

#### Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention. emergency law

**State of emergency** No specific mention. provisions

**Judiciary and** 

No specific mention.

courts

**Prisons and** detention

No specific mention.

**Traditional Laws** 

No specific mention.

#### **Socio-economic reconstruction**

**Development or** socio-economic

Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Socio-

economic development

reconstruction Page 8, 5 Agreement on border issues (including demarcation)

5.1 Border management

5.1.1 Maintenance of soft border (art. 2), and facilitation of movement of people, goods

and services - Timing: D-Day onwards

Remarks: Principle of the soft border should inform specific policies and should be adopted by joint security, nationals and economic bodies. Implementation will require coordination across several areas to be identified within the Joint Border Commission. Liaison is required between the Commission and the Joint Political and Security

Mechanism on opening of border crossings

National economic No specific mention.

plan

#### **Natural resources**

Page 16, 10. Agreement concerning oil and related economic matters

10.1 The Sudan to sell oil on-board tanker Isis and transfer proceeds to South Sudan (art. 13.1)

10.2 The Sudan to direct funds deposited at High Court in London related to vessel RatnaShradha (art. 13.2)

10.3 South Sudan to instruct oil companies to re-establish oil production (art. 15.1) - Timing: D-Day +14

Remarks: Resumption of production shall take place as soon as technically feasible. The parties have the responsibility to see to it that the relevant operators will plan and conduct the actual start-up in a technically and environmentally sound manner and in accordance with international best practices (art. 15.1)

Page 17, 10. Agreement concerning oil and related economic matters 10.4 The Sudan to instruct oil companies to re-establish oil processing and transportation (art. 15.2) - Timing: D-Day + 14

Remarks: Resumption of processing and transportation shall take place as soon as technically feasible. The parties have the responsibility to see to it that the relevant operators will plan and conduct the actual start-up in a technically and environmentally sound manner and in accordance with international best practices (art. 15.2)

Page 17, 10. Agreement concerning oil and related economic matters 10.7 Establishment of the Petroleum Monitoring Committee (art. 10.1) - Timing: D-Day + 14

Remarks: It is the responsibility of the African Union Commission to appoint an international Chairperson for the committee after consultation with both parties. Both parties have submitted observations on their preferred candidates to AUHIP. Both Governments have already appointed their members to the Petroleum Monitoring Committee

Page 18, 10. Agreement concerning oil and related economic matters 10.8 Conclusion of processing agreements (art. 3.3 (a)) - Timing: D-Day + 150 10.9 Conclusion of transportation agreements (art. 3.3 (b)) - Timing: D-Day + 150 10.10 Development of quality adjustment procedures for the Greater Nile Petroleum Operating Company transportation system (art. 8.1) - Timing: D-Day + 150 10.11 The parties to discuss the Sudapet issue with the aim of reaching an agreement (art. 14) - Timing: D-Day + 5 to

Page 19, 10. Agreement concerning oil and related economic matters 10.17 Establishment of two subcommittees of the Petroleum Monitoring Committee (art. 10.4) - Timing: D-Day + 60

Remarks: The technical and financial subcommittees shall monitor oil operations and review all monthly reports, and should be operational as soon as possible after resumption of oil production

10.18 Either party may exercise option to nominate representatives (observers) to be located at facilities within the territory of the other State (art. 11)

10.19 Adoption of detailed agreements (art. 20) - Timing: D-Day + 150

10.20 Payment of TFA (arts. 4.4, 5.2) - Timing: Within 40 days from date of bill of lading

International funds Page 16, 9. Agreement on certain economic matters: division of assets and liabilities, arrears and claims and joint approach to the international community 9.6 The Sudan to take all necessary action to reach Heavily Indebted Poor Countries Initiative decision point (art. 3.1.4 (a)) - Timing: Ratification + 2 years Remarks: The Sudan continuation of ongoing consultations required with the International Monetary Fund, the World Bank and AfDB on progress, as well as implementation of the joint approach to the international community, as appropriate

**Business** No specific mention.

**Taxation** 

No specific mention.

**Banks** 

Socio-economic reconstruction→Banks→Central bank

Page 13, 7. Agreement on a framework for cooperation on central banking issues 7.1 Establishment of Joint Central Banks Committee (art. 1.1) - Timing: D-Day + 5 Remarks: Committee should support financial stability and sound banking practices, including systems for facilitation of payments and financial transactions. It would be most appropriate for this Committee and the trade-related committee to arrange a joint meeting on issues of mutual relevance. As also envisaged in the borders agreement, it might also be useful to include a "soft border" element in such a meeting. One or all multilateral development banks can be requested to provide assistance (see 5.1.1 and 5.1.7 above)

Page 16, 9. Agreement on certain economic matters: division of assets and liabilities, arrears and claims and joint approach to the international community 9.6 The Sudan to take all necessary action to reach Heavily Indebted Poor Countries Initiative decision point (art. 3.1.4 (a)) - Timing: Ratification + 2 years Remarks: The Sudan continuation of ongoing consultations required with the International Monetary Fund, the World Bank and AfDB on progress, as well as implementation of the joint approach to the international community, as appropriate Socio-economic reconstruction→Banks→Personal or commercial banking Page 16, 9. Agreement on certain economic matters: division of assets and liabilities, arrears and claims and joint approach to the international community 9.6 The Sudan to take all necessary action to reach Heavily Indebted Poor Countries Initiative decision point (art. 3.1.4 (a)) - Timing: Ratification + 2 years Remarks: The Sudan continuation of ongoing consultations required with the International Monetary Fund, the World Bank and AfDB on progress, as well as implementation of the joint approach to the international community, as appropriate Socio-economic reconstruction→Banks→International finance Page 12, 6. Agreement on trade and trade-related issues 6.1 Establishment of Joint Ministerial

Committee on Trade Relations - Timing: D-Day + 5
Remarks: Goal is to agree trade policy and framework of cooperation between the parties, including both existing and future agreements that would enhance and facilitate trade. The parties may request assistance from the African Development Bank (AfDB), which provided them with a consultant at earlier stages, as well as the Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa (COMESA) and other regional organizations

Committee on Trade Relations (art. 3.1) and preparations to establish the Joint Technical

Page 16, 9. Agreement on certain economic matters: division of assets and liabilities, arrears and claims and joint approach to the international community 9.6 The Sudan to take all necessary action to reach Heavily Indebted Poor Countries Initiative decision point (art. 3.1.4 (a)) - Timing: Ratification + 2 years Remarks: The Sudan continuation of ongoing consultations required with the International Monetary Fund, the World Bank and AfDB on progress, as well as implementation of the joint approach to the international community, as appropriate

#### Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights No specific mention.

**Pastoralist/** Page 9, 5. Agreement on border issues (including demarcation)

**nomadism rights** 5.1 Border management

5.1.5 Management of transhumance: development of policy and regulations for resource

management (part VII) - Timing: 5.1.2 + 30

**Cultural heritage** Land, property and environment→Cultural heritage→Promotion

Page 15, 9. Agreement on certain economic matters: division of assets and liabilities,

arrears and claims and joint approach to the international community

9.2 Establishment of Joint Archives and Cultural Heritage Committee and repatriation

archives and cultural property (arts. 4.2.1, 4.3.1, 4.3.5) - Timing: D-Day + 30

**Environment** No specific mention.

Water or riparian

No specific mention.

rights or access

# **Security sector**

# Security Guarantees

### Page 3, 1. Cooperation Agreement

1.1. Full implementation of previous agreements relating to common security, including Abyei Temporary Arrangements (art. 2.2)

**Timing: Immediately** 

Remarks: See below (sects. 2 and 3)

Page 4, 2 Agreements on security arrangements (The agreement on Modalities for the Implementation of the Security Arrangements Agreement between the Sudan and South Sudan adopted by the Joint Political and Security Mechanism on 8 March 2013 is the reference document for the timelines below)

- 2.1 Immediate and unconditional withdrawal of forces to their side of the safe demilitarized border zone (art. 1)
- 2.1.1 Immediate orders issued D-Day + 4 South Sudan and the Sudan Timing: D-Day + 4
- 2.1.2 Start of withdrawal Timing: D-Day + 4
- 2.1.3 Joint Border Verification and Monitoring Mechanism to receive update from parties and report to parties Timing: D-Day + 4
- 2.1.4 Completion of withdrawal Timing: D-Day + 7
- 2.1.4.1 Completion of withdrawal in the 14-mile area Timing: D-Day + 14
- 2.1.5 United Nations Interim Security Force for Abyei (UNISFA) Force Commander to report to the Joint Political and Security Mechanism on withdrawal Timing: D-Day + 14

#### Page 4, 2 Agreements on security arrangements

- 2.2 Operationalization of the Joint Border Verification and Monitoring Mechanism (art. 2)
- 2.2.1 Start of operationalization of the Mechanism Timing: D-Day

Remarks: Governments of the Sudan and South Sudan agreed to the requirement of force protection battalion of 860 personnel. Parties agreed that the Mechanism will have final strength of 90 monitors each (Joint Political and Security Mechanism decisions 18 September 2011, Security Council resolution 2024 (2011)). They will initially deploy 70 monitors and build up this strength progressively as per progress of operationalization

# Page 5, 2 Agreements on security arrangements

- 2.2 Operationalization of the Joint Border Verification and Monitoring Mechanism (art. 2)
- 2.2.2 Allocation of land for Joint Border Verification and Monitoring Mechanism Sector Headquarters in Gok Machar Timing: D-Day + 16
- 2.2.3 Initial operating capacity Timing: D-Day + 46
- 2.2.4 Provision of land at Malakal and Buram for Sector Headquarters -Timing: D-Day + 30
- 2.2.5 Force generation for full operating capacity Timing: D-Day + 60
- 2.2.6 Full operating capacity Timing: D-Day + 90

#### Page 5, 2 Agreements on security arrangements

- 2.3 Operationalization of the safe demilitarized border zone (art. 2)
- 2.3.1 Start redeployment of forces from safe demilitarized border zone -Timing:D-Day + 7
- 2.3.2 Completion of redeployment of forces Timing: D-Day + 26
- 2.3.3 Joint Border Verification and Monitoring Mechanism reports on completion of redeployment Timing: D-Day + 33

# Page 5-6, 2 Agreements on security arrangements

- 2.4 Activation of the Ad Hoc Committee (art. 4)
- 2.4.1 Activation of the Ad Hoc Committee Timing: D-Day + 7
- 2.4.2 Activation of the Ad Hoc Committee of the Joint Border Verification and Monitoring Mechanism Sector Headquarters (in the 14-mile sector of the Mechanism) within 30 days (art. 3) Timing: D-Day + 44

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2. Consider of 10 harder creeding carridars (art. E) Immediate actablishment of national

**Ceasefire** No specific mention.

**Police** Page 7, 3. Agreement on temporary arrangements for administration and security of the

Abyei Area

3.3 Constitute Abyei Police Service (arts. 25 and 26) - Timing: D-Day + 30

Remarks: UNISFA proposal shared with the parties. Each State to bring to Abyei Joint Oversight Committee its proposals for the composition of the Abyei Police Service, including a Migrations Unit, for discussion. Police technical teams of the two States to

complete their preparatory work by 30 March 2013

**Armed forces** No specific mention.

**DDR** No specific mention.

Intelligence services

No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces No specific mention.

Withdrawal of foreign forces

No specific mention.

**Corruption** No specific mention.

Crime/organised crime

No specific mention.

**Drugs** No specific mention.

**Terrorism** No specific mention.

**Transitional justice** 

**Transitional justice** No specific mention.

general

**Amnesty/pardon** No specific mention.

**Courts** No specific mention.

**Mechanism** No specific mention.

**Prisoner release** No specific mention.

**Vetting** No specific mention.

**Victims** No specific mention.

**Missing persons** No specific mention.

**Reparations** No specific mention.

**Reconciliation** No specific mention.

#### **Implementation**

**UN signatory** No signature - however agreement is attached to 'Letter dated 15 March 2013 from the

Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council', signed by UNSG.

Other international Witnessed by: Thabo Mvuyelwa Mbeki, Chairperson, African Union High-level

**signatory** Implementation Panel for Sudan and South Sudan, On behalf of the African Union High-

level Implementation Panel

Referendum for agreement

No specific mention.

International mission/force/ similar

Page 4, 2 Agreements on security arrangements (The agreement on Modalities for the Implementation of the Security Arrangements Agreement between the Sudan and South Sudan adopted by the Joint Political and Security Mechanism on 8 March 2013 is the reference document for the timelines below)

- 2.1 Immediate and unconditional withdrawal of forces to their side of the safe demilitarized border zone (art. 1)
- 2.1.5 United Nations Interim Security Force for Abyei (UNISFA) Force Commander to report to the Joint Political and Security Mechanism on withdrawal Timing: D-Day + 14

Page 7, 3. Agreement on temporary arrangements for administration and security of the Abyei Area

3.3 Constitute Abyei Police Service (arts. 25 and 26) - Timing: D-Day + 30 Remarks: UNISFA proposal shared with the parties. Each State to bring to Abyei Joint Oversight Committee its proposals for the composition of the Abyei Police Service, including a Migrations Unit, for discussion. Police technical teams of the two States to complete their preparatory work by 30 March 2013

**Enforcement** Page 3, 1. Cooperation Agreement

mechanism 1.5 Development of modalities for implementing and monitoring all the agreements (art.

4.3)

Timing: D-Day + 14

Remarks: During this period, the Legal Cluster will meet to discuss proposal of AUHIP and

present outcome to Lead Negotiation Panel for consideration

**Related cases** No specific mention.

**Source** Peacemaker.un.org, 2015. 'UN Peacemaker'. http://peacemaker.un.org.