

Country/entity	Sudan Darfur
Region	Africa (excl MENA)
Agreement name	Ceasefire Agreement between the Government of Sudan and the Justice and Equality Movement-Sudan (JEM)
Date	10 Feb 2013
Agreement status	Multiparty signed/agreed
Interim arrangement	Yes

Agreement/conflict level Intrastate/intrastate conflict

Sudan Conflicts (1955 -)

Agreements relate to several distinct dyads, and also the negotiated independence of South Sudan, and subsequent internal conflict in South Sudan. Sudan-South Sudan. The long-standing conflict between the north and the south of the country dates back to colonial times, where the British introduced a so-called 'Southern Policy', severely hampering population movements between these big regions. Immediately after gaining independence in 1956, southern movements started to fight for independence; this fight became professionalised in 1983 with the foundation of the soon internationally supported Sudan People's Liberation Army (SPLA). When the Islamic Front government introduced strict sharia laws in the south after it took over power in 1988 the war intensified. A decade later, the military situation reached a stalemate, enabling internationally facilitated peace negotiations to begin in 1997. After more fighting, a final negotiation push began in 2002, leading to the signing of the Comprehensive Peace Agreement (CPA) in January 2005.

Sudan-South Sudan post referendum. South Sudan became independent in July 2011; since then, relations between the two countries are complicated and violent conflict led by the SPLM (North) in the Sudanese Nuba mountains region has since intensified.

Darfur. Other long-standing violent conflicts are in the east and the west of the country. In the east, the Beja Congress, established in 1957, is the spearhead of a currently 'peaceful' opposition movement. In the west, the violent conflict in Darfur intensified in the early 2000s and rapidly gained international attention, even resulting in genocide charges against leading figures of the Sudanese government. The situation on the ground is complex, with over a dozen organisations (most notably the Sudanese Liberation Movement and the Justice and Equality Movement) fighting the Sudanese government and allied groups like the Janjaweed – although all parties have switched sides on numerous occasions. Several mediation attempts have not been successful, due to the shaky commitment of the Sudanese central government and the distrust among the armed opposition.

South Sudan - internal

In December 2013, after president Salva Kiir accused opposition leader Riek Machar of attempting a coup, violent conflict broke out between government forces of the SPLM/A and anti-governmental groups. In addition, several other political militias as well as communal militias have joined the conflict. In 2015 the Agreement on the Resolution of the Conflict in South Sudan (ARCSS) was signed. Due to unsuccessful implementation the agreement was revitalized in 2018. In September 2019, Kiir and Machar agreed to establish a power-sharing government after struggles on forming a unity transitional government.

Close

Sudan Conflicts (1955 -)

Stage Ceasefire/related

Conflict nature Government/territory

Peace process	Darfur-Sudan peace process
Parties	For the Government of Sudan: Dr. Amin Hassan Omar, Minister of State in the Presidency; For the Justice and Equality Movement Sudan: Mr. Arko Sulaiman Dahiya, Vice President/ Head of Delegation;
Third parties	Witnessed by: For the State of Qatar: H.E. Ahmad bin Abdallah Al Mahmoud, Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of State for Cabinet Affairs; For the AU-UN Mediation: Ms. Aichatou S. Mindaoudou, Acting Joint Special Representative/Joint Chief Mediator ad interim;
Description	A ceasefire agreement between the Government of Sudan and the Justice and Equality Movement that establishes a cessation of hostilities pursuant to the Doha Document for Peace in Darfur (DDPD), as well as establishes a Ceasefire Commission to ensure and oversee implementation of the ceasefire. Additionally, the Parties commit to respecting rights of civilians, and to provide full cooperation with UNAMID to implement its mandate.

Agreement document	SD_130210_Ceasefire GoS JEMS.pdf (opens in new tab) Download PDF
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Groups

Children/youth	<p>Groups→Children/youth→Rhetorical Page 3, THE PARTIES HEREBY (2), b) Civilians in Darfur have the right to protection, including provision of specific measures for vulnerable groups such as women and children taking into account their special status in international law, and in recognition that they have suffered disproportionately during the conflict.</p> <p>Page 3, THE PARTIES HEREBY (2), d) The imperative to refrain from all acts of violence against civilians, in particular vulnerable groups such as women and children, and from violations of human rights and international humanitarian law.</p> <p>Page 13, FUNCTIONS/ TERMS OF REFERENCE (32) v. In accordance with the UNSC Resolution 1325 (2000), the Commission shall ensure that all forms of violence that specifically affect women and children are heard and redressed in a gender sensitive and competent manner;</p>
Disabled persons	No specific mention.
Elderly/age	No specific mention.

Migrant workers	No specific mention.
Racial/ethnic/ national group	No specific mention.
Religious groups	No specific mention.
Indigenous people	No specific mention.
Other groups	No specific mention.
Refugees/displaced persons	<p>Groups→Refugees/displaced persons→Rhetorical Page 1, PREAMBLE ...Deeply concerned that the unabated fighting in Darfur will lead to further loss of lives and displacement of the population;</p> <p>Page 2, PREAMBLE ...Recognizing that security is at the forefront of concerns raised by a large spectrum of the people of Darfur, including members of civil society, internally displaced persons ("IDPs") and refugees; Groups→Refugees/displaced persons→Substantive Page 4, THE PARTIES HEREBY (4) Agree to immediately cease and refrain from any: a) Acts of hostility, violence or intimidation against the civilian population in Darfur and IDPs. ... d) Recruitment or any other military activity within or in the proximity of IDP or refugee camps.</p> <p>Page 6, THE PARTIES HEREBY (5) Further undertake to ensure: ... g) That IDPs and other civilians in Darfur shall not be subject to harassment or arbitrary detention by the Government's security organs and JEM; noting that such activities may be treated as violations of the ceasefire.</p> <p>Page 8, FUNCTIONS OF THE CFC (12) The functions of the CFC shall be to: ... v. Produce, through its Chairperson, the master map showing disposition of the Parties, and Demilitarized Zones (DMZs) around IDP camps and hosting communities as and when agreed by the Parties;</p>
Social class	No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and gender

Page 3, 2. Agree to implement the ceasefire in accordance with the DDPD, and the following general principles:

...

b) Civilians in Darfur have the right to protection, including provision of specific measures for vulnerable groups such as women and children taking into account their special status under international law, and in recognition that they have suffered disproportionately during the conflict.

...

d) The imperative to refrain from all acts of violence against civilians, in particular vulnerable groups such as women and children, and from violations of human rights and international humanitarian law.

Page 5, 4. Agree to immediately cease and refrain from any:

...

i) Acts and forms of gender-based violence and sexual exploitation.

j) Recruitment and use of boys and girls under age 18 by armed forces and armed groups in hostilities in accordance with Sudan's obligations under the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on the involvement of children in armed conflict, and obligations under Protocol II (1977) of the Geneva Conventions of 1949.

Page 6, 5. Further undertake to ensure:

...

d) That the provisions of this Agreement are communicated through the Parties' chain of command to all elements of their armed forces and armed groups under their control or influence, including women, and that all such forces and groups shall comply with those provisions.

...

h) That all children, boys and girls, recruited by armed forces or armed groups, if any, are released unconditionally through the development of Action Plans.

i) That all children, boys and girls, who are accused of crimes against international law after being unlawfully recruited by armed forces or armed groups are considered primarily as victims of violations against international law and not as alleged perpetrators.

Page 7, 9.

Cognizant of the important role of women in peace making, adequate and effective representation of women shall be guaranteed by the Parties at all levels of the ceasefire mechanism.

Page 10, Code of conduct

19.viii. Place the interests of the people of Darfur and other resident civilians, women and children, ahead of personal considerations;

Page 10, Sector Sub-Ceasefire Commission

22. Each sector shall establish and maintain Sector Sub-Ceasefire Commission inclusive of women to ensure and effective investigation and reporting cycle. The sectors shall establish a Secretariat to be headed by the Chief sub CFC modeled on the CFC Secretariat. Team site groups comprising various elements at sub-unit/unit levels, inclusive of women, shall be established as the primary sources of reporting incidents and investigating violations to the Ceasefire.

Page 13, FUNCTIONS/ TERMS OF REFERENCE (32)

...

Page 6 of 26

v. In accordance with the UNSC Resolution 1325 (2000), the Commission shall ensure that all forms of violence that specifically affect women and children are heard and redressed

Men and boys	<p>Gender→Men and boys→Gender neutral wording</p> <p>Page 5, 4. Agree to immediately cease and refrain from any:</p> <p>...</p> <p>i) Acts and forms of gender-based violence and sexual exploitation.</p> <p>j) Recruitment and use of boys and girls under age 18 by armed forces and armed groups in hostilities in accordance with Sudan;s obligations under the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on the involvement of children in armed conflict, and obligations under Protocol II (1977) of the Geneva Conventions of 1949.</p> <p>Page 6, 5. Further undertake to ensure:</p> <p>...</p> <p>h) That all children, boys and girls, recruited by armed forces or armed groups, if any, are released unconditionally through the development of Action Plans.</p> <p>i) That all children, boys and girls, who are accused of crimes against international law after being unlawfully recruited by armed forces or armed groups are considered primarily as victims of violations against international law and not as alleged perpetrators.</p>
LGBTI	No specific mention.
Family	No specific mention.

State definition

Nature of state (general)	<p>Page 1, PREAMBLE</p> <p>...Reaffirming the unity, sovereignty, independence and territorial integrity of the Republic of Sudan;</p> <p>Page 4, THE PARTIES HEREBY (2)</p> <p>...</p> <p>h) The necessity to have a strong professional and inclusive Sudanese Armed Forces (SAF) and other security institutions, capable of defending and maintaining the sovereignty and territorial integrity of the country.</p>
State configuration	No specific mention.
Self determination	No specific mention.
Referendum	No specific mention.
State symbols	No specific mention.
Independence/secession	No specific mention.

**Accession/
unification** No specific mention.

Border delimitation No specific mention.

**Cross-border
provision** No specific mention.

Governance

**Political
institutions (new or
reformed)** No specific mention.

Elections No specific mention.

**Electoral
commission** No specific mention.

**Political parties
reform** No specific mention.

Civil society

Page 2, PREAMBLE

...Committed to ensuring access to humanitarian assistance by the population in need, and the protection of humanitarian workers;

Page 2, PREAMBLE

...Recognizing that security is at the forefront of concerns raised by a large spectrum of the people of Darfur, including members of civil society, internally displaced persons ("IDPs") and refugees;

Page 3, THE PARTIES HEREBY (2)

a) The Darfur conflict cannot be resolved militarily and a durable solution can only be obtained through an inclusive political process.

Page 3, THE PARTIES HEREBY (2)

...

e) The need to address the humanitarian crisis faced by the people of Darfur, including the guarantee of unrestricted humanitarian access to all- areas.

Page 4, THE PARTIES HEREBY

(4) Agree to immediately cease and refrain from any:

...

e) Acts of intimidation, hostility, violence or attacks against UNAMID personnel, installations or equipment, members or local or international humanitarian agencies including UN agencies, international organisations and non-governmental organisations, their personnel, installations or equipment, and members of the media.

Page 5, THE PARTIES HEREBY

...

f) Actions that may impede or delay the provision of humanitarian assistance or protection to civilians and restrict free movement of people.

g) Restrictions on the safe, free and unimpeded movement of humanitarian agencies.

l) Attempt by any Party to disguise its equipment, personnel or activities as those of UNAMID, the UN Agencies, the AU, the International Committee of the Red Cross/Red Crescent (ICRC) or any other similar organisation.

Page 6, THE PARTIES HEREBY

(5) Further undertake to ensure:

...

b) Unimpeded access of humanitarian assistance to the population in need and the protection of humanitarian workers and their operations in areas under their control.

**Traditional/
religious leaders**

No specific mention.

**Public
administration**

No specific mention.

Constitution

No specific mention.

Power sharing

Political power sharing No specific mention.

Territorial power sharing No specific mention.

Economic power sharing No specific mention.

Military power sharing No specific mention.

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL general Page 2, PREAMBLE
...Condemning all acts of violence against civilians and violations of human rights and international humanitarian law;

Page 3, THE PARTIES HEREBY (2)
...
d) The imperative to refrain from all acts of violence against civilians, in particular vulnerable groups such as women and children, and from violations of human rights and international humanitarian law.

Page 4, THE PARTIES HEREBY
(4) Agree to immediately cease and refrain from any:
a) Acts of hostility, violence or intimidation against the civilian population in Darfur and IDPs.
...
e) Acts of intimidation, hostility, violence or attacks against UNAMID personnel, installations or equipment, members or local or international humanitarian agencies including UN agencies, international organisations and non-governmental organisations, their personnel, installations or equipment, and members of the media.

Page 5, THE PARTIES HEREBY
(4) Agree to immediately cease and refrain from any:
...
i) Acts and forms of gender-based violence and sexual exploitation.
j) Recruitment and use of boys and girls under age 18 by armed forces and armed groups in hostilities, in accordance with Sudan's obligations under the Optional Protocol the Convention on the Rights of the Child on the involvement of children in armed conflict, and obligations under Protocol II (1977) of the Geneva Conventions of 1949.

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

**Treaty
incorporation**

Page 1, PREAMBLE

...In accordance with the United Nations Charter and principles, the Constitutive Act of the African Union, as well as various other African Union declarations relating to the peaceful resolution of conflicts;

Page 2, PREAMBLE

[...] Condemning all acts of violence against civilians and violations of human rights and international humanitarian law;

Page 2, PREAMBLE

[...] Determined to respect all international conventions, charters, resolutions, and protocols ratified by Sudan; and

Page 3, THE PARTIES HEREBY

(2), b) Civilians in Darfur have the right to protection, including provision of specific measures for vulnerable groups such as women and children taking into account their special status in international law, and in recognition that they have suffered disproportionately during the conflict.

Page 3, THE PARTIES HEREBY

(2), d) The imperative to refrain from all acts of violence against civilians, in particular vulnerable groups such as women and children, and from violations of human rights and international humanitarian law.

Page 5, 4. Agree to immediately cease and refrain from any:

j) Recruitment and use of boys and girls under age 18 by armed forces and armed groups in hostilities in accordance with Sudan's obligations under the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on the involvement of children in armed conflict, and obligations under Protocol II (1977) of the Geneva Conventions of 1949.

Page 6, THE PARTIES HEREBY

(5) Further undertake to ensure:

i) That all children, boys and girls, who are accused of crimes against international law after being unlawfully recruited by armed forces or armed groups are considered primarily as victims of violations against international law and not as alleged perpetrators.

**Civil and political
rights**

Human rights and equality→Civil and political rights→Liberty and security of person

Page 3, THE PARTIES HEREBY (2)

...

b) Civilians in Darfur have the right to protection, including provision of specific measures for vulnerable groups such as women and children taking into account their special status in international law, and in recognition that they have suffered disproportionately during the conflict.

**Socio-economic
rights**

No specific mention.

Rights related issues

Citizenship No specific mention.

Democracy No specific mention.

Detention procedures No specific mention.

Media and communication Rights related issues→Media and communication→Media roles
Page 4, THE PARTIES HEREBY
(4) Agree to immediately cease and refrain from any:
...
c) Offensive, provocative or retaliatory actions, including hostile propaganda and the unauthorised redeployment and movement of forces against another Party or any Movement Party to the Darfur Peace Agreement (DPA), signed on 5 May 2006 in Abuja, Nigeria or against the signatories to the Declaration of Commitment to the DPA (DoC DPA), signed thereafter.
...
e) Acts of intimidation, hostility, violence or attacks against UNAMID personnel, installations or equipment, members or local or international humanitarian agencies including UN agencies, international organisations and non-governmental organisations, their personnel, installations or equipment, and members of the media.

Page 5, THE PARTIES HEREBY
(4) Agree to immediately cease and refrain from any:
...
k) Other activities that could endanger or undermine the Parties' commitment to a complete and durable cessation of hostilities, including those activities that would be determined to be a violation of the ceasefire based on this Agreement; hostile propaganda against another Party or any armed group party to the DPA.

Page 8, FUNCTIONS OF THE CFC
(12) The functions of the CFC shall be to:
...
v. Produce, through its Chairperson, the master map showing disposition of the Parties, and Demilitarized Zones (DMZs) around IDP camps and hosting communities as and when agreed by the Parties;
vii. Issue violation reports in the event that a Party commits any prohibited act, as stipulated in the Ceasefire;
viii. Assist in the dissemination of information about the Permanent Ceasefire as and when agreed by the Parties;
ix. Serve as a channel of communication between the Parties;

Mobility/access

Page 3, THE PARTIES HEREBY (2)

...

e) The need to address the humanitarian crisis faced by the people of Darfur, including the guarantee of unrestricted humanitarian access to all- areas.

Page 4, THE PARTIES HEREBY (2)

...

g) Guaranteed free movement for individuals, goods and services in Darfur.

Page 4, THE PARTIES HEREBY

(4) Agree to immediately cease and refrain from any:

...

c) Offensive, provocative or retaliatory actions, including hostile propaganda and the unauthorised redeployment and movement of forces against another Party or any Movement Party to the Darfur Peace Agreement (DPA), signed on 5 May 2006 in Abuja, Nigeria or against the signatories to the Declaration of Commitment to the DPA (DoC DPA), signed thereafter.

Page 5, THE PARTIES HEREBY

(4) Agree to immediately cease and refrain from any:

...

f) Actions that may impede or delay the provision of humanitarian assistance or protection to civilians and restrict free movement of people.

h) Use or laying of land mines.

g) Restrictions on the safe, free and unimpeded movement of humanitarian agencies.

Page 5, THE PARTIES HEREBY

(5) Further undertake to ensure:

a) The free movement of people and goods.

Page 6, THE PARTIES HEREBY

(5) Further undertake to ensure:

...

b) Unimpeded access of humanitarian assistance to the population in need and the protection of humanitarian workers and their operations in areas under their control.

Page 7, THE PARTIES HEREBY

(10) The Parties shall guarantee UNAMID unimpeded freedom of movement in all areas and at all times in Darfur in the exercise of its mandate.

Page 7, FUNCTIONS OF THE CFC

(12) The functions of the CFC shall be to:

...

iii. Define the routes for all movement of the Parties' forces in order to reduce risks of incidents; and approve all such movements which must be requested by the Parties with at least 72 hour notice;

iv. Support de-mining operations;

Page 8, FUNCTIONS OF THE CFC

(12) The functions of the CFC shall be to:

...

v. Produce, through its Chairperson, the master map showing disposition of the Parties, and Demilitarized Zones (DMZs) around IDP camps and hosting communities as and when agreed by the Parties;

Protection measures	Rights related issues→Protection measures→Protection of civilians Page 3, THE PARTIES HEREBY (2), b) Civilians in Darfur have the right to protection, including provision of specific measures for vulnerable groups such as women and children taking into account their special status in international law, and in recognition that they have suffered disproportionately during the conflict.
	Page 5, THE PARTIES HEREBY ... f) Actions that may impede or delay the provision of humanitarian assistance or protection to civilians and restrict free movement of people. Rights related issues→Protection measures→Protection of groups Page 2, PREAMBLE ...Committed to ensuring access to humanitarian assistance by the population in need, and the protection of humanitarian workers;
	Page 3, THE PARTIES HEREBY (2), b) Civilians in Darfur have the right to protection, including provision of specific measures for vulnerable groups such as women and children taking into account their special status in international law, and in recognition that they have suffered disproportionately during the conflict.
	Page 6, THE PARTIES HEREBY (5) Further undertake to ensure: ... b) Unimpeded access of humanitarian assistance to the population in need and the protection of humanitarian workers and their operations in areas under their control. Rights related issues→Protection measures→Other Page 3, THE PARTIES HEREBY (2) ... b) Civilians in Darfur have the right to protection, including provision of specific measures for vulnerable groups such as women and children taking into account their special status in international law, and in recognition that they have suffered disproportionately during the conflict.
Other	No specific mention.

Rights institutions

NHRI	No specific mention.
Regional or international human rights institutions	No specific mention.

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and emergency law No specific mention.

State of emergency provisions No specific mention.

Judiciary and courts No specific mention.

Prisons and detention No specific mention.

Traditional Laws No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

Development or socio-economic reconstruction Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Humanitarian assistance
Page 2, PREAMBLE
...Committed to ensuring access to humanitarian assistance by the population in need, and the protection of humanitarian workers;

Page 3, THE PARTIES HEREBY (2)
...
e) The need to address the humanitarian crisis faced by the people of Darfur, including the guarantee of unrestricted humanitarian access to all- areas.

Page 5, THE PARTIES HEREBY (4)
...
f) Actions that may impede or delay the provision of humanitarian assistance or protection to civilians and restrict free movement of people.
g) Restrictions on the safe, free and unimpeded movement of humanitarian agencies.

Page 6, THE PARTIES HEREBY
(5) Further undertake to ensure:
...
b) Unimpeded access of humanitarian assistance to the population in need and the protection of humanitarian workers and their operations in areas under their control.

National economic plan No specific mention.

Natural resources No specific mention.

International funds No specific mention.

Business	Page 4, THE PARTIES HEREBY (2) ... g) Guaranteed free movement for individuals, goods and services in Darfur.
Taxation	No specific mention.
Banks	No specific mention.

Land, property and environment

Land reform/rights	No specific mention.
Pastoralist/ nomadism rights	No specific mention.
Cultural heritage	No specific mention.
Environment	No specific mention.
Water or riparian rights or access	No specific mention.

**Security
Guarantees**

Page 1, PREAMBLE

...Deeply concerned that the unabated fighting in Darfur will lead to further loss of lives and displacement of the population;

Page 2, PREAMBLE

...Recognizing that security is at the forefront of concerns raised by a large spectrum of the people of Darfur, including members of civil society, internally displaced persons ("IDPs") and refugees;

Page 2, PREAMBLE

...Resolved to negotiate final security arrangements on the basis of the DDPD;

Page 2, PREAMBLE

...Resolved to create and maintain a climate of peace, calm and confidence in Darfur, particularly throughout the negotiation process;

Page 2, PREAMBLE

...Determined to take concrete action to ensure the security of the people of Darfur through peaceful settlement of the conflict;

Page 3, PREAMBLE

...Recalling the Declaration of Cessation of Hostilities and Commitment to the Peace Process by the Government of Sudan and the Justice and Equality Movement Sudan, signed on 22 October 2012, in which the Parties agreed to "resume negotiations in order to achieve a comprehensive settlement of the conflict on the basis of the DDPD";

Page 3, THE PARTIES HEREBY (2)

...

e) The need to address the humanitarian crisis faced by the people of Darfur, including the guarantee of unrestricted humanitarian access to all- areas.

Page 4, THE PARTIES HEREBY (2)

...

f) Realising and supporting permanent peace in Darfur through, among other things, a comprehensive agreement and final security arrangements that address the root causes and the different aspects of the armed conflict.

Page 4, THE PARTIES HEREBY

(3) Agree to negotiate, on the basis of the DDPD, permanent ceasefire and final security arrangements which shall form an integral part of a protocol to be signed by the Parties.

Page 4, THE PARTIES HEREBY

(4) Agree to immediately cease and refrain from any:

a) Acts of hostility, violence or intimidation against the civilian population in Darfur and IDPs.

Ceasefire

Security sector→Ceasefire→Ceasefire provision

Page 3, PREAMBLE

...Recalling the Declaration of Cessation of Hostilities and Commitment to the Peace Process by the Government of Sudan and the Justice and Equality Movement Sudan, signed on 22 October 2012, in which the Parties agreed to "resume negotiations in order to achieve a comprehensive settlement of the conflict on the basis of the DDPD";

Page 3, THE PARTIES HEREBY

(1) Solemnly declare and faithfully agree to observe an immediate and complete ceasefire between the two parties, both on land and in the air, in Darfur, Republic of Sudan, commencing 23:59 hours Sudan local time, on 10 February 2013.

Page 3, THE PARTIES HEREBY

(2) Agree to implement the ceasefire in accordance with the DDPD, and the following general principles:

Page 4, THE PARTIES HEREBY

(3) Agree to negotiate, on the basis of the DDPD, permanent ceasefire and final security arrangements which shall form an integral part of a protocol to be signed by the Parties.

Page 4, THE PARTIES HEREBY

(4) Agree to immediately cease and refrain from any:

- a) Acts of hostility, violence or intimidation against the civilian population in Darfur and IDPs.
- b) Activities that jeopardise the letter and spirit of this Agreement.
- c) Offensive, provocative or retaliatory actions, including hostile propaganda and the unauthorised redeployment and movement of forces against another Party or any Movement Party to the Darfur Peace Agreement (DPA), signed on 5 May 2006 in Abuja, Nigeria or against the signatories to the Declaration of Commitment to the DPA (DoC DPA), signed thereafter.
- d) Recruitment or any other military activity within or in the proximity of IDP or refugee camps.
- e) Acts of intimidation, hostility, violence or attacks against UNAMID personnel, installations or equipment, members or local or international humanitarian agencies including UN agencies, international organisations and non-governmental organisations, their personnel, installations or equipment, and members of the media.

Page 5, THE PARTIES HEREBY

(4) Agree to immediately cease and refrain from any:

...

- f) Actions that may impede or delay the provision of humanitarian assistance or protection to civilians and restrict free movement of people.
- g) Restrictions on the safe, free and unimpeded movement of humanitarian agencies.
- h) Use or laying of land mines.
- i) Acts and forms of gender-based violence and sexual exploitation.
- j) Recruitment and use of boys and girls under age 18 by armed forces and armed groups in hostilities, in accordance with Sudan's obligations under the Optional Protocol the Convention on the Rights of the Child on the involvement of children in armed conflict, and obligations under Protocol II (1977) of the Geneva Conventions of 1949.
- k) Other activities that could endanger or undermine the Parties' commitment to a complete and durable cessation of hostilities, including those activities that would be determined to be a violation of the ceasefire based on this Agreement; hostile propaganda against another Party or any armed group party to the DPA.
- l) Attempt by any Party to disarm, seize or destroy equipment, personnel or activities as those of UNAMID, the UN Agencies, the AU, the International Committee of the Red Cross/Red Crescent (ICRC) or any other similar organisation.

Police

Page 6, THE PARTIES HEREBY

(5) Further undertake to ensure:

...

g) That IDPs and other civilians in Darfur shall not be subject to harassment or arbitrary detention by the Government's security organs and JEM; noting that such activities may be treated as violations of the ceasefire.

Page 8, COMPOSITION OF THE CFC

(14) The Chairperson shall, as required, co-opt representatives of other components/ sections of UNAMID i.e. Police, HLO, PAD, Legal Office as members without voting right.

Armed forces

Page 4, THE PARTIES HEREBY (2)

...

h) The necessity to have a strong professional and inclusive Sudanese Armed Forces (SAF) and other security institutions, capable of defending and maintaining the sovereignty and territorial integrity of the country.

Page 6, THE PARTIES HEREBY

(5) Further undertake to ensure:

...

d) That the provisions of this Agreement are communicated through the Parties' chain of command to all elements of their armed forces and armed groups under their control or influence, including women, and that all such forces and groups shall comply with those provisions.

Page 7, FUNCTIONS OF THE CFC

(12) The functions of the CFC shall be to:

i. Monitor compliance of the Parties to their obligations under the Ceasefire and the conduct of the respective armed forces;

DDR

Security sector→DDR→DDR programmes

Page 6, THE PARTIES HEREBY

(5) Further undertake to ensure:

...

e) The disarmament and disbandment of armed militias in due time, and as a prerequisite for the implementation of comprehensive arms control measures to ensure security throughout Darfur.

h) That all children, boys and girls, recruited by armed forces or armed groups, if any, are released unconditionally through the development of Action Plans.

Page 8, FUNCTIONS OF THE CFC

(12) The functions of the CFC shall be to:

x. Support the Disarmament, Demobilization and Reintegration (DDR) of the ex-combatants as and when agreed by the Parties.

Intelligence services

No specific mention.

**Parastatal/rebel
and opposition
group forces**

Page 6, THE PARTIES HEREBY

(5) Further undertake to ensure:

...

d) That the provisions of this Agreement are communicated through the Parties' chain of command to all elements of their armed forces and armed groups under their control or influence, including women, and that all such forces and groups shall comply with those provisions.

e) The disarmament and disbandment of armed militias in due time, and as a prerequisite for the implementation of comprehensive arms control measures to ensure security throughout Darfur.

~

Page 5, THE PARTIES HEREBY

(4) Agree to immediately cease and refrain from any:

...

j) Recruitment and use of boys and girls under age 18 by armed forces and armed groups in hostilities, in accordance with Sudan's obligations under the Optional Protocol the Convention on the Rights of the Child on the involvement of children in armed conflict, and obligations under Protocol II (1977) of the Geneva Conventions of 1949.

k) Other activities that could endanger or undermine the Parties' commitment to a complete and durable cessation of hostilities, including those activities that would be determined to be a violation of the ceasefire based on this Agreement; hostile propaganda against another Party or any armed group party to the DPA.

Page 6, THE PARTIES HEREBY

(5) Further undertake to ensure:

...

d) That the provisions of this Agreement are communicated through the Parties' chain of command to all elements of their armed forces and armed groups under their control or influence, including women, and that all such forces and groups shall comply with those provisions.

g) That IDPs and other civilians in Darfur shall not be subject to harassment or arbitrary detention by the Government's security organs and JEM; noting that such activities may be treated as violations of the ceasefire.

h) That all children, boys and girls, recruited by armed forces or armed groups, if any, are released unconditionally through the development of Action Plans.

Page 8, COMPOSITION OF THE CFC

(13) The CFC shall be constituted as follows:

...

ii. Three members from each Party - Member

Page 11, COMPOSITION

(25) The SSCFC shall comprise the following members:

...

ii. Two representatives from each party - Member

Page 12, COMPOSITION OF CEASEFIRE TEAM SITE GROUPS

(27) The CTSGs at sub-unit level shall be composed of:

...

ii. Two Representatives from each Party - Members

Page 12, JOINT COMMISSION

(29) The Joint Special Representative (JSR) UNAMID shall chair the Commission in his /

Withdrawal of foreign forces	No specific mention.
Corruption	No specific mention.
Crime/organised crime	No specific mention.
Drugs	No specific mention.
Terrorism	No specific mention.

Transitional justice

Transitional justice general No specific mention.

Amnesty/pardon No specific mention.

Courts No specific mention.

Mechanism No specific mention.

Prisoner release No specific mention.

Vetting No specific mention.

Victims Page 6, THE PARTIES HEREBY
(5) Further undertake to ensure:
...
i) That all children, boys and girls, who are accused of crimes against international law after being unlawfully recruited by armed forces or armed groups are considered primarily as victims of violations against international law and not as alleged perpetrators.

Missing persons No specific mention.

Reparations No specific mention.

Reconciliation Page 2, PREAMBLE
...Determined to establish confidence-building measures for the purpose of permanently ending the conflict in Darfur;

Page 2, PREAMBLE
...Resolved to create and maintain a climate of peace, calm and confidence in Darfur, particularly throughout the negotiation process;

Page 3, THE PARTIES HEREBY
(2) a) The Darfur conflict cannot be resolved militarily and a durable solution can only be obtained through an inclusive political process.

Implementation

UN signatory Acting Joint Special Representative/Joint Chief Mediator ad interim for the AU-UN Mediation signed as witness.

Other international signatory No specific mention.

Referendum for agreement No specific mention.

**International
mission/force/
similar**

Page 2, PREAMBLE

...Acknowledging the mandate of the African Union/United Nations Hybrid Operation in Darfur ("UNAMID") to monitor, observe the compliance with and verify the implementation of all ceasefire agreements signed or to be signed in Darfur pursuant to the United Nations Security Council Resolution ("UNSC Resolution") No. 1769, dated 31 July 2007, and the Agreement between the United Nations and the African Union and the Government of Sudan concerning the Status of the African Union/United Nations Hybrid Operation in Darfur ("SOFA"), dated 9 February 2008;

Page 3, THE PARTIES HEREBY (2)

...

c) The importance of facilitating the mandate of UNAMID for the protection of civilians, as outlined in UNSC 10n No. 1769 (2007) and UNSC Resolution No. 1935 (2010) respectively, and the Communique of the 79th Meeting of the African Union Peace and Security Council.

Page 4, THE PARTIES HEREBY

(4) Agree to immediately cease and refrain from any:

...

e) Acts of intimidation, hostility, violence or attacks against UNAMID personnel, installations or equipment, members or local or international humanitarian agencies including UN agencies, international organisations and non-governmental organisations, their personnel, installations or equipment, and members of the media.

Page 5, THE PARTIES HEREBY

(4) Agree to immediately cease and refrain from any:

...

l) Attempt by any Party to disguise its equipment, personnel or activities as those of UNAMID, the UN Agencies, the AU, the International Committee of the Red Cross/Red Crescent (ICRC) or any other similar organisation.

Page 6, THE PARTIES HEREBY

...

c) Full cooperation with UNAMID to implement its mandate.

Page 7, THE PARTIES HEREBY

(10) The Parties shall guarantee UNAMID unimpeded freedom of movement in all areas and at all times in Darfur in the exercise of its mandate.

Page 8, COMPOSITION OF THE CFC

(13) The CFC shall be constituted as follows:

i. UNAMID Force Commander - Chairperson

Page 8, COMPOSITION OF THE CFC

(14) The Chairperson shall, as required, co-opt representatives of other components/ sections of UNAMID i.e. Police, HLO, PAD, Legal Office as members without voting right.

Page 8, CHAIRPERSON OF THE CFC

(16) The UNAMID Force Commander shall be the Chairperson of the CFC, and in his absence, the Deputy Force Commander shall perform the duties.

Page 9, MEETINGS

(18) CFC meetings shall be convened by the Chairperson or at the request of the Parties. The meetings shall be held at UNAMID Headquarters, El Fasher, or in any other venue as shall be decided by the Chairperson.

Enforcement mechanism	No specific mention.
Related cases	No specific mention.
Source	UN Peacemaker http://peacemaker.un.org/ http://peacemaker.un.org/sudan-ceasefire-jems2013
