Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://www.peaceagreements.org/

| Country/entity | Afghanistan |
|------------------------|---|
| Region | Europe and Eurasia |
| Agreement name | Kabul Declaration of Good Neighbourly Relations |
| Date | 24 Dec 2002 |
| Agreement status | Multiparty signed/agreed |
| Interim arrangement | Yes |
| Agreement/conflict | Interstate/intrastate conflict(s) |

level

Afghan Wars (1979 -)

The agreements are drawn from two distinct conflict periods. Post Soviet-intervention period. First, after an uprising against the communist government, the Soviet Union invaded Afghanistan in December 1979 and set up a puppet government. Fierce resistance came in on the form of domestic and foreign Mujahidin fighters who, by 1988, forced the Soviet Union to withdraw. The Communist government that remained was defeated in 1992 against a background of violence, which spiralled into a tumultuous multi-party civil war with a strong tribal basis. In 1993 a peace accord was signed, but by 1994 the conflict realigned itself as the Islamic-based Taliban emerged from the refugee camps, eventually occupying the capital city of Kabul in September 1996 spurring groups that had militantly opposed the communist government to unite in opposition to the Taliban.

Post US-intervention period. After the terror attacks on September 11, 2001, the United States invaded Afghanistan and removed the Taliban from power. In December 2001, the UNSC mandated the International Security Assistance Force (ISAF) to assist Afghanistan's interim authorities. In 2003 ISAF command was placed under NATO's responsibility. Within three years, however, the Taliban managed to re-group and re-structure and launched intense resistance to the internationally-recognized Afghanistan government and NATO support troops. Despite this resurgence of the Taliban, NATO leaders lacked the necessary support for the mission abroad, and NATO troops were withdrawn by the end of 2014. Close

Afghan Wars (1979 -

)

Stage Framework/substantive - partial

Conflict nature Government

Peace process Afghanistan: 2000s Post-intervention process

| Parties | The Transitional Administration of Afghanistan, Government of People's Republic of China, Government of the Islamic Republic of Iran, Government of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan, Government of Republic of Tajikistan, and Government of the Republic of Uzbekistan. |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Third parties | - |
| Description | Short agreement affirming sovereign principles and the importance of security in Afghanistan to be reaffirmed by the United Nations Security Council. |
| Agreement document | AF_CN_IRPK_TM_UZ_021222_AfghanistanGoodNeighbourlyRelationsDeclaration.pdf (opens in new tab) Download PDF |
| Groups | |
| Children/youth | No specific mention. |
| Disabled persons | No specific mention. |
| Elderly/age | No specific mention. |
| Migrant workers | No specific mention. |
| Racial/ethnic/ national group | No specific mention. |
| Religious groups | No specific mention. |
| Indigenous people | No specific mention. |
| Other groups | No specific mention. |
| Refugees/displaced persons | No specific mention. |
| Social class | No specific mention. |

Gender

| Women, girls and gender | No specific mention. |
|--|---|
| Men and boys | No specific mention. |
| LGBTI | No specific mention. |
| Family | No specific mention. |
| State definition | |
| Nature of state (general) | Page 1, Determined that the people of Afghanistan should enjoy security, stability, prosperity, territorial integrity, democracy and human rights after so many years of conflict, suffering and deprivation. |
| State configuration | No specific mention. |
| Self determination | Page 1, Solemnly reaffirm their commitment to constructive and supportive bilateral relationships based on the principles of territorial integrity, mutual respect, friendly relations, co-operation and non-interference in each other's internal affairs. |
| Referendum | No specific mention. |
| State symbols | No specific mention. |
| Independence/ secession | No specific mention. |
| Accession/ unification | No specific mention. |
| Border delimitation | No specific mention. |
| Cross-border provision | No specific mention. |
| Governance | |
| Political institutions (new or reformed) | No specific mention. |

Elections No specific mention.

| Electoral commission | No specific mention. |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|
| Political parties reform | No specific mention. |
| Civil society | No specific mention. |
| Traditional/ religious leaders | No specific mention. |
| Public administration | No specific mention. |
| Constitution | No specific mention. |

Power sharing

| Political power sharing | No specific mention. |
|------------------------------|----------------------|
| Territorial power sharing | No specific mention. |
| Economic power sharing | No specific mention. |
| Military power sharing | No specific mention. |

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoLPage 1, Determined that the people of Afghanistan should enjoy security, stability,generalprosperity, territorial integrity, democracy and human rights after so many years of
conflict, suffering and deprivation.

Bill of rights/similar No specific mention.

| Treaty incorporation | No specific mention. |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|
| Civil and political rights | No specific mention. |
| Socio-economic rights | No specific mention. |

Rights related issues

| Citizenship | No specific mention. |
|----------------------------|---|
| Democracy | Page 1, Determined that the people of Afghanistan should enjoy security, stability, prosperity, territorial integrity, democracy and human rights after so many years of conflict, suffering and deprivation. |
| Detention procedures | No specific mention. |
| Media and communication | No specific mention. |
| Mobility/access | No specific mention. |
| Protection measures | No specific mention. |
| Other | No specific mention. |

Rights institutions

| NHRI | No specific mention. |
|--|----------------------|
| Regional or international human rights institutions | No specific mention. |

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and No specific mention. emergency law

State of emergency No specific mention. provisions

- Judiciary and No specific mention. courts
- Prisons and No specific mention. detention
- Traditional Laws No specific mention.

Socio-economic reconstruction

| Development or socio-economic reconstruction | Socio-economic reconstruction→Development or socio-economic reconstruction→Socio- economic development Page 1, Welcome the combined efforts of the wider international community to provide the support required for rebuilding Afghanistan as it continued to take its rightful place in the community of nations, and express their commitment to participate in this process. |
|--|---|
| National economic plan | No specific mention. |
| Natural resources | No specific mention. |
| International funds | No specific mention. |
| Business | No specific mention. |
| Taxation | No specific mention. |
| Banks | No specific mention. |

Land, property and environment

| Land reform/rights | No specific mention. |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Pastoralist/ nomadism rights | No specific mention. |
| Cultural heritage | No specific mention. |
| Environment | No specific mention. |
| Water or riparian rights or access | No specific mention. |

Security sector

| Security Guarantees | Page 1, Determined that the people of Afghanistan should enjoy security, stability, prosperity, territorial integrity, democracy and human rights after so many years of conflict, suffering and deprivation. |
|--|---|
| | Page 1, United in their desire for peace and stability in the region; |
| Ceasefire | No specific mention. |
| Police | No specific mention. |
| Armed forces | No specific mention. |
| DDR | No specific mention. |
| Intelligence services | No specific mention. |
| Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces | No specific mention. |
| Withdrawal of foreign forces | No specific mention. |
| Corruption | No specific mention. |
| Crime/organised crime | No specific mention. |
| Drugs | Page 1, Sharing a determination to defeat terrorism, extremism and narco-trafficking; |
| Terrorism | Page 1, Sharing a determination to defeat terrorism, extremism and narco-trafficking; |

Transitional justice

| Transitional justice general | No specific mention. |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| Amnesty/pardon | No specific mention. |
| Courts | No specific mention. |
| Mechanism | No specific mention. |

| Prisoner release | No specific mention. |
|--|---|
| Vetting | No specific mention. |
| Victims | No specific mention. |
| Missing persons | No specific mention. |
| Reparations | No specific mention. |
| Reconciliation | No specific mention. |
| | |
| Implementation | |
| UN signatory | Not a signatory, but agreement submitted to the UNSC for recognition. |
| Other international signatory | No specific mention. |
| Referendum for agreement | No specific mention. |
| International mission/force/ similar | No specific mention. |
| Enforcement mechanism | No specific mention. |
| Related cases | No specific mention. |
| Source | UN Peacemaker; http://peacemaker.un.org/afghanistan-neighbourly-relations2002 |