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Country/entity Nepal

Region Asia and Pacific

Agreement name Agreement between the GoN and Chure Bhawar Pradesh Ekta Samaj, Nepal

Date 13 Sep 2007

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

Interim Yes

arrangement

Agreement/conflict Intrastate/local conflict

level

Nepalese Insurgency (1996 - 2006)

Inspired by the Maoist insurgency in Peru in the early 1990s, the Communist Party of Nepal (Maoist) – CPN(M) – declared war on the Nepalese government in February 1996. A key demand was the transformation of Nepal from a monarchy into a 'People's Republic'. Following a pronounced Maoist military strategy, the CPN(M) focused their insurgency on the rural areas. They gained significantly in strength and it took heavy international military support to stabilize the Nepalese government in 2002. After public protests escalated in Kathmandu in 2004, the Nepalese King Gyanendra took authoritarian control over the government. In the cities, a strong popular movement for democracy emerged, forcing the government into fast progressing peace negations in 2006 that concluded with the signing of a Comprehensive Peace Accord on 21 November 2006.

Close

Nepalese Insurgency (1996 - 2006)

Stage Framework/substantive - partial

Conflict nature Government/territory

Peace process Nepal related-local processes

Parties Sd. Kesab Prasad Mainali

Chairperson

Chure Bhawar Pradesh Ekta Samaj, Nepal

Sd. Ram Chandra Poudel

Coordinator GoN Talks Team

Third parties -

Description An agreement between the Government of Nepal and Chure Bhawar Pradesh Ekta Samaj

based on their fourth round of talks and done in advance of the development of Nepal's

constitution.

Agreement

NP_070913_GoN and Chure Bhawar Pradesh Ekta Samaj.pdf (opens in new tab) |

document

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Local agreement properties

Process type Formal structured process

Rationale A Dialogue team was set up by the government comprising of seven political parties, and

led by the Minister for Peace and Reconstruction, Mr Ram Chandra Poudel, to pursue dialogue and find solution to various movements after the CPA. The team pursued talks to find solution to demands raised by the Chure Bhawar group. This agreement materialised after four rounds of talks and was held at the Ministry of Peace and

Reconstruction.

Is there a Yes
documented link to
a national peace
process?

Link to national

This agreement focused on federal guarantees, and thus can be seen as a part of the CPA,

process: articulated and its promise on 'state restructuring'.

rationale

Name of Locale Dhanusa district

Nature of Locale Region

GPS Lat/Long (DD) 28.840000, 86.010000

Participant type Central state actor

Local armed group

Mediator, facilitator No mention of mediator or similar **or similar**

Local issues

Ritual/prayer and process (including use of scripture)

No specific mention.

Grievance List

[Summary](1) killing and injuries inflicted on movement members by police, requiring compensation (2) members arrested, requiring cancellation of arrest warrants (3) lack of security in local areas, preventing travel (4) no inclusion in national political institutions (5) development, forestry, mining not taking local positions into account

Cattle rustling/

No specific mention.

banditry

Social cover

No specific mention.