Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://www.peaceagreements.org/

| Country/entity | Nepal |
|------------------------|--|
| Region | Asia and Pacific |
| Agreement name | Agreement between the GoN and Madhesh Mukti Tigers |
| Date | 20 Mar 2009 |
| Agreement status | Multiparty signed/agreed |
| Interim arrangement | Yes |
| - | Intrastate/local conflict |
| level | Nepalese Insurgency (1996 - 2006) |
| | Inspired by the Maoist insurgency in Peru in the early 1990s, the Communist Party of Nepal (Maoist) – CPN(M) – declared war on the Nepalese government in February 1996. A key demand was the transformation of Nepal from a monarchy into a 'People's Republic'. Following a pronounced Maoist military strategy, the CPN(M) focused their insurgency on the rural areas. They gained significantly in strength and it took heavy international military support to stabilize the Nepalese government in 2002. After public protests escalated in Kathmandu in 2004, the Nepalese King Gyanendra took authoritarian control over the government. In the cities, a strong popular movement for democracy emerged, forcing the government into fast progressing peace negations in 2006 that concluded with the signing of a Comprehensive Peace Accord on 21 November 2006. Close Nepalese Insurgency (1996 - 2006) |
| Stage | Ceasefire/related |
| Conflict nature | Government/territory |
| Peace process | Nepal related-local processes |
| Parties | On behalf of Madhesh Mukti Tigers Sd. Bhola Prasad Mukhiya Coordinator On behalf of GoN Talks Team Sd. Janardhan Sharma 'Prabhakar' Coordinator |
| Third parties | - |
| Description | An agreement in which the Madhesh Mukti Tigers agree to suspend violent activities and enter into talks with the Government of Nepal |

AgreementNP_090320_GoN and Madhesh Mukti Tigers.pdf (opens in new tab) | Download PDFdocument

Local agreement properties

| Process type | Formal structured process |
|--|---|
| Rationale | A dialogue team was set up by the Maoist-led government, which won the elections in April 2008. This dialogue team was again led/coordinated by the Minister for Peace and Reconstruction, Mr Janardhan Sharma. This team pursued dialogue with the team of Madhesh Mukti Tigers |
| Is there a documented link to a national peace process? | Yes |
| Link to national process: articulated rationale | Despite groups like these bordering to what can be called criminal outfits, their demands d were framed around the discourse of inclusion, including federalism, promotion of non- Nepali languages, greater representation in state organs. |
| Name of Locale | Tarai |
| Nature of Locale | Region |
| GPS Lat/Long (DD) | 27.000000, 84.000000 |
| Participant type | Central state actor Local armed group |

Mediator, facilitator No mention of mediator or similar or similar

| Local issues | |
|--|----------------------|
| Ritual/prayer and process (including use of scripture) | No specific mention. |
| Grievance List | No specific mention. |
| Cattle rustling/ banditry | No specific mention. |
| Social cover | No specific mention. |