

Country/entity	Colombia
Region	Americas
Agreement name	Acuerdo Final entre el Gobierno Nacional y el Movimiento Armado Quintín Lame, Campamento de Pueblo Nuevo Caldonio-Cauca
Date	27 May 1991
Agreement status	Multiparty signed/agreed
Interim arrangement	Yes
Agreement/conflict level	Intrastate/intrastate conflict

Colombian Conflict (1964 -)

The Colombian conflict is really a set of conflicts and the peace agreements reflect both different processes relating to different conflict groups and dyads, and processes taking place at different times in a complex peace process history. The Colombian civil war has its roots in the late 1940s and the violent infighting between liberal and the conservative factions. Emerging from the liberal tradition with a thorough grounding in nationalist communist ideology, the Revolutionary Armed Forces of Colombia—People's Army (FARC) began its armed insurrection against the Colombian government in 1964. Other left-wing guerrillas emerged as well, most notably the socialist/populist M-19, which would later be integrated into the formal political system in the peace process of 1990s; the National Liberation Army (ELN), which has strong roots in liberation theology, and the Maoist Ejército Popular de Liberación (EPL) (also part of the 1990 process, less successfully). Several stages of peace processes were undertaken by the various sides, which were further complicated by the emergence of right-wing paramilitary 'self-defence' forces. The peace agreement between the Colombian government under President Uribe and the main alliance of the paramilitary groups, the United Self-Defence Forces of Colombia (AUC), concluded in 2005 and is still heavily disputed as several remnants are still active, but now subsumed under the heading 'Bacrim' (Bandas criminales). In addition, FARC and ELN maintain a military presence, but both demonstrate a strong interest in completing successful peace negotiations with the government, with the most recent agreements being between FARC and the Government.

Close
Colombian Conflict (1964 -)

Stage	Framework/substantive - comprehensive
Conflict nature	Government
Peace process	Colombia I - Gaviria

Parties

For the national government:
JESUS ANTONIO BEJARANO, Peace Council
CARLOS EDUARDO JARAMILLO C., Council Adviser
ALVARO HERNANDEZ, Council Adviser
TOMAS CONCHA S., Council Adviser
HUMBERTO VERGARA P. Council Adviser
GONZALO DE FRANCISCO Z., Council Adviser
GABRIEL RESTREPO F., Council Adviser

For MAQL:
Chief of staff:

GILDARDO FERNANDEZ
CARLOS ANDRADE
RICARDO ROMERO
RUBEN DARIO MONROY
RICHARD SANCHEZ
FRANKY GUERRERO

Political leadership:
LEONARDO ULCUE
CIRO TIQUE
IVAN QUINTERO
FERNANDO MUÑOZ
GABRIEL MARTINEZ

Third parties

International monitors:
The World Council of Indigenous Peoples:
DONALD ROJAS, President
RODRIGO CONTRERAS

The Spanish Human Rights Association:
LUIS OTERO FERNANDEZ

Description

Building on the 1990 negotiations, provided for arrangements similar to above agreements (i.e. DDR of armed group and provision for transforming the group into a political party with representation at the National Constituent Assembly).

Agreement document

[CO_910527_Acuerdo Final Entre El Gobierno Nacional Y El Movimiento Armado Quintin Lame - tr.pdf \(opens in new tab\)](#) | [Download PDF](#)

Agreement document (original language)

[CO_910527_Acuerdo Final Entre El Gobierno Nacional Y El Movimiento Armado Quintin Lame - SP.pdf \(opens in new tab\)](#)

Women, girls and gender

Participation No specific mention.

Equality No specific mention.

Particular groups of women No specific mention.

International law No specific mention.

New institutions No specific mention.

Violence against women No specific mention.

Transitional justice No specific mention.

Institutional reform Institutional reform→DDR, army, parastatal or rebel forces

Page 6, III. Guarantees:

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h. The Government commits to provide the members of the armed movement with two sets of clothing, each consisting of a pair of boots, a pair of trousers, a shirt, a pair of socks and underwear both male and female, according to sizes provided by the organisation.

Development No specific mention.

Implementation No specific mention.

Other No specific mention.