

<b>Country/entity</b>	Nepal
<b>Region</b>	Asia and Pacific
<b>Agreement name</b>	Agreement between the GoN and the Adivasi Tharu Community agitating in the Terai and Nepal Adivasi Janajati Mahsangha
<b>Date</b>	14 Mar 2009
<b>Agreement status</b>	Multiparty signed/agreed
<b>Interim arrangement</b>	Yes
<b>Agreement/conflict level</b>	Intrastate/local conflict

### **Nepalese Insurgency (1996 - 2006)**

Inspired by the Maoist insurgency in Peru in the early 1990s, the Communist Party of Nepal (Maoist) – CPN(M) – declared war on the Nepalese government in February 1996. A key demand was the transformation of Nepal from a monarchy into a ‘People’s Republic’. Following a pronounced Maoist military strategy, the CPN(M) focused their insurgency on the rural areas. They gained significantly in strength and it took heavy international military support to stabilize the Nepalese government in 2002. After public protests escalated in Kathmandu in 2004, the Nepalese King Gyanendra took authoritarian control over the government. In the cities, a strong popular movement for democracy emerged, forcing the government into fast progressing peace negotiations in 2006 that concluded with the signing of a Comprehensive Peace Accord on 21 November 2006.

Close

Nepalese Insurgency (1996 - 2006)

<b>Stage</b>	Framework/substantive - partial
<b>Conflict nature</b>	Government
<b>Peace process</b>	Nepal related-local processes

**Parties**

Sd.  
Laxman Tharu  
Talks Team Coordinator  
Tharuhat Samyukta Sangharsha Samiti and Adivasi Sangha

Sd.  
Baburam Chaudhary  
Talks Team Coordinator  
Nepal Loktantrik Tharu Sangha

Sd.  
Rajkumar Lekhi  
Talks Team Coordinator  
General Secretary  
Tharu Kalyankari Sabha

Sd.  
Pasang Sherpa  
Chairperson  
Nepal Adivasi Janajati Mahasangha

Sd.  
Janardhan Sharma  
'Prabhakar'  
Talks Team Coordinator  
Minister  
Ministry of Peace and Reconstruction Government of Nepal

Sd.  
Indrajeet Tharu  
Talks Team Coordinator  
General Secretary  
Tharu Rastriya Mukti Morcha Nepal

**Third parties**

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**Description**

An agreement between the Government of Nepal, the Adivasi Tharu Community, and the Nepal Adivasi Janajati Mahasangha to amend the Interim Constitution

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**Agreement document**

[NP\\_090314\\_GoN and Adivasi Tharu.pdf \(opens in new tab\)](#) | [Download PDF](#)

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## **Women, girls and gender**

<b>Participation</b>	Participation→Effective participation Page 1, 2: Remaining committed to the provision of Clause (d1) of Article 33 of the Interim Constitution of Nepal 2063 that mentions ‘to enable Madheshi, Dalits, indigenous ethnic groups [Adivasi Janajati], women, labourers, farmers, the physically impaired, disadvantages classes and disadvantaged regions to participate in all organs of the State structure on the basis of proportional inclusion’, the Acts issued through ordinances, including the Police Act, the Armed Police Act, the Army Act, the Education Act, the Development Act, the Health Services Act and the Nepal Essential Services Act, shall be amended by following the necessary process.
<b>Equality</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Particular groups of women</b>	No specific mention.
<b>International law</b>	No specific mention.
<b>New institutions</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Violence against women</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Transitional justice</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Institutional reform</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Development</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Implementation</b>	No specific mention.
<b>Other</b>	No specific mention.

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