Country/entity: Central African Republic
Region: Africa (excl MENA)
Agreement name: Political Agreement for Peace in the Central African Republic
Date: 19/06/2017
Agreement status: Multiparty signed/agreed
Interim arrangement: No
Stage: Framework/substantive - partial (Multiple issues)
Conflict nature: Government
Peace process: 14: CAR: coups and rebellions process
Does this need new name?

Parties:
Pour le Gouvernement:
CHARLES ARMEI DOUBANE
Ministre des Affaires etrangeres de la Republique Centrafricaine
GEORGES-ISIDORE-ALPHONSE DIBERT
Conseiller politique du President de la a Republique Centrafricaine

Pour les groupes politico-militaires:
MOUSTAPHA ABAKAR - RPRC
BRAHIM ABDOUNAYE - FPRC
BARTHELEMY BOGUANYAN - FDPC
SOULEMANE DAOUDA - UPC
HERBERT GOTRAN DJONOHABAB - RPRC
LAURENT DJIM-WOEI BEBITI - RJ BELANGA
DIEU BENIT CHRISTIAN GBEYA-KIKOBET - UFR-F
HABIB HODI - UPC
BIENVENU BERTRAND KOUNKOU - RJ SAYO
ASCAN INZENGUE LANDAO - UFR-F
LAMBERT LISSANE-MOUKO - FPRC
ANICET SIMPLICE MACKOUMOU - UFR
ARMEL MINGATOLOUE - SAYO RJ SAYO
ABDEL KARIM MOUSSA - MPC
THIERRY CYPRIEN M'PONDO - SELEKA RENOVEE
DIEUDONNE NDOMETE - Coordination ANTIBALAKA
JEAN DE DIEU NGAISSONA ANTIBALAKA AILE MOKOM
LARRY FABRICE NORDINE-MINDOM-MAHALBA - MLJC
JUDICAEL OROFE MOGANAZOUM - Coordination ANTIBALAKA
SIMON PIERRE PASSI INGAM - RJ BELANGA
JEAN-ROCK SOBI - FDPC
DEYA GILBERT - TOUMOU - MLJC
GUY BONGARKA WABILO - ANTIBALAKA AILE MOKOM
BERNARD FRANCOIS WAGRAMALE - UFR

Pour la Communaute de Sant'Egidio:
ANDREA RICCARDI
Fondateur de la Communaute de Sant'Egidio
Third parties

Attending third parties:
In the presence of Central African delegations representing the National Assembly and the Political Class
In the presence of the emissary HE Cardinal Nzapalainga, Archbishop of Bangui,
In the presence of the Special Representative of the United Nations Secretary-General for the Central African Republic, Mr. Parfait Onanga-Anyanga,
In the presence of representatives of the European Union, the International Community and the Italian Government

Signing third parties
PARFAIT ONANGA-ANYANGA
Representant Special du Secrétariat Général des Nations Unies en Centrafrique et chef de la Minusca

MARIO GIRO
Vice-Ministre des Affaires Etrangeres de l'Italie
TIMOLEAN BAIKOUA
Vice-President de l'Assemblee Nationale

BERTIN BEA
Secrétaire Général du KNK

ANICET DOLOGUELE
President de l'URCA

FERDINAND ALEXANDRE NGUENDETO
President du RPR

MARTIN ZIGUELE
President du MLPC

GODEFROY MOKAMANEDE
Representant du Cardinal Nzapalainga

IBRAHIM HASSAN FREDE
Charge de Communication des Organisations Musulmanes de Centrafrique (COMUC)

Description
This agreement aims to resolve key issues and setting out how matters are to be addressed. It includes commitments at the political, security, economical, humanitarian and social levels.

Agreement document
CF_170619_accord_politique_pour_la_paix_EN.pdf

Agreement document (original language)
CF_170619_accord_politique_pour_la_paix_FR.pdf

Groups

Children/youth Substantive
3. At an economic, humanitarian and social level

[...]

-To urgently begin intensive work, directed towards ex-combatants, young people and the community, for the rehabilitation of priority infrastructures (roads, schools, hospitals, etc.);

**Disabled persons**
No specific mention.

**Elderly/age**
No specific mention.

**Migrant workers**
No specific mention.

**Racial/ethnic/national group**
Rhetorical

Together we reaffirm

- The right and duty of the whole Nation, to participate in building a prosperous and independent country, and to guarantee political and civic participation from all, in all social and political sectors, without any religious, ethnic, or regional bias;

**Religious groups**
Rhetorical

Together we reaffirm

- The right and duty of the whole Nation, to participate in building a prosperous and independent country, and to guarantee political and civic participation from all, in all social and political sectors, without any religious, ethnic, or regional bias;

**Indigenous people**
No specific mention.

**Other groups**
Rhetorical

Together we reaffirm

- The right and duty of the whole Nation, to participate in building a prosperous and independent country, and to guarantee political and civic participation from all, in all social and political sectors, without any religious, ethnic, or regional bias;

**Refugees/displaced persons**
Substantive

Page 3-4:

3. At an economic, humanitarian and social level

[...]

-To the return of all refugees and displaced persons, as well as the identification of the entire population in order to facilitate it;

**Social class**
Rhetorical

Page 2:

Together we reaffirm

[...]

- The right and duty of the whole Nation, to participate in building a prosperous and independent
country, and to guarantee political and civic participation from all, in all social and political sectors, without any religious, ethnic, or regional bias;

Gender

**Women, girls and gender**  No specific mention.

**Men and boys**  No specific mention.

**LGBTI**  No specific mention.

**Family**  Page 4:
3. At an economic, humanitarian and social level
   [...]  
   -To providing food and care for members of politico-military groups and their families during the DDRR period;

State definition

**State definition**  State configuration

Page 2:
Together we reaffirm  
- Our commitment to history, territorial integrity, to the constitutional values and principles of the Republic, to democracy, human rights, and freedom of belief and worship;  
- The right and duty of the whole Nation, to participate in building a prosperous and independent country, and to guarantee political and civic participation from all, in all social and political sectors, without any religious, ethnic, or regional bias;

Governance

**Political institutions (new or reformed)**  No specific mention.

**Constitution’s affirmation/renewal**  Page 2:  
Together we reaffirm  
- Our commitment to history, territorial integrity, to the constitutional values and principles of the Republic, to democracy, human rights, and freedom of belief and worship;

**Constitutional reform/making**  No specific mention.

**Elections**  Page 2:  
We commit ourselves:  
1. Politically:  
   [...]  
   To respecting the legitimate authorities, resulting from the legislative and presidential elections of 2016;
Electoral commission
No specific mention.

Political parties reform
Rebels transitioning to political parties
Page 2:
We commit ourselves:
1. Politically:
[...]
- To the recognition of politico-military groups as part of the reconstruction, which will lead to the registration of new political formations within the legal framework of the state;

Page 4:
Crisis Exit
[...]
At the end of the DDRR process there will be no more politico-military groups in the Central African Republic but only political forces. The country will be guarded by MINUSCA and its own defence and security forces, present throughout the whole territory of the country.

Civil society
Page 3:
3. At an economic, humanitarian and social level
[...]
To the free movement of national and international NGOs and the protection of humanitarians;

Traditional/religious leaders
Page 2:
We commit ourselves:
1. Politically:
[...]
- To working to build momentum for the reconciliation process throughout the country, in collaboration with all legitimate political institutions, traditional and religious authorities, and with the support of the international community.

Public administration
Page 4:
3. At an economic, humanitarian and social level
[...]
For those wishing to join the public service or resume studies, appropriate measures must be put in place by the government.

Power sharing

Political power sharing
No specific mention.

Territorial power sharing
No specific mention.

Economic power sharing
No specific mention.

Military power sharing
Merger of forces
Page 3:
2. In terms of security:
[...]
To the introduction, after selection according to the pre-established criteria and following a transition
phase, of members of the politico-military groups into the defence forces, as well as the consensual regularization of the situation of any former soldiers of the politico-military groups, so that they may resume their careers;

Human rights and equality

**Human rights/RoL**

Together we reaffirm
- Our commitment to history, territorial integrity, to the constitutional values and principles of the Republic, to democracy, human rights, and freedom of belief and worship;
- The right and duty of the whole Nation, to participate in building a prosperous and independent country, and to guarantee political and civic participation from all, in all social and political sectors, without any religious, ethnic, or regional bias;

[parent...]

We commit ourselves:
1. Politically:

[parent...]

To respecting the legitimate authorities, resulting from the legislative and presidential elections of 2016;

**Equality**

No specific mention.

**Democracy**

Page 2:
Together we reaffirm
- Our commitment to history, territorial integrity, to the constitutional values and principles of the Republic, to democracy, human rights, and freedom of belief and worship;

**Protection measures**

No specific mention.

**Human rights framework**

No specific mention.

**Civil and political rights**

**Life**

Page 2:
Together we reaffirm
[parent...]

- That the right to life, freedom, and security are sacred and inviolable to every citizen and every person living on our territory, including international humanitarian workers and peacekeepers. These must be defended by law;

**Liberty and security of person**

Page 2:
Together we reaffirm
[parent...]

- That the right to life, freedom, and security are sacred and inviolable to every citizen and every person living on our territory, including international humanitarian workers and peacekeepers. These must be defended by law;

**Socio-economic rights**

No specific mention.

**NHRI**

No specific mention.
Regional or international human rights institutions

Mobility/access

Page 3:
2. In terms of security:
   - To reopening the national territory to free movement of persons and goods, lifting any illegal barriers as an immediate consequence of the cease-fire;
   
   [...] 
   - To securing safe human routes and protecting wildlife;

Page 3-4:
3. At an economic, humanitarian and social level
   
   [...] 
   - To the free movement of national and international NGOs and the protection of humanitarians;

Page 3-4:
3. At an economic, humanitarian and social level
   
   [...] 
   - To urgently begin intensive work, directed towards ex-combatants, young people and the community, for the rehabilitation of priority infrastructures (roads, schools, hospitals, etc.);

Detention procedures

No specific mention.

Media and communication

No specific mention.

Citizenship

No specific mention.

Justice sector reform

Criminal justice and emergency law

No specific mention.

State of emergency provisions

No specific mention.

Judiciary and courts

Page 3:
One matters of justice and reparation, this Agreement, taking into account:
- recommendations of the Bangui Forum on the subject,
- the work of the International Penal Court and the Special Penal Court,
- the right of pardon of the President of the Republic.

Prisons and detention

No specific mention.

Traditional Laws

Page 3:
On matters of justice and reparation, this Agreement, taking into account:

- recommendations of the Bangui Forum on the subject,
- the work of the International Penal Court and the Special Penal Court,
-the right of pardon of the President of the Republic, establishes a “Truth, Justice and Reconciliation” Commission, with a 12-month mandate, which, after having acquired all possible documentation on the matter and before any hearings it deems useful, will produce recommendations on the following matters to be submitted to the President of the Republic and to the National Assembly:

- The traditional approach towards pardoning cases,
- The reinsertion of leaders and executives belonging to politico-military groups,
- The release of captured combatants,
- The adoption of laws on national reconciliation, as signs of calm and stability

Socio-economic reconstruction

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Development or socio-economic reconstruction</th>
<th>Humanitarian assistance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Page 3-4:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. At an economic, humanitarian and social level</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[...]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- To the free movement of national and international NGOs and the protection of humanitarians;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Infrastructure and reconstruction

Page 2:

We commit ourselves:

1. Politically:

[...]  

- The government is responsible for obtaining the following: representation from political groups at all levels related to DDRR, Security Sector Reform and National Reconciliation; the assumption of responsibility of the leaders the National DDRR Program; the settlement of any indemnities owed to the representatives of the CCS. This will help achieve better coordination between the United Nations, the politico-military movements and the other international institutions on DDRR, contribute to implementing the country’s other reconstruction programs, and facilitate the role of the National Assembly in managing the process;

[...]  

- To the recognition of politico-military groups as part of the reconstruction, which will lead to the registration of new political formations within the legal framework of the state;

Page 3-4:

3. At an economic, humanitarian and social level

- To the implementation of national programs for the reconstruction and development of the Central African Republic, with emphasis on basic socio-economic infrastructures;
- To the free movement of national and international NGOs and the protection of humanitarians;
- To the return of all refugees and displaced persons, as well as the identification of the entire population in order to facilitate it;
- To urgently begin intensive work, directed towards ex-combatants, young people and the community, for the rehabilitation of priority infrastructures (roads, schools, hospitals, etc.);
- To providing food and care for members of politico-military groups and their families during the DDRR period;
-To the distribution of kits (agricultural tools, seeds, livestock, construction equipment or other) for those who choose to return to civilian life;
-To providing politico-military groups with the means necessary for raising awareness and popularizing this agreement;
-To organising technical training courses (electricians, mechanics, carpenters, etc.) and scholarships for those wishing to start a business or seek employment;
-For those already employed by the state, a joint government-politico-military group commission will be established to evaluate each case.
-For those wishing to join the public service or resume studies, appropriate measures must be put in place by the government.

**National economic plan**  
No specific mention.

**Natural resources**  
No specific mention.

**International funds**  
No specific mention.

**Business**  
No specific mention.

**Taxation**  
No specific mention.

**Banks**  
No specific mention.

**Land, property and environment**

**Land reform/rights**  
No specific mention.

**Pastoralist/nomadism rights**  
No specific mention.

**Cultural heritage**  
No specific mention.

**Environment**  
Page 3:
In terms of security:
[...]
-To securing safe human routes and protecting wildlife.

**Water or riparian rights or access**  
No specific mention.

**Security sector**

**Security Guarantees**  
Page 3,
We commit ourselves:
[...]
2. In terms of security:
-To reopening the national territory to free movement of persons and goods, lifting any illegal barriers as an immediate consequence of the cease-fire;
-To restoring state authority throughout the national territory, by reinstating the administrative authorities and establishing a joint security mechanism;
-To the introduction, after selection according to the pre-established criteria and following a transition phase, of members of the politico-military groups into the defence forces, as well as the consensual regularization of the situation of any former soldiers of the politico-military groups, so that they may resume their careers;
-To securing safe human routes and protecting wildlife;

**Ceasefire**

**General commitments**

Page 2,3:

We commit ourselves:

1. Politically:
   -To the immediate establishment of a cease-fire by all politico-military groups throughout the entirety of the national territory, under the control of the international community, as a fundamental step on the road to peace;
   [...]

2. In terms of security:
   -To reopening the national territory to free movement of persons and goods, lifting any illegal barriers as an immediate consequence of the cease-fire;

**Police**

No specific mention.

**Armed forces**

Page 2:

We commit ourselves:

1. Politically:
   -To the immediate establishment of a cease-fire by all politico-military groups throughout the entirety of the national territory, under the control of the international community, as a fundamental step on the road to peace;

**DDR**

**DDR programmes**

Page 2-3:

We commit ourselves:

1. Politically:
   [...]  
   -The government is responsible for obtaining the following: representation from political groups at all levels related to DDRR, Security Sector Reform and National Reconciliation; the assumption of responsibility of the leaders the National DDRR Program; the settlement of any indemnities owed to the representatives of the CCS. This will help achieve better coordination between the United Nations, the politico-military movements and the other international institutions on DDRR, contribute to implementing the country’s other reconstruction programs, and facilitate the role of the National Assembly in managing the process;
   [...]  

Page 3:

On matters of justice and reparation, this Agreement, taking into account:

[...]

- the right of pardon of the President of the Republic, establishes a “Truth, Justice and Reconciliation” Commission, with a 12-month mandate, which, after having acquired all possible documentation on the matter and before any hearings it deems useful, will produce recommendations on the following matters to be submitted to the President of the Republic and to the National Assembly:
- The reinsertion of leaders and executives belonging to politico-military groups,

3. At an economic, humanitarian and social level

- To urgently begin intensive work, directed towards ex-combatants, young people and the community, for the rehabilitation of priority infrastructures (roads, schools, hospitals, etc.);
- To providing food and care for members of politico-military groups and their families during the DDRR period;
- To the distribution of kits (agricultural tools, seeds, livestock, construction equipment or other) for those who choose to return to civilian life;
- To providing politico-military groups with the means necessary for raising awareness and popularizing this agreement;
- To organising technical training courses (electricians, mechanics, carpenters, etc.) and scholarships for those wishing to start a business or seek employment;
- For those already employed by the state, a joint government-politico-military group commission will be established to evaluate each case.
- For those wishing to join the public service or resume studies, appropriate measures must be put in place by the government.

At the end of the DDRR process there will be no more politico-military groups in the Central African Republic but only political forces. The country will be guarded by MINUSCA and its own defence and security forces, present throughout the whole territory of the country.

Intelligence services

- No specific mention.

Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces

We commit ourselves:

1. Politically:

- To the immediate establishment of a cease-fire by all politico-military groups throughout the entirety of the national territory, under the control of the international community, as a fundamental step on the road to peace;
- The government is responsible for obtaining the following: representation from political groups at all levels related to DDRR, Security Sector Reform and National Reconciliation; the assumption of responsibility of the leaders the National DDRR Program; the settlement of any indemnities owed to the representatives of the CCS. This will help achieve better coordination between the United Nations, the politico-military movements and the other international institutions on DDRR, contribute to implementing the country ´s other reconstruction programs, and facilitate the role of the National Assembly in managing the process;
- To the recognition of politico-military groups as part of the reconstruction, which will lead to the registration of new political formations within the legal framework of the state;

2. In terms of security:
To the introduction, after selection according to the pre-established criteria and following a transition phase, of members of the politico-military groups into the defence forces, as well as the consensual regularization of the situation of any former soldiers of the politico-military groups, so that they may resume their careers;

Page 3-4:
3. At an economic, humanitarian and social level

[-] To providing food and care for members of politico-military groups and their families during the DDRR period;

[-] To providing politico-military groups with the means necessary for raising awareness and popularizing this agreement;

[-] To organising technical training courses (electricians, mechanics, carpenters, etc.) and scholarships for those wishing to start a business or seek employment;

[-] For those already employed by the state, a joint government-politico-military group commission will be established to evaluate each case.

[-] For those wishing to join the public service or resume studies, appropriate measures must be put in place by the government.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Withdrawal of foreign forces</th>
<th>No specific mention.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Corruption</td>
<td>No specific mention.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crime/organised crime</td>
<td>No specific mention.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drugs</td>
<td>No specific mention.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Terrorism</td>
<td>No specific mention.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Transitional justice

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Transitional justice general</th>
<th>No specific mention.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Amnesty/pardon</td>
<td>Amnesty/pardon proper</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Page 3:
On matters of justice and reparation, this Agreement, taking into account:

- recommendations of the Bangui Forum on the subject,
- the work of the International Penal Court and the Special Penal Court,
- the right of pardon of the President of the Republic,

establishes a “Truth, Justice and Reconciliation” Commission, with a 12-month mandate, which, after having acquired all possible documentation on the matter and before any hearings it deems useful, will produce recommendations on the following matters to be submitted to the President of the Republic and to the National Assembly:
The traditional approach towards pardoning cases,

The reinsertion of leaders and executives belonging to politico-military groups,

The release of captured combatants,

The adoption of laws on national reconciliation, as signs of calm and stability

Courts

International courts

We commit ourselves:
1. Politically:
   [...] On matters of justice and reparation, this Agreement, taking into account:
   - recommendations of the Bangui Forum on the subject,
   - the work of the International Penal Court and the Special Penal Court,
   - the right of pardon of the President of the Republic, establishes a “Truth, Justice and Reconciliation” Commission, with a 12-month mandate, which, after having acquired all possible documentation on the matter and before any hearings it deems useful, will produce recommendations on the following matters to be submitted to the President of the Republic and to the National Assembly:
   - The traditional approach towards pardoning cases,
   - The reinsertion of leaders and executives belonging to politico-military groups,
   - The release of captured combatants,
   - The adoption of laws on national reconciliation, as signs of calm and stability

Mechanism

We commit ourselves:
1. Politically:
   [...] On matters of justice and reparation, this Agreement, taking into account:
   - recommendations of the Bangui Forum on the subject,
   - the work of the International Penal Court and the Special Penal Court,
   - the right of pardon of the President of the Republic, establishes a “Truth, Justice and Reconciliation” Commission, with a 12-month mandate, which, after having acquired all possible documentation on the matter and before any hearings it deems useful, will produce recommendations on the following matters to be submitted to the President of the Republic and to the National Assembly:
   - The traditional approach towards pardoning cases,
   - The reinsertion of leaders and executives belonging to politico-military groups,
   - The release of captured combatants,
   - The adoption of laws on national reconciliation, as signs of calm and stability

Prisoner release

We commit ourselves:
1. Politically:
   [...] On matters of justice and reparation, this Agreement, taking into account:
   - recommendations of the Bangui Forum on the subject,
   - the work of the International Penal Court and the Special Penal Court,
   - the right of pardon of the President of the Republic, establishes a “Truth, Justice and Reconciliation”
Commission, with a 12-month mandate, which, after having acquired all possible documentation on the matter and before any hearings it deems useful, will produce recommendations on the following matters to be submitted to the President of the Republic and to the National Assembly:

- The traditional approach towards pardoning cases,
- The reinsertion of leaders and executives belonging to politico-military groups,
- The release of captured combatants,
- The adoption of laws on national reconciliation, as signs of calm and stability

**Vetting**
No specific mention.

**Victims**
Page 1, Preamble:
Conscious that the suffering of the Central African people is great and that all must act to repair the country for the common good, looking beyond any political differences:
Conscious of the need to make victims the focus so that reparations can be made;

**Missing persons**
No specific mention.

**Reparations**
Material reparations
Page 1, Preamble:
Conscious that the suffering of the Central African people is great and that all must act to repair the country for the common good, looking beyond any political differences:
Conscious of the need to make victims the focus so that reparations can be made;

**Reconciliation**
Page 1, Untitled Preamble:
Committed to contributing to the consolidation of a united, fraternal and supportive society;

Page 2-3:
We commit ourselves:
1. Politically:
[...]
- The government is responsible for obtaining the following: representation from political groups at all levels related to DDRR, Security Sector Reform and National Reconciliation; the assumption of responsibility of the leaders the National DDRR Program; the settlement of any indemnities owed to the representatives of the CCS. This will help achieve better coordination between the United Nations, the politico-military movements and the other international institutions on DDRR, contribute to implementing the country’s other reconstruction programs, and facilitate the role of the National Assembly in managing the process;
[...]
- To working to build momentum for the reconciliation process throughout the country, in collaboration with all legitimate political institutions, traditional and religious authorities, and with the support of the international community.
[...]
On matters of justice and reparation, this Agreement, taking into account:
- recommendations of the Bangui Forum on the subject,
- the work of the International Penal Court and the Special Penal Court,
- the right of pardon of the President of the Republic, establishes a “Truth, Justice and Reconciliation” Commission, with a 12-month mandate, which, after having acquired all possible documentation on the matter and before any hearings it deems useful, will produce recommendations on the following matters to be submitted to the President of the Republic and to the National Assembly:
- The traditional approach towards pardoning cases,
- The reinsertion of leaders and executives belonging to politico-military groups,
- The release of captured combatants,
- The adoption of laws on national reconciliation, as signs of calm and stability

Page 4:
Crisis Exit
We thank the Community of Haiti for its support towards our national reconciliation and ask it to
continue its work of mediation, dialogue and monitoring of the implementation of this Agreement.

Implementation

**UN signatory**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Position/Role</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PARFAIT ONANGA-ANYANGA</td>
<td>Representant Special du Secretaire General des Nations Unies en Centrafrique et chef de la Minusca</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MARIO GIRO</td>
<td>Vice-Ministre des Affaires Etrangeres de l'Italie</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TIMOLEAN BAIKOUA</td>
<td>Vice-President de l'Assemblee Nationale</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BERTIN BEA</td>
<td>Secretaire General du KNK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANICET DOLOGUELE</td>
<td>President de l'URCA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FERDINAND ALEXANDRE NGUENDET</td>
<td>President du RPR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MARTIN ZIGUELE</td>
<td>President du MLPC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GODEFROY MOKAMANEDE</td>
<td>Representant du Cardinal Nzapalainga</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IBRAHIM HASSAN FREDE</td>
<td>Charge de Communication des Organisations Musulmanes de Centrafrique (COMUC)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Other international signatory**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Position/Role</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PARFAIT ONANGA-ANYANGA</td>
<td>Representant Special du Secretaire General des Nations Unies en Centrafrique et chef de la Minusca</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MARIO GIRO</td>
<td>Vice-Ministre des Affaires Etrangeres de l'Italie</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TIMOLEAN BAIKOUA</td>
<td>Vice-President de l'Assemblee Nationale</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BERTIN BEA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Secrétaire Général du KNK

ANICET DOLOGUELE
President de l’URCA

FERDINAND ALEXANDRE NGUENDET
President du RPR

MARTIN ZIGUELE
President du MLPC

GODEFROY MOKAMANEDE
Représentant du Cardinal Nzapalainga

IBRAHIM HASSAN FREDE
Charge de Communication des Organisations Musulmanes de Centrafrique (COMUC)

Referendum for agreement

No specific mention.

International mission/force/similar

Page 2:
We commit ourselves:
1. Politically:
   - To the immediate establishment of a cease-fire by all politico-military groups throughout the entirety of the national territory, under the control of the international community, as a fundamental step on the road to peace;
   - The government is responsible for obtaining the following: representation from political groups at all levels related to DDRR, Security Sector Reform and National Reconciliation; the assumption of responsibility of the leaders the National DDRR Program; the settlement of any indemnities owed to the representatives of the CCS. This will help achieve better coordination between the United Nations, the politico-military movements and the other international institutions on DDRR, contribute to implementing the country’s other reconstruction programs, and facilitate the role of the National Assembly in managing the process;
   [...]  
   - To working to build momentum for the reconciliation process throughout the country, in collaboration with all legitimate political institutions, traditional and religious authorities, and with the support of the international community.

Page 4:
Crisis Exit
The timeline of this Agreement will be established by a Joint Follow-up Committee for the implementation of all the above-mentioned points, whose members will be chosen by consensus, with the participation of the Sant’Egidio Community.

[...]  
We thank the international community for its support towards the Central African Republic, as well as its presence in Rome with observers. We ask them to support the above measures through already existing or new programs.
We also call on the African Union, which has constantly been working for the stabilization of the Central African Republic, to support us at all levels in the implementation of this agreement and in the
pacification of the country.

We thank the Community of Haiti for its support towards our national reconciliation and ask it to continue its work of mediation, dialogue and monitoring of the implementation of this Agreement.

**Enforcement mechanism**

Page 4:

Crisis Exit

The timeline of this Agreement will be established by a Joint Follow-up Committee for the implementation of all the above-mentioned points, whose members will be chosen by consensus, with the participation of the Sant'Egidio Community.

[...]

We thank the international community for its support towards the Central African Republic, as well as its presence in Rome with observers. We ask them to support the above measures through already existing or new programs.

We also call on the African Union, which has constantly been working for the stabilization of the Central African Republic, to support us at all levels in the implementation of this agreement and in the pacification of the country.

We thank the Community of Haiti for its support towards our national reconciliation and ask it to continue its work of mediation, dialogue and monitoring of the implementation of this Agreement.