| Country/entity | Chad  
| Libya  |
| Region | Cross-regional  |
| Agreement name | Agreement between the Great Socialist People's Libyan Arab Jamahiriya and the Rep of Chad concerning the practical modalities for the implementation of the Judgment delivered by the International Court of Justice on 3 February 1994  |
| Date | 04/04/1994  |
| Agreement status | Multiparty signed/agreed  |
| Interim arrangement | No  |
| Stage | Implementation/renegotiation (Implementation modalities)  |
| Conflict nature | Territory  |
| Peace process | 23: Chad-Libya border peace process  |
| Parties | Great Socialist People's Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, signed for by Mohamed Mahmud AL HIJAZI; Republic of Chad, signed for by Abderrahman Izzo MISKINE  |
| Third parties | Page 3, Article 8. The two Parties undertake to notify the United Nations of this Agreement  |
| Description | Provided for the withdrawal of Libya from Aouzou, supervised by a joint team, and observed by the UN. Provided for mine disposal, future delimitation of borders, and work towards strengthening bilateral relations. Sets out implementation modalities and timeframe for Libyan withdrawal from Aouzou Strip  |
| Agreement document | [LY_TD_940404_AgreementConcerningModalitiesforImplementationofICJ.pdf](LY_TD_940404_AgreementConcerningModalitiesforImplementationofICJ.pdf)  |

### Groups

| Children/youth | No specific mention.  |
| Disabled persons | No specific mention.  |
| Elderly/age | No specific mention.  |
| Migrant workers | No specific mention.  |
| Racial/ethnic/national group | No specific mention.  |
| Religious groups | No specific mention.  |
| Indigenous people | No specific mention.  |
| Other groups | No specific mention.  |
| Refugees/displaced | No specific mention.  |
persons

Social class  No specific mention.

Gender

Women, girls and gender  No specific mention.
Men and boys  No specific mention.
LGBTI  No specific mention.
Family  No specific mention.

State definition

State definition  Border delimitation
Page 3, Article 6. The two Parties have agreed to establish a joint team of experts from the two countries to undertake the delimitation of the common frontier between the two countries in accordance with the Judgment of the International Court of Justice delivered on 3 February 1994.

Cross-border provision
Page 3, Article 3. The two Parties have agreed that the crossing points for persons and property shall be as follows:
- On the Chadian side, Ounianga and Zouar
- On the Libyan side, Koufra and Al Wigh
until such time as joint gateway points are established on the frontier between the two countries within the framework of bilateral relations.

Governance

Political institutions (new or reformed)  No specific mention.
Constitution's affirmation/renewal  No specific mention.
Constitutional reform/making  No specific mention.
Elections  No specific mention.
Electoral commission  No specific mention.
Power sharing

Political power sharing 
No specific mention.

Territorial power sharing 
No specific mention.

Economic power sharing 
No specific mention.

Military power sharing 
Merger of forces
Page 3, Article 4. The two countries have agreed to study the question of establishing joint patrols to monitor the extensive frontier between the two countries, within the framework of bilateral relations.

Joint command structures
Page 2, Article 1. The two Parties have agreed that operations for the withdrawal of the Libyan administration and forces shall commence on 15 April 1994, under the supervision of a mixed team composed of 25 Libyan officers and 25 Chadian officers and based at the Aouzou administrative post. The withdrawal operations shall end on 30 May 1994 at 0000 hours. The official ceremony for the hand-over of the territory shall be held on 30 May 1994 at the Aouzou administrative post.

Proportionality
Page 2, Article 2. The two Parties have agreed as follows:
(a) To establish a joint team of 40 (forty) experts in mine disposal, composed of 20 (twenty) men from each side. The size of the team may be increased should the volume of work so require. This team shall begin work on 15 April 1994.

Human rights and equality

Human rights/RoL 
No specific mention.

Equality 
No specific mention.

Democracy 
No specific mention.

Protection measures 
No specific mention.

Human rights framework 
No specific mention.

Civil and political rights 
No specific mention.

Socio-economic rights 
No specific mention.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Specific Mention</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NHRI</td>
<td>No specific mention.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Regional or international human rights institutions</td>
<td>No specific mention.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mobility/access</td>
<td>No specific mention.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Detention procedures</td>
<td>No specific mention.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Media and communication</td>
<td>No specific mention.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Citizenship</td>
<td>No specific mention.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Justice sector reform

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Specific Mention</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Criminal justice and emergency law</td>
<td>No specific mention.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State of emergency provisions</td>
<td>No specific mention.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Judiciary and courts</td>
<td>No specific mention.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prisons and detention</td>
<td>No specific mention.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Traditional Laws</td>
<td>No specific mention.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Socio-economic reconstruction

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Specific Mention</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Development or socio-economic reconstruction</td>
<td>No specific mention.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National economic plan</td>
<td>No specific mention.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Natural resources</td>
<td>No specific mention.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>International funds</td>
<td>No specific mention.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Business</td>
<td>No specific mention.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taxation</td>
<td>No specific mention.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Banks</td>
<td>No specific mention.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Land, property and environment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Specific Mention</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Land reform/rights</td>
<td>No specific mention.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Security sector

**Security Guarantees**

- No specific mention.

**Ceasefire**

- No specific mention.

**Police**

- No specific mention.

**Armed forces**

- No specific mention.

**DDR**

Demilitarisation provisions

> Page 2, Article 2. The two Parties have agreed as follows:
> (a) To establish a joint team of 40 (forty) experts in mine disposal, composed of 20 (twenty) men from each side. The size of the team may be increased should the volume of work so require. This team shall begin work on 15 April 1994.
> (b) The mine disposal operations shall be focused on the main roads leading to the Aouzou administrative post and the areas around the wells and shall be completed within the term set for the withdrawal.
> (c) The main roads on which mine disposal and clearance is to be carried out shall be the following:
>   - Aouzou - Moska - Omchi - Yebbi Bou
>   - Aouzou - Treni - Bardai
>   - the caravan route leading to the Ermi wells
> (d)(i) The mine disposal operations shall continue until 30 May 1994, with a view to the complete removal of mines, the neutralization of hazardous objects and mechanisms and the disinfection of wells.
> (ii) In the other regions, the terms and modalities of these operations shall be defined within the framework of bilateral cooperation.

**Intelligence services**

- No specific mention.

**Parastatal/rebel and opposition group forces**

- Page 3, Article 5. With a view to ensuring their joint security, the two Parties shall refrain from encouraging or providing any support whatsoever from their territories to groups hostile to either of the Parties.

**Withdrawal of foreign forces**

- Page 2, Article 1. The two Parties have agreed that operations for the withdrawal of the Libyan administration and forces shall commence on 15 April 1994, under the supervision of a mixed team composed of 25 Libyan officers and 25 Chadian officers and based at the Aouzou administrative post. The withdrawal operations shall end on 30 May 1994 at 0000 hours. The official ceremony for the
hand-over of the territory shall be held on 30 May 1994 at the Aouzou administrative post.

### Corruption
- No specific mention.

### Crime/organised crime
- No specific mention.

### Drugs
- No specific mention.

### Terrorism
- No specific mention.

### Transitional justice

- **Transitional justice**
  - No specific mention.

- **general**
  - No specific mention.

- **Amnesty/pardon**
  - No specific mention.

- **Courts**
  - No specific mention.

- **Mechanism**
  - No specific mention.

- **Prisoner release**
  - No specific mention.

- **Vetting**
  - No specific mention.

- **Victims**
  - No specific mention.

- **Missing persons**
  - No specific mention.

- **Reparations**
  - No specific mention.

- **Reconciliation**
  - No specific mention.

### Implementation

- **UN signatory**
  - No specific mention.

- **Other international signatory**
  - No specific mention.

- **Referendum for agreement**
  - No specific mention.

- **International mission/force/similar**
  - Page 2, Article 1, United Nations observers shall be present during all the Libyan withdrawal operations and shall establish that the withdrawal is actually effected.

- **Enforcement mechanism**
  - Article 7 establishes Higher Joint Commission to pursue the strengthening of bilateral relations.
(membership, powers and functions unclear)