

SHARED AGENDA FOR THE TRANSITION TOWARD A NEW COLOMBIA

La Machaca, 6 May 1999

1. Negotiated political solution: a negotiated political solution will be sought to the severe social and armed conflict. The solution will lead to a new Colombia via political, economic and social transformations that will make it possible to reach consensus to build a new state founded on social justice and to preserve national unity. Peace results will occur in line with the progress of the negotiations.
This means a commitment to the construction of peace, which must be accepted by all Colombians, without distinguishing between parties, and economic, social and religious interests.
2. Protection of human rights as a state responsibility.
 - 2.1. Fundamental rights.
 - 2.2. Economic rights.
 - 2.3. International treaties on human rights.
3. Integrated agrarian policy.
 - 3.1. The democratisation of credit, technical assistance and trade.
 - 3.2. The redistribution of unproductive land.
 - 3.3. Recovery and distribution of land acquired through drug trafficking and illicit wealth.
 - 3.4. Stimuli for production.
 - 3.5. Integrated territorial laws.
 - 3.6. Substitution of illicit crops and alternative development.
4. Exploitation and conservation of natural resources.
 - 4.1. Natural resources and their distribution.
 - 4.2. International treaties.
 - 4.3. Protection of the environment based on sustainable development.

5. Economic and social structure.
 - 5.1. Revising the economic development model.
 - 5.2. Income redistribution policies.
 - 5.3. Expanding internal and external markets.
 - 5.4. Stimulating production via small, medium and large private enterprise.
 - 5.5. Support for the solidarity and cooperative economy.
 - 5.6. Stimulating foreign investment that benefits the country.
 - 5.7. Social participation in planning.
 - 5.8. Investments in social well-being, education and scientific investigation.
6. Reforms to the justice system, the fight against corruption and drug trafficking.
 - 6.1. Legal system.
 - 6.2. Control bodies.
 - 6.3. Instruments for the fight against corruption.
 - 6.4. Drug trafficking.
7. Political reform to expand democracy.
 - 7.1. Reforms to political parties and movements.
 - 7.2. Electoral reforms.
 - 7.3. Opposition guarantees.
 - 7.4. Minority guarantees.
 - 7.5. Citizen participation mechanisms.
8. State reforms.
 - 8.1. Congress reforms.
 - 8.2. Administrative reform to improve the efficiency of public administration.
 - 8.3. Decentralisation and the strengthening of local power.
 - 8.4. Public services.
 - 8.5. Strategic sectors.
9. Agreements on international humanitarian law.

- 9.1. Removing children from the armed conflict.
- 9.2. Antipersonnel mines.
- 9.3. Respect for the civilian population.
- 9.4. Validity of international regulations.

10. Military forces.

- 10.1. Defence of sovereignty.
- 10.2. Protection of human rights.
- 10.3. Combating self-defence groups.
- 10.4. International treaties.

11. International relations.

- 11.1. Respect for free self-determination and non-intervention.
- 11.2. Regional integration in Latin America.
- 11.3. External debt.
- 11.4. International state treaties and agreements.

12. Formalisation of agreements.

- 12.1. Democratic instruments to legitimise the agreements.

Signed

For the national government:

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For FARC:

- RAÚL REYES

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