

<b>Country/entity</b>	Sri Lanka
<b>Region</b>	Asia and Pacific
<b>Agreement name</b>	Tokyo Declaration on Reconstruction and Development of Sri Lanka
<b>Date</b>	10/06/2003
<b>Agreement status</b>	Multiparty signed/agreed
<b>Agreement/conflict level</b>	Interstate/intrastate conflict(s) ( Sri Lankan Civil War (1983 - 2009) )
<b>Stage</b>	Implementation/renegotiation (Other: Commitment of donor community to peace process and development and reconstruction)
<b>Conflict nature</b>	Government/territory
<b>Peace process</b>	114: Sri Lanka LTTE 2002 onward process
<b>Parties</b>	Government of Sri Lanka.
<b>Third parties</b>	Opening statements by: Prime Minister of Japan, Mr. Junichiro Koizumi; Prime Minister of Sri Lanka, Mr. Ranil Wickremesinghe  Conference co-chairs: Minister for Foreign Affairs of Japan, Ms. Yoriko Kawaguchi; State Secretary, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Norway, Mr. Olav Kjoerven; Deputy Secretary of State of the United States, Mr. Richard L. Armitage; Mr. Ioannis Theophanopoulos, representing the Presidency of the European Union; Mr. Bernhard Zepfer, representing the European Commission  Other representatives: Governor of the Central Bank of Sri Lanka, Mr. A.S. Jayawardena;  List of representatives from 51 countries and 22 international organizations: Commonwealth of Australia Republic of Austria People's Republic of Bangladesh Kingdom of Belgium Federative Republic of Brazil Brunei Darussalam Kingdom of Cambodia Canada People's Republic of China Kingdom of Denmark Arab Republic of Egypt Republic of Finland French Republic Federal Republic of Germany Hellenic Greece State of the City of Vatican Republic of Iceland India Republic of Indonesia Islamic Republic of Iran

Ireland  
State of Israel  
Republic of Italy  
Japan  
Republic of Korea  
State of Kuwait  
Lao People's Democratic Republic  
Grand Duchy of Luxembourg  
Malaysia  
Kingdom of Nepal  
Kingdom of the Netherlands  
New Zealand  
Kingdom of Norway  
Sultanate of Oman  
Islamic Republic of Pakistan  
Republic of the Philippines  
Portuguese Republic  
Russian Federation  
Kingdom of Saudi Arabia  
Republic of Singapore  
Republic of South Africa  
Spain  
Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka  
Kingdom of Sweden  
Swiss Confederation  
Kingdom of Thailand  
Ukraine  
United Arab Emirates  
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland  
United States of America  
Socialist Republic of Viet Nam

European Commission  
Asian Development Bank  
Asian Productivity Organization  
Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations  
International Committee of the Red Cross  
International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies  
International Fund for Agricultural Development  
International Labor Organization  
International Monetary Fund  
International Organization for Migration  
Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency  
United Nations Secretariat  
United Nations Human Settlement Programme

United Nations Development Programme  
United Nations Population Fund  
United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees  
United Nations Children's Fund  
United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization  
United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime  
United Nations World Food Programme  
World Health Organization  
World Bank

**Description** Summary of the Hakone Conference in Japan, which was attended by the GOSL, but not the LTTE. The objective of the conference was to take note of the economic challenges of Sri Lanka; provide the international community with an opportunity to demonstrate its strong and unified commitment to the reconstruction and development of Sri Lanka; to promote the peace process; note the importance of humanitarian assistance; fund-raise to accomplish the aforementioned tasks; and emphasize the importance of developing the north east region and praise the "regain Sri Lanka" economic plan.

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**Agreement document** [LK\\_030610\\_Tokyo Declaration on Reconstruction and Development of Sri Lanka.pdf](#) []

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**Main category** Page 4-5, Linkage between Donor Support and Progress in the Peace Process  
18. Assistance by the donor community must be closely linked to substantial and parallel progress in the peace process towards fulfilment of the objectives agreed upon by the parties in Oslo. The Conference encourages the Government of Sri Lanka and the LTTE to enter into discussions as early as possible on a provisional administrative structure to manage the reconstruction and development aspects of the transition process. The process would need the expeditious development of a roadmap with clear milestones indicating the path towards a mutually acceptable final political solution. With this in view, the international community intends to review and monitor the progress of the peace process closely, with particular reference to objectives and milestones including:  
... g. Effective inclusion of gender equity and equality in the peace building, the conflict transformation and the reconstruction process, emphasizing an equitable representation of women in political fora and at other decision-making levels.

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## Women, girls and gender

**Participation** [Effective participation](#)  
Page 4-5, Linkage between Donor Support and Progress in the Peace Process  
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**Equality**    [Equality \(general\)](#)

Page 4-5, Linkage between Donor Support and Progress in the Peace Process

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... g. Effective inclusion of gender equity and equality in the peace building, the conflict transformation and the reconstruction process, emphasizing an equitable representation of women in political fora and at other decision-making levels.

**Particular groups of women**    No specific mention.

**International law**    No specific mention.

**New institutions**    No specific mention.

**Violence against women**    No specific mention.

**Transitional justice**    No specific mention.

**Institutional reform**    No specific mention.

**Development**    No specific mention.

**Implementation**    No specific mention.

**Other**    No specific mention.