

Country/entity	Somalia
Region	Africa (excl MENA)
Agreement name	Protocol Establishing the Somali National Constituent Assembly
Date	22/06/2012
Agreement status	Multiparty signed/agreed
Agreement/conflict level	Intrastate/intrastate conflict (Somali Civil War (1991 -))
Stage	Implementation/renegotiation (Implementation modalities)
Conflict nature	Government/territory
Peace process	87: Somalia Peace Process
Parties	President Sheikh Sharif Sheikh Ahmed of the Transitional Federal Government of Somalia; Honourable Sharif Hassan Sheikh Aden, Speaker of the Transitional Federal Parliament; Prime Minister Abdiweli Mohamed Ali; President Abdirahman Mohamed Mohamoud 'Farole' of Puntland; President Mohamed Ahmed Alin of Galmudug; and, representatives of Ahlu Sunna Wal Jama'a.
Third parties	The meeting was facilitated by the United Nations under the auspices of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General for Somalia, Ambassador Augustine P. Mahiga.
Description	Agreement to establish the Somali National Constituent Assembly, defining the terms of its composition, mandate and operation, in accordance with previous agreements.

Agreement document [SO_120622_ProtocolConstituentAssembly.pdf](#) []

Main category Page 3, ARTICLE 4, National Constituent Assembly Members, 1. The National Constituent Assembly shall comprise 825 delegates of whom at least 30% must be women.
 ...
 3. Collectively, the National Constituent Assembly must generally reflect the composition of Somali society, including youth and women, religious scholars and traditional elders (except those involved in selecting the NCA), business people, professionals, scholars, and the Diaspora.

Women, girls and gender

Participation	<p>Gender quotas</p> <p>Page 3, ARTICLE 4, National Constituent Assembly Members, 1. The National Constituent Assembly shall comprise 825 delegates of whom at least 30% must be women.</p> <p>Effective participation</p> <p>Page 3, ARTICLE 4, National Constituent Assembly Members, 3. Collectively, the National Constituent Assembly must generally reflect the composition of Somali society, including youth and women, religious scholars and traditional elders (except those involved in selecting the NCA), business people, professionals, scholars, and the Diaspora.</p>
Equality	No specific mention.
Particular groups of women	No specific mention.
International law	No specific mention.

New institutions	No specific mention.
Violence against women	No specific mention.
Transitional justice	No specific mention.
Institutional reform	No specific mention.
Development	No specific mention.
Implementation	No specific mention.
Other	No specific mention.